# FORM C&G\$-504

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey	shorelin <b>e</b>				
Field No	Office No. <b>T-10733</b>				
	LOCALITY				
State	ALASKA				
	KUIU ISLAND - SUMNER STRAIT				
Locality PORT MCARTHUR					
	19.55				
J. E. Waugh	CHIEF OF PARTY , Chief of Field Party				
W. E. Randall, Baltimore Photo Office Alfred C. Holmes, Director A. M. C.					
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES					
DATE					

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

T - 10733

SJECT NO. (II):					
PH-5702					
FIELD OFFICE (II):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		CHIEF OF PARTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SHIP HODGSON		Ì	J. E. W	augh	
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE (III):			OFFICER-IN-CHA	RGE	
Baltimore, Mary	yland		W. E. R	andall .	
INSTRUCTIONS DATED (II) (III):		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	· ·	
October 29, 199 November 27, 19 November 20, 19 September 11,	77 Project Diag 957 22/MEK, S-2- 957 Office 1959 Office	gram -HO			
•					
,					
METHOD OF COMPILATION (III): Graphic				•	
	<u> </u>				
MANUSCRIPT SCALE (III):		STEREOSCO	PIC PLOTTING INS	TRUMENT SCA	LE (III):
1:10,000					
TE RECEIVED IN WASHINGTON OFF	ICE (IV):	DATE REPO	RTED TO NAUTICA	L CHART BRA	NCH (IV):
(Field) 10-28-5	58				
APPLIED TO CHART NO.	<u> </u>	DATE:	·	DATE REGIS	rered (IV):
	ı		!		
GEOGRAPHIC DATUM (III):		<del>'</del>	VERTICAL DATU	м (пп): М. Н	. W.
N. A. 1927	•		MEAN SEA LEVE		
			Elevations shown Elevations shown		
•			i.e., mean low wat	_	
REFERENCE STATION (III):				<del></del>	
NORTH	1936				· -
LAT.:	LONG.:		ADJUSTED		<del> </del>
56° 04' 01.591" (49.2 m)	134° 05' 51.479 <b>"</b> (	(890.7 m)	UNADJUSTED		
PLANE COORDINATES (IV):			STATE		ZONE
v= 6,213,701.86 m.	x= 556,182.27 m.		Alaska		UTM 8
MAN NUMERALS INDICATE WHETHER OR (IV) WASHINGTON OFFICE.	R THE ITEM IS TO BE ENTER	RED BY (11) FI	ELD PARTY, (III)	PHO TO GRAMME	TRIC OFFICE.

WHEN ENTERING NAMES OF PERSONNEL ON THIS RECORD GIVE THE SURNAME AND INITIALS, NOT INITIALS ONLY.

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

T=10733

FIELD INSPECTION BY (II):  *G. L. Short, H,	H, Druebert, R. D. Bernard, R. E. Alderman	April-May 1958 SeptOct 1958
MEAN HIGH WATER LOCATION (III) (S	STATE DATE AND METHOD OF LOCATION):	· <del></del>
Office internre	tation of 1055 and 1058 shotos	
Office turethte	tation of 1955 and 1958 photos.	
CONTRACTOR AND COIDS DIVIED BY	Ziril -	DATE
PROJECTION AND GRIDS RULED BY		1
	P. Dempsey	10-26-59
PROJECTION AND GRIDS CHECKED &	ey (IV):	DATE
	R. D. Shoup	10-28-59
CONTROL PLOTTED BY (III):		DATE
OVERTICAL PROPERTY OF THE PROP	B. Wilson	11-13-59
	D* 427001	1/-//
CONTROL CHECKED BY (III):		DATE
CONTROL CHECKED D. MIN.	H. R. Rudolph	11-18-59
	its are around appear	11.10.77
RADIAL PLOT OR STEREOSCOPIC CO	ONTROL EXTENSION BY (III):	DATE
	L. A. Senasack	6-10-60
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT COMPI	LATION (III): PLANIMETRY	DATE
	CONTOURS	DATE
MANUSCRIPT DELINEATED BY (III):		DATE
MANUSCRIF! DELINERIED DI	J. Y. Councill	7-31-61
	0, 1, 00dd0111	<u> </u>
SCRIBING BY (III):		DATE
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW	w BY (III):	DATE
		<u> </u>
REMARKS:	on in the immediate vicinity of control sta	. 4. 4

\*Field inspection in the immediate vicinity of control stations only.

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD T-10733

3

CAMERA (KIND OR SOURCE) (III):

Wild RC-8 "W"

		FHOI	OGRAPHS (III)				
NUMBER	DATE		TIME	SCALE	ST	AGE OF T	DE
55 W 9380 thru 9383 55 W 9403 " 9405	21 Sept 21 Sept	1955 1955	13:55 14:07	1:25,000		. above	
·							
			TIDE (III)	(Predicted)	<u> </u>		diurna
					RATIO OF RANGES	MEAN RANGE	KPR NG RANGE
REFERENCE STATION:	KA, ALASKA	<del>,</del> 50				7.7	9.9
subordinate station:	t McArthur	•				8.4	10,6
SORDINATE STATION:				,			
Atlantic Marine Center			C, H. Bis	hop	DATE:	2 Feb 1	972
PROOF EDIT BY (IV):					DATE:		
NUMBER OF TRIANGULATION STA	TIONS SEARCHE	D FOR (	ıı <sup>1</sup> : 5	RECOVERED:	IDENTIFIE	D: 2	
NUMBER OF BM(S) SEARCHED FOR	R (III) :		None	RECOVERED:	IDENTIFIE	D.	
NUMBER OF RECOVERABLE PHOT	O STATIONS ES	TABLISH	ED (((f)):				
			BLISHED (III):				

