11039 THRU 11045

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Diag. Cht. No. 9400

Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Planiaetric

T-11039 thru

Field No. Ph-29 (47)1110ffice No. T-11045

LOCALITY

State Alaska

General locality Beaufort Sea, North Arctic

Locality Griffin Point to Alaska - Canada

Boundary

194 52

CHIEF OF PARTY

Max G. Ricketts, Arctic Party

Fred. A, Riddell, Portland, Ore. Photogrammetric Office

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE February 8, 1956

B-1870-1 (I)

T- 11039 thru 11045

Project No. (II): Ph-29(47) III Quadrangle Name (IV):

Field Office (II): Arctic Field Party

Chief of Party: Max G. Ricketts

Officer-in-Charge:

Photogrammetric Office (III):

Fortland, One. - 9/ens

Instructions dated (II) (III): 6 February 1951 (Field) 23 October 1952 (Office) no coty

Copy filed in Division of Photogrammetry (IV)

Method of Compilation (III): Graphic

Manuscript Scale (III): 1:20,000

Stereoscopic Plotting Instrument Scale (III):

Scale Factor (III): None (500 on SL photos westward from 142 54')

Date received in Washington Office (IV):

JUL 15 1953
Date reported to Nautical Chart Branch (IV):

JUL 3 0 1953

Applied to Chart No.

Date:

Date registered (IV):

1-30-56

Publication Scale (IV):

Publication date (IV):

Geographic Datum (III): Barter Island, 1948 For the Correction to Preliminary N. A. 1927, see the reverse side of this page. G.B.W., Oct., 1954

Vertical Datum (III): Mean Sea Level Mean sea level except as follows: Elevations shown as (25) refer to mean high water Elevations shown as (5) refer to sounding datum i.e., mean low water or mean lower low water

Reference Station (III): (See paragraph 12 of Office Instructions Project Ph-29-(47)

dated 14 December 1949

Lat.:

Long.:

Adjusted Unadjusted

Plane Coordinates (IV):

State:

Zone:

Y=

X=

Roman numerals indicate whether the item is to be entered by (II