T-10733

COMPILATION RECORD	COMPLETION DATE	REMARKS
Shoreline compiled	July 1961	
Final review	Feb. 1972	. :
y# 300		·

•	the second of	SHORELI	NE	MAPPING	PROJECT
	Se oggo of the		Ph	-5702	
	The state of the s		KUI	NATION ( U ISLAND ALASKA	
•		of is	Officia	1 Mileage For C	Ost Accounts -
	KUIU J	\$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	Sheet No.	Area Sq. Mi.	Lin. Mi. Shoreline
CHATHAM STRAIT	134°20'00" 10703 18 04 18 795 10706 1070 10716 10717 10773 10713 10714 1071 10716 10717 10773 10719 10720 1072 10722 10723 10723 10724 10735 10734 10735 1032 10737 10889 10676 10677 10678 10679 10680 10631 10682 50 48 45"		10676 10678 10678 10678 10680 10680 10706 10706 10706 10707 10718 10718 10718 10718 10718 10728 10728 10728 10738	863162069442151425149389424181306500934161	1.70576509674087986516.1555627355965032475868 1.76172121279367 986516101555627355965032475668

#### SUMMARY

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT T-10733

This shoreline manuscript, scale 1:10,000, is one of 45 maps that were planned for Project PH-5702, which includes the south half of Kuiu Island, Spanish Islands, and Coronation Island, in Southeast Alaska. Only 33 maps were compiled. T-10733 is on the west side of Affleck Canal and includes Port McArthur.

Compilation was by radial plot. A 1:20,000 scale plot was constructed, using 1:20,000 scale 9-lens photography of 1958, to verify identified control and to establish pass points to control a 1:10,000 plot using 1:10,000 scale ratio prints of single-lens photographs taken in September 1955. The 1:10,000 plot was constructed directly on the map manuscripts. In general, control was adequate for laying the plots. See Photogrammetric Plot Report, Scale 1:20,000, dated 9 June 1960 and Photogrammetric Plot Report, Scale 1:10,000, dated 10 June 1960.

There was no field edit of this map. Classification is INCOMPLETE.

Final review was done at the Atlantic Marine Center in February 1972.

The compilation manuscript was a vinylite sheet 3 minutes 45 seconds in latitude by 5 minutes in longitude.

A cronaflex copy of the final reviewed manuscript and a negative have been forwarded for record and registry.

# FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

FOR

# AFFLECK CANAL

MANUSCRIPT NOS. T-10719 T-10729
T-10724 T-10733
T-10725 T-10737
T-10728

#### AREAL FIELD INSPECTION

The area covered by this report includes the western and north-east sides of the Affleck Canal. Port McArthur, Table Bay, and Bear Harbor on the western side of the Affleck Canal are also included in the field inspection.

The field inspection was confined to the areas in the immediate vicinity of the control stations.

The shoreline in this area is very irregular, with many indentations, small wooded islets, and off-lying rocks. The foreshore generally consists of rock ledges, however, there are also some gravel strewn and sand beaches. The area is covered with a dense growth of conifers which usually extend inland from the HWL.

The rock outcroppings in this area are in general metamorphic limestone.

Densities and tones were not inspected on the land areas. In the water areas, it was confined to the immediate area of the control stations.

Photographic coverage consisted of single lens aerial photographs at a scale of 1:25,000. The centact prints were furnished for field use. The definition on the prints was generally good, however, identification was difficult in some areas due to shadows caused by trees and terrain. The compilor may have difficulty in interpreting the MHWL in some areas due to overhanging trees and shadows.

# 3. HORIZONTAL CONTROL

All horizontal control stations for this area as indicated on the project diagram were searched for with the exception of the following:

Mt. MCARTHUR 1922	STUD 1937	BEAN 1922
S001 1937	HOW 1936	CAN 1936
OPEH 1937 •	HIND 1936	DEAN 1937
VINE 1937	LUTH 1937	SHOT 1937
RELL 1936	MILL 1937	TIME 1937

These stations were not needed for compilation and were impracticable to recover due to a limited amount of time and existing weather conditions. Recovery notes were submitted on form 526 for all stations searched for.

All control stations in the area were positively identified.

Station COR 1936 was searched for but not recovered. The station has not been recommended as lost since the search was not extensive.

LEMON POINT ROCK EEACON has been replaced by LEMON POINT ROCK LIGHT. The latter was located by less than 3rd order methods.

# 4. VERTICAL CONTROL

Inapplicable

# 5. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours - Inapplicable.

There are no important streams in the area inspected. There is some drainage with definite channels defined in the photographs.

# 6. WOODLAND COVER

The area is heavily wooded with conifers, mostly spruce with some cedar. The trees extend inland from the HWL.

#### 7. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE FEATURES

The shoreline and alongshore features were inspected only in the area of the control stations and then only where skiff landings were made. No other inspection of the area was requested. The area will be field edited at the time of hydrography.

The only cultural feature in the area is an abandoned trapper's cabin located on the south shore of Port McArthur, approximate Latitude 56° 0312, Longitude 134° 0710. The cabin is not identifiable on any of the photographs.

#### 8. OFFSHORE FEATURES

The offshore features were inspected only incident to the identification of the control stations. The area will be field edited at the time of hydrography.

# 9. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

There is one fixed aid to navigation in the area. It is: LEMON POINT ROCK LIGHT (1958 Light List No. 2471). Computations for location of this light are attached.

One floating aid to navigation should be located at the time of hydrography. It is: PORT MCARTHUR ENTRANCE BUOY 1.

10. BOUNDARIES, ETC.

Inapplicable.

11. OTHER CONTROL

None

12. OTHER INTERIOR FEATURES Inapplicable.

13. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Will be covered in a special report.

14. SPECIAL REPORT AND DATA

TITLE 1. Photogrammetric Field data DISPOSITION Washington Office with this report

15-20 NOT USED

Herman H. Druebert

LT JG, C&GS

Approved and Forwarded

E. Waugh

COR, C&GS

ć. O., Hodgson

PHOTOGRAMMETRIC PLOT REPORT

Project Ph-5702 Scale 1:20,000

Surveys T-10706 thru T-10709

T-10713 T-10715

T-10718 " T-10721

T-10724 " T-10731

T-10733 " T-10735

T-10737

T-10888 and T-10889

# PURFOSE:

This radial plot was made using 1:20,000 nine-lens photographs. These wide coverage photographs were used to verify identified control and establish positions for pass points for use in controling photogrammetric plut using 1:10,000 scale single-lens photographs. See item No. 6 (Methods) of instructions dated 11 September 1959.

# 21. AREA COVERED

This radial plot covers the area of the surveys listed above. They are shoreline surveys along the west shore of Sumner Strait, embracing the areas known as Alvin Pay, Reid Bay, Port Beauclerc, Louise Cove, Bear Harbor, Kell Bay, Affleck Canal and Port McArthur.

# METHOD - RADIAL PLOT

Base sheets with two thousand (2,000) meter grids in black ink, were furnished by the Washington Office.

The Coordinatograph was used to plot the control stations and substitute stations.

A sketch showing the layout of the surveys, distribution of control and photograph centers is attached to this report.

Photographs:

Thirty-six (36) nine-lens, unmounted photographs at a scale of 1:20,000 were used in this plot, numbered as follows:

57480 through 57485

57499 57506

Templets:

Vinylite templets were made using the master templet to correct for film and paper distortion, and chamber displacement.

Closure and Adjustment to Control:

This plot was laid in two parts, southern half and a northern half with the dividing line the area between surveys T-1072h through T-10727 common with both plots. Construction started with photograph 57532 and extended north to 57538. The plot was then extended eastward to the project limits, incorporating the flights 57522 through 57527 and 57499 through 57502.

The second part was an extension of the first part northward to the project limits.

Transfer of Points:

The pass points and photograph centers were pricked on the top templet and then drilled down through the templets and base sheets. Later the coordinatograph was used to scale the grid position of the pass points for transfer to the 1:10,000 map manuscripts.

# 23. ADEQUACY OF CONTROL

The density and distribution of control was adequate for all surveys in this radial plot.

See item 23 in the single-lens plot report, dated 10 June 1960, covering the same surveys as this plot.

# 24. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

None.

# 25. PHOTOGRAPHY

The definition of the photographs was good. Due to the difference in time, tide and tone quality between the nine-lens and single lens photographs great difficulty was encountered in trying to prick the identified control on the nine-lens photographs. Great care had to be taken in trying to find a common pass point near the shoreline, one that would leave no doubt that it was the same as the point on the single-lens photographs.

Respectfully submitted 9 June 1960

Luny A. Jewasack

Leroy A. Senasack (Carto. (Photo.)

```
AGO, 1954
CON, 1927
HOW, 1954
  345
        GAL, 1954
        DELHI, 1915
  6
        BIB, 1954
        REEF 2, 1915
  7
  8
        FOX, 1929
  9
        NER, 1929
 10
        THAT, 1927
        BAY, 1929
 11
        FAG, 1929
RUT, 1929
PAR, 1929
DAL, 1929
 12
 13
 14
 15
 16
        UP, 1929
*17
        TWIN, 1926
*18
        BARE, 1926
        ARM, 1926
MID, 1926
*19
*20
        ROCK, 1926
*21
        WON, 1925
GO 2, 1958
*22
*23
*24
        TRI, 1926
 25
        LAST, 1926
 26
        ROSE, 1937
 27
        POM, 1929
        TURN, 1929
 28
 29
        BOULDER, 1915
 30
        TRUS, 1937
 31
        EDNA, 1937
        WEAK, 1937
 32
 33
        FLOR, 1937
 34
        GOOD, 1937
 35
        PEGG, 1937
 36
        GENE, 1937
       CORK, 1937
WESS, 1937
 37
 38
       MON, 1929
 39
40
        SUN, 1929.
41
        BEAUCLERC 2 (LIGHT), 1922
42
        BEAR, 1936
43
        BITE, 1936
44
       ALECK, 1936
45
        BUDD, 1937
                            * On nine-lens photographs only.
```

```
46
       HOME, 1937
PEN, 1936
47
       ENTER, 1936
48
49
       HIND, 1936
50
       ADEN, 1937.
51
52
       SOW, 1929
PIN, 1915
53
54
       RUTH, 1937
       VICK, 1937
HOPE, 1936
56
57
58
59
60
       BUSH, 1936
       DUB, 1936
MILT, 1937
       MACK, 1937
       HOLM, 1937
61
       CLEVE, 1886-1922
62
       ARTHUR, 1936
63
       LEMON, 1936
NORTH, 1936
64
       LEMON POINT ROCK LIGHT, 1958
65
       STAR, 1936
66
67
       AFFLECK, 1936
68
       JUNE, 1937
       BETS, 1937
69
70
       ALBANS, 1886
       MAC, 1899
MAC, 1936
71
72
       SHORE, 1923
73
74
       MIDDY, 1936
75
       ZAG, 1923
76
       CAPEDECISION LIGHT, 1936
       SPANISH ISLAND LIGHT, 1936
77
```

78

WAY, 1936

# PHOTOGRAMMETRIC PLOT REPORT

Project Ph-5702 Scale 1:10,000

Surveys Nos. T-10706 thru T-10709

T-10713 " T-10715 T-10718 " T-10721

T-10724 " T-10731

T-10733 " T-10735

T-10737

T-10888 and T-10889

# 21. AREA COVERED

This radial plot covers the area of the surveys listed above. They are shoreline surveys along the west shore of Sumner Strait, embracing the areas known as Alvin Bay, Reid Bay, Port Beauclerc, Louise Cove, Bear Harbor, Kell Bay, Affleck Canal and Port McArthur.

# 22. METHOD-RADIAL PLOT

Map Manuscripts:

Vinylite sheets with polyconic projections in black, U. T. M. Zone 8 grid in red, at a scale of 1:10,000 were furnished by the Washington Office.

All triangulation stations, substitute stations, and common pass point positions taken from the 1:20,000 radial plot were plotted using the Coordinatograph.

A sketch showing the layout of the surveys, distribution of control and photograph centers is attached to this report.

Photographs:

One hundred twenty-six (126) single-lens photographs, ratioed to a scale of 1:10,000 were used in this plot and are numbered as follows:

55-W-9377 tx	ıru	9386	55 <del>-</del> W-9612	and	9613
9400A	1)	9412	9667	thru	9674
9443	31	9457	9678	r1	9680
9463	Ħ	9478	9687	ŧţ	9690
9550	n	9570	9696	39	9701
9576	11	9593	9704		
9641	11	9649			

Templets:

Kodapak or vinylite templets were made of each of the single-lens photographs but no adjustment was made for paper distortion.

Closure and Adjustment to Control:

The common pass points were transferred from the 1:20,000 scale base sheets by scaling their grid position with the Coordinatograph and then plotting them on the 1:10,000 scale map manuscripts with the same instrument.

The radial plot was constructed directly on the map manuscripts.

This plot was laid in two parts, with the surveys Nos. T-10724 through T-10727 common in both plots. The first part was started at Cape Decision (Survey T-10738) and extended northward up Affleck Canal. After this was done the plot was extended eastward to the project limits. Due to some trouble with the field identification for control station BUSH, 1936 it may be advisable to reidentify this station. In the area between DUB, 1936 and ENTER, 1936 there is a flight of photographs the centers of which fall in the water. Since there is no field identified control, and only one control station office identified, this part of the plot is also considered fair.

The second part of the plot was extended northward but would not tie into control station ROSE, 1937. The two flights which go parallel with Port Beauclerc, taken in the morning with most of the pass points away from the tree shadows, are considered better. These two flights were extended from the mouth of Port Beauclerc to the head and tied into Sub Point A for ROSE, 1937. (See item 23) After this was done, the plot was extended northward to the project limits with no difficulty.

The definition on the photographs is very poor around BEAUCLERC LIGHT, 1915. It is a white object on what appeared to be white ledge and for this reason it is recommended that this Light, or ISLE, 1929 be reidentified by sub point method. The point on the office photographs is the same as the field identified point.

Transfer of Points:

The positions of all photograph centers and pass points were pricked on the top templets and then drilled through the templets and map manuscripts.

# 23. ADEQUACY OF CONTROL

In general, the density and distribution of control was adequate for this project. However, there are several gaps, some being where the field man was verifying the existence of the stations but did not identify them.

The following control stations could not be held in the plot:
BUSH, 1936 - Northing seems to agree at this station. The distance and direction of the plotted position does not agree with field identification on the contact print or the Form 152. The location of this station makes it a critical one for the construction of a good rigid radial plot. A note was attached to a field photograph and the hydrographer was requested to reidentify this station.

HOME, 1937 - The radially plotted position for this direct identification for this station falls approximately 1.1 mm to the NW of the plotted position. This point was reidentified in the office to agree with the description.

RUT, 1929 - The radially plotted position for the substitute station falls approximately 0.4 mm to the NE of the plotted position. Since there are numerous other field or office identified control stations in the Vicinity, it is not essential for a rigid radial plot.

FAG, 1929 - The radially plotted position for the direct identification for this station falls approximately 4.4 mm to the SE of the plotted position. The nine-lens photographs verified the fact that the field man pricked some floating debris instead of the rock. This station was office identified and held in plot.

THAT, 1927 - The radially plotted position for this substitute station falls approximately 0.8 mm to the WSW of the plotted position. Both the station and substitute station was misidentified. The station was office identified and held in the plot.

FOX, 1929 - The radially plotted position for this substitute station falls approximately 1.0 mm to the east of the plotted position. There is another detached rock west of the identified point approximately the same place as the plotted position. It is believed that this station is another case of misidentification.

BIB, 1954 - The radially plotted position for substitute station "A" falls approximately 3.9 mm to the east of the plotted position. This is a case of misidentification.

The radially plotted position for substitute station "B" falls approximately 1.2 mm to the east of the plotted position. The field distance to this station is in error.

DELHI, 1915 - The radially plotted position for substitute station "A" falls approximately 2.1 mm to the NW of the plotted position. The field distance for this station is in error.

The radially plotted position for substitute station "B" falls approximately 2.5 mm SSW of the plotted position. This station was misidentified.

With the aid of the description, the triangulation station was office identified and held in the plot.

GAL, 1954 - The radially plotted position for substitute station "A" falls approximately 7.3 mm to the south of the plotted position. The field distance to this station is in error.

The radially plotted position for substitute station "B" falls approximately 8.0 mm SSE of the plotted position. This is another case of error made in the distance to this station.

The triangulation station was office identified and held in the plot.

CON, 1927 - The radially plotted position for this substitute station falls approximately 0.9 mm to the NNE of the plotted position. This station appears to be misidentified.

The triangulation was office identified and held in the plot.

# 24. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

None.

# 25. PHOTOGRAPHY

The majority of these photographs were taken late in the afternoon of one day while the rest were taken early in the morning of the following day. Due to the time the photographs were taken, large sections of the shoreline appears in deep shadow. These shadow areas created problems in trying to find common pass points. In many cases, due to deep shadow, good points on the nine-lens photographs were obscured on the single lens photographs.

In the area around Boulder Point, one photograph, 55-W-9700, had a very light washed-out area right in the vicinity of identified control station BOULDER, 1915. This created several problems in trying to use photographs 55-W-9612 and 9613. These photographs were taken the previous day, and time, tide, and shadow were different.

# 26. CONTROL IDENTIFICATION

Considerable difficulty was encountered while pricking field identified control throughout this project. It was noted that the distances between field identified image points of substitute stations disagreed with distances between computed positions. To aid in selecting the correct image points, a piece of clear vinylite to which the positions of stations and substitute stations were transferred was placed over one photograph when a pair was studied stereoscopically. Then, with the aid of sketch and description on identification card and with the original station description, the correct images of the substitute points were determined. The identification of many stations was changed from field identification where discrepancies were found.

Numerous stations in this project had distances to substitute points given in meters (by stadia). Most of these distances appeared to be in error, but the reason could not be determined. There was no factor that could be applied to correct the errors. On Strait Island, only two of the six identified stations could be held. The others appeared to be in error due to trouble with stadia distances.

One good example of identification difficulties was at BOULDER, 1915. Sutstitute Point "A" was used because it was the only point which seemed to agree with distances, sketch, and photograph. At Sub. Pt. "B", the position seems to check the easterly point of large rock - instead of the westerly point, as described. At Sub. Pt. "C" the position falls in the water indicating a distance error, probably due to stadia error. The approximate location of the station could be determined from the description for use in selecting the correctly identified sub. pt. Due to centers of several photographs falling water areas, a rigid plot to eliminate the errors in identification could not be obtained and Sub. Pt. "A" was used to control the plot.

Another example of control misidentification was at POM, 1929. The rock selected was actually in deep shadow and not visible so a wrong rock was identified on photograph 55-W-9589 which was taken in late afternoon. Photograph 55-W-9700 taken in morning of next day also covers the area and, if used, no error in identification would have been made.

Another example is at ROSE, 1937. The distance between two substitute points is short. Sub. Pt. "A" is a boulder or beach at edge of shadow. Sub. Pt. "B" is a prominent, high outcrop. Both appear to be good positive points. The error may be in either Sub. Pt. "A", which could be in shadow or in position for Sub. Pt. "B" which is a long distance from the station and a small error in azimuth could account for the error. Sub. Pt. "A" was held in the radial plot, but the identification should be verified since it is the last station in the plot at the head of Port Beauclerc.

# 27. POSITION ERROR

The published position for triangulation station SEC, 1929 places it in the water, in Port Beauclerc, off Edwards Island. The description of the station on page 17 of cahier Alaska No. 41, places the station "about 2 miles south of Boulder Point on the west shore of Sumner Strait. The approximate position for this station should be 56° 17.4 N and 133° 51.1 W. Also see Recovery Note, Form 526.

The published position for triangulation station PEAK 16, 1922 places it in forty-five (45) fathoms of water, in Chatham Strait, east of Cape Decision.

Respectfully submitted

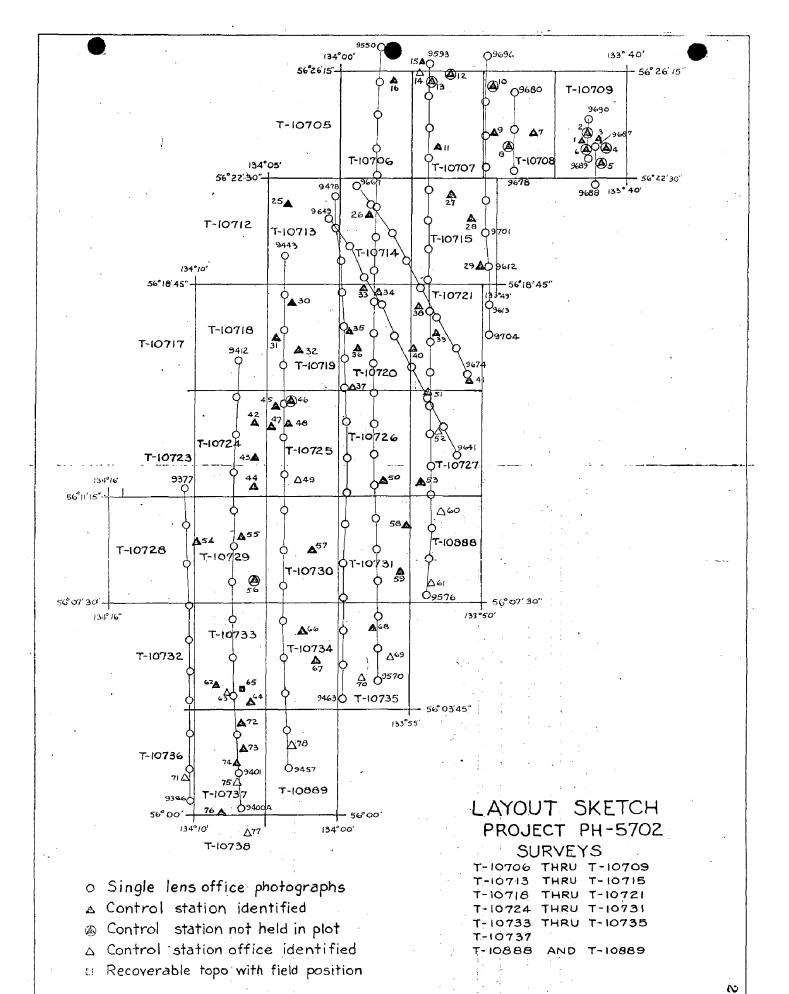
10 June 1960

Leroy A. Senasack Carto. (Photo.)

# LIST OF NUMBERED CONTROL STATIONS PH - 5702

			*	•
	1.	AGO, 1954	27. POM, 1929	53. RUTH, 1937
	2.	CON,1927 ·	28. TURN, 1929	54. VICK, 1937
	3•	HOW, 1954	29. BOULDER, 1915	55. НОРЕ, 1936
	4.	GAL, 1954	30. TRUS, 1937	56. BUSH, 1936
	5•	DELHI, 1915	31. EDNA, 1937	57. DUB, 1936
	6.	вів, 1954	32. WEAK, 1937	58. MILT, 1937
	7•	REEF 2, 1915	33. FLOR, 1937	59. MACK, 1937
	8.	FOX, 1929	34. GOOD, 1937	60. HOLM, 1937
	9•	NER, 1929	35. PEGG, 1937	61. CLEVE, 1886-1922
	10.	THAT, 1927	36. GENE, 1937	62. ARTHUR, 1936
	11.	BAY, 1929	37. CORK, 1937	63. LEMON, 1936
•	12.	FAG, 1929	38. WESS, 1937	64. NORTH, 1936
	13.	RUT, 1929	39. MON, 1929	65. LEMON POINT ROCK LIGHT, 1958
,	14.	PAR, 1929	40. SUN, 1929	66. STAR, 1936
	15.	DAL, 1929	41. BEAUCLERC 2 (LIGHT), 1922	67. AFFLECK, 1936
	16.	UP, 1929	42. BEAR, 1936	68. JUNE, 1937
*	17.	TWIN, 1926	43. BITE, 1936	69. BETS, 1937
*	18.	BARE, 1926	Щ. ALECK, 1936	70. ALBANS, 1886
*	19.	ARM, 1926	45. BUDD, 1937	71. MAC, 1899
. *	20.	MID, 1926	46. HOME, 1937	72. MAC, 1936
*	21.	ROCK, 1926	47. PEN, 1936	73. SHORE, 1923
*	22,	WON, 1925	48. ENTER, 1936	74. MIDDY, 1936
*	23.	GO 2, 1958	49. нгмэ, <b>1</b> 936	75, 2AG, 1923
1	· 21.	TRI, 1926	50. ADEN, 1937	76. CAPE DECISION LIGHT, 1936
	25.	LAST, 1926	51. SOW, 1929	77. SPANISH ISLAND LIGHT, 1936
	26.	ROSE, 1937	52. PIN, 1915	78. WAY, 1936

<sup>\*</sup> On nine lens photo's only



FÖRM **164** (4-23-54)

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CONTROL RECORD

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS (BACK) FORWARD SCALE FACTOR (BACK) (1329.7)1047.0 (808.7 (473.5 N.A. 1927 - DATUM (1125.5)890.7 (147.4) (645.6)(850.0)1783.0 (72.7) 49.2 (1806.5 4.577) (410.8) (344.4) FORWARD 1382.2 392.3 187.3 526.0 262.6 692.h 627.2 730.3 DATUM SCALE OF MAP 1:10,000 OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS DISTANCE FROM GRID IN FEET. (BACK) FORWARD LONGITUDE OR x-COORDINATE 33.851" 22.678" 17.006" 140.067" 23.611" 36.250" 134° 05' 51.479" 15.179" 05. 44.691" 10.833" 57.648" 01.591" LATITUDE OR # - COORDINATE PH-5702 190 **.**†o . 170 071 50 90 190 -†ö . 70 081 56° 134° 134° 260 56° PROJECT NO.. 560 134° 1340 56° 56° 134° DATUM 1927 N . A. Ë Ě t G-3308 Pg.744 SOURCE OF INFORMATION G-3308 Pg.745 Pg.747 G-3308 Pg.744 G-3308 Pg.747 G-3308 (INDEX) Form 567 MAP T. 10733 ROCK LIGHT, 1958 1936 1936 1936 1936 LEMON POINT HOW, 1936 STATION ARTHUR, MARBLE, NORTH, LEMON,

1

2

COMM- DC- 57843

11/4/59

DATE

CHECKED BY. B. WILSON

10/20/59

DATE

COMPUTED BY. M. CUNNINGHAM

FORM **164** (4-23-54)

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CONTROL RECORD

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

PROM GEID OR PROJECTION LINE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS 2 2 COMM- DC- 57843 (BACK) FORWARD 11/3/59 SCALE FACTOR (BACK) N.A. 1927 - DATUM FORWARD DATUM B.WILSON SCALE OF MAP 1:10,000 OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS DISTANCE FROM GRID IN FEET. (BACK) CHECKED BY:... FORWARD LONGITUDE OR x-COORDINATE LATITUDE OR #-COORDINATE 553,560.40 6,216,898.46 556,843.03 6,213,706.36 6,213,706.06 553,554.98 554,728.68 6,219,133.83 555,271,90 6,213,701.86 556,189,18 6,214,665,81 47.651,412,9 556,182.27 556,179.24 49.879,412,6 MAP T- 10733 PROJECT NO. PH-5702 10/6/28 DATUM N • A • 1927 Ë Ξ Ħ = E = = COMPUTED BY. M.CUNNINGHAM SOURCE OF INFORMATION (INDEX) Comp. Comp. Раде Comb. Раве Раде 9 . 19 19 = = 1936 MARBLE, 1936 ARTHUR, 1936 1936 #B# нАп NORTH, 1936 LEMON, 1936 SUB PT. "A" 1936 HOW, 1936 STATION SUB PT. ARTHUR, SUB PT. NORTH, NORTH.

#### COMPILATION REPORT

T-10733, T-10734, T-10735

# 31. DELINEATION:

These manuscripts were delineated by the graphic method.

Field edit is assumed to be complete in the area of T-10735, although no Field Edit Report by the 1961 field party is available at the compilation office at this time.

# 32. CONTROL:

The identification, density and placement of horizontal control was adequate.

# 33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:

Hydrographic Survey No. 6284, Approaches to Affleck Canal, scale 1:20,000, dated Sept. 1937. This survey was helpful in interpreting shoreline, rocks and foul areas on the photographs.

# 34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE:

Contours: Not applicable

Drainage: No comment.

# 35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS:

There was very little shoreline field inspection.

All delineation was based on office interpretation of the photographs and was corrected or verified by field edit. (See Item 31).

Interpretation of the mean high water line was difficult in some areas, due to overhanging trees and shadows. Where this occurred, the shoreline was delineated with a dashed line. Field edit verified and/or corrected this approximate shoreline on Survey T-10735.

The low water line, offshore limits of ledge, foul areas and rocks awash were delineated by office interpretation of the 1:20,000 scale nine-lens photographs which were enlarged to map scale by use of the vertical projector. Field edit also verified and/or corrected these features.

# 36. OFFSHORE DETAILS:

No comment.

# 37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS:

Form 567 was submitted for Lemon Point Rock Light.

# 38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS:

Form 524 was submitted for Lemon Point Rock Light as a topographic station.

# 39. JUNCTIONS:

Junctions have been made and are in agreement with the following:

T-10729 through T-10731 to the north
T-10732 to the west
T-10737 to the south
No contemporary survey to the east of T-10735

# 40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY:

No comment.

41 through 45: Not used.

# 46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS:

U. S. G. S. Petersburg, Alaska-Canada Reconnaissance Topographic Series, scale 1:250,000, dated 1952.

# 47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

Chart 8201, scale 1:217,828, 10th edition, dated 17 July 1961.

Items to be applied to nautical charts immediately:

None

Items to be carried forward:

None

Respectfully submitted:

R. Glaser Cartographer (Photo) 22 December 1961

October 26, 1971

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-5702 (Alaska)

T-10733

Affleck Canal

Kuiu Island

Lemon Point

Marble Islat

North Island

Port McArthur

Approved by:

A. Joseph Wraight Chief Geographer

Prepared by:

Frank W. Pickett Cartographic Technician

# FIELD EDIT REPORT

# T- 10733

No Field Edit Report was available at the time of Final Review and none is bound with this Descriptive Report.

Form 567 April 1945

For Photogrammetric Review

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND SEODETIC SURVEY

# NONFLOATING AIDS OR LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

STRIKE OUT ONE TO BE CHARTED TO BE DELETED

Seattle, Washington

20 oct.

I recommend that the following objects which have (hove the been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks be charted on (astrony the charts indicated.

H. H. Druebert The positions given have been checked after listing by \_

STATE	2000			<u>u.</u>	POSITION			METHOD			TRAH:	
	- C- AIRSEN		LATIT	LATITUDE *	LONG	LONGITUDE*		LOCATION				CHARTS
CHARTING	DESCRIPTION	SIGNAL		// D.M.METERS	- 0	" D. P. METERS		SURVEY No.	LOCATION	OEMAN OH <b>en</b> e	HE110	Precrei
HOMET			70 95	730.5	134 06	100000 (100000 (100000	1927	T-10753	T-10753 Sept-58	M	800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	85
-											2X 000/23	8X
		,					-					
									. ,			
											<u> </u>	
		,									-	
											<u>.</u>	
												2
			,	,					<u> </u>		_	8

This form shall be prepared in accordance with Hydrographic Manual, pages 800 to 804. Positions of charted landmarks and nonfloating, aids to navigation, if redetermined, shall be reported on this form. The data should be considered for the charts of the area and not by A THE REST OF A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA individual field strater charte

# REVIEW REPORT T-10733

# SHORELINE

# February 23, 1972

# 61. GENERAL STATEMENT:

See Summary on page 6 of this Descriptive Report.

An ozalid comparison print, pages 31 through 35, showing differences noted in Items 62 through 65, is bound with the original of this report.

# 62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

A comparison was made with Survey No. 6584, scale 1:20,000, dated June 1937. Differences between this survey and T-10733 are shown in blue on the comparison print.

# 63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:

A visual comparison was made with U.S.G.S. Quadrangle PORT ALEXANDER (A-1), ALASKA, scale 1:63,360, dated 1948. A rock awash shown on this map at lat. 56° 04.6′, long. 134° 07.2′ and two rocks awash shown at lat. 56° 6.2′, long. 134° 05.1′, on the northeast side of Marble Islet, are not visible on the photographs and were not mapped on T-10733. These are shown in brown on the comparison print.

# 64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

A comparison was made with a copy of the smooth sheet for Survey No. 6284, scale 1:20,000, dated June-September 1937. Differences between this survey and T-10733 are shown in purple on the comparison print.

It was noted that most of the shoreline and many of the offshore features are approximately the same on the hydrographic surveys as on the topographic surveys. Where this is the case, only blue was used to show the differences between the old survey and T-10733.

# 65. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

A comparison was made with Chart 8239, scale 1:20,000, 5th edition, dated Sept. 27, 1969. Differences between this chart and T-10733 are shown in red on the comparison print.

# 66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS:

It is believed that this survey is sufficiently accurate for photo-hydro support and nautical chart construction purposes.

Please see Photogrammetric Plot Report, Scale 1:20,000, dated June 9, 1960 and Photogrammetric Plot Report, Scale 1:10,000, dated June 10, 1960, neither of which state whether the accuracy of these radial plots meets the National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Reviewed by:

Charles HBishop

Charles H. Bishop Cartographer 23 February 1972

Approved for forwarding:

Melvin J. Umbach, CDR, NOAA

Chief, Photogrammetry Division, AMC

Approved:

Alfred C. Holmes, RADM, NOAA

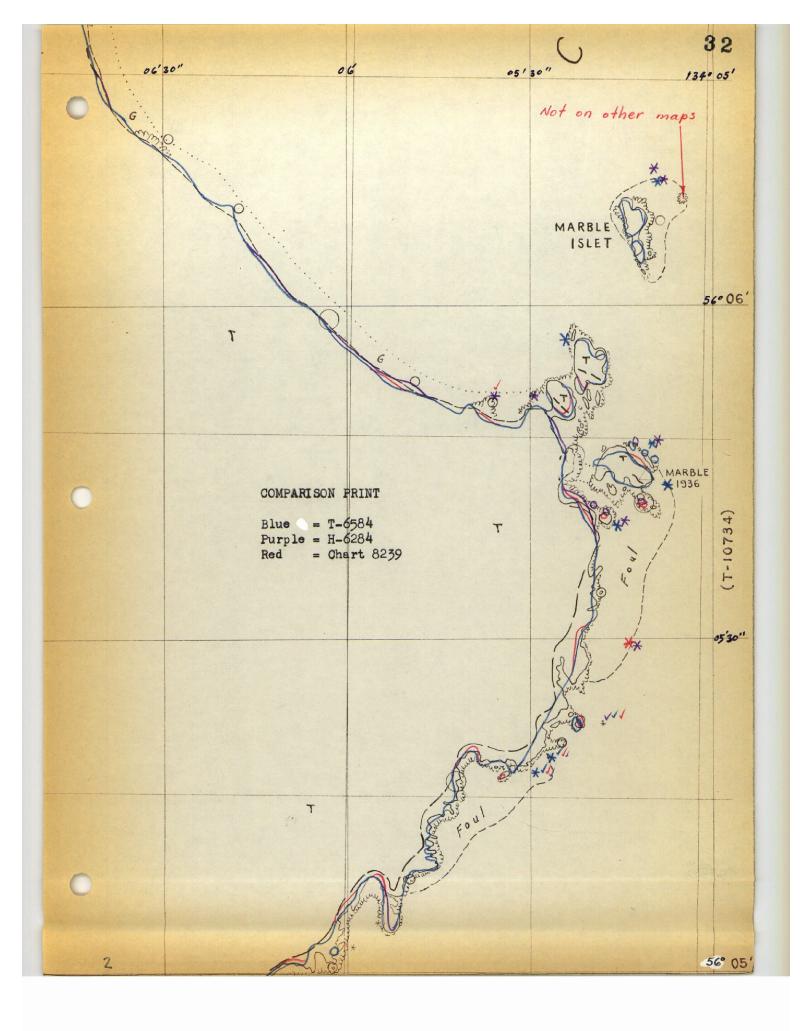
Director, Atlantic Marine Center

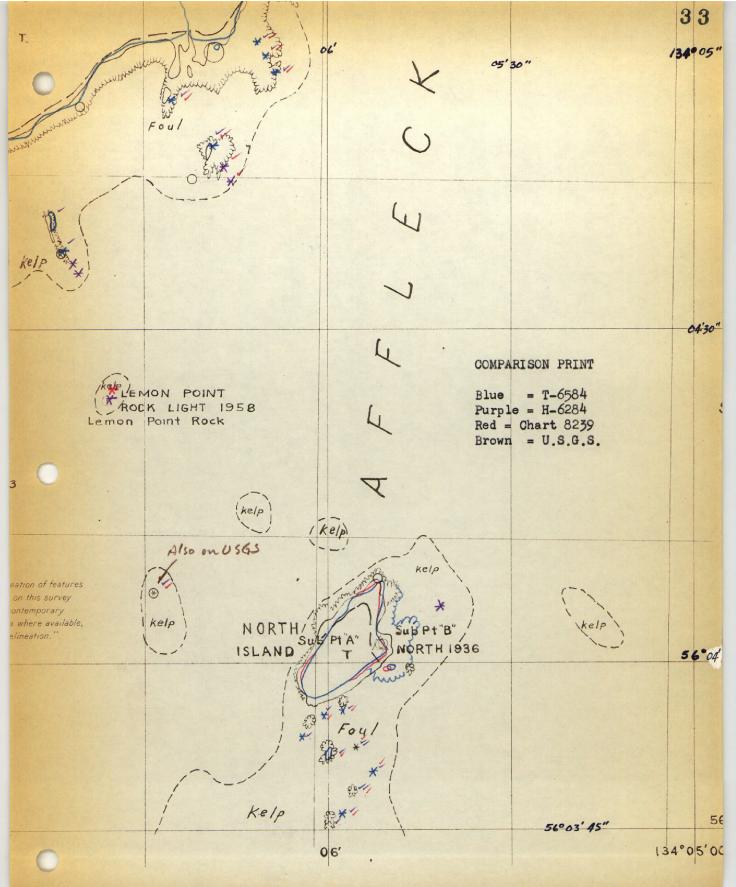
Approved:

Chief, Photogrammetric Branch

Chief, Coastal Mapping Division

	31
	ε
	000
	Z= 556,000 m
0 7'	/34006'
(T-10729)	1/3° 56°01'30''
T	
May want	
The state of the s	
Foul X	
110111020	07'
How 1936	
W 9405	COMPARISON PRINT
<u>.</u>	Blue = T-6584 Purple = H-6284
(6)	Purple = n-0204
Ledge	
1 mi	06'30"





overable horizontal control station of third-order or higher accuracy overable horizontal control station of less than third-order accuracy roximate mean lower low water line

hear shoreline defines the approximate mean high water.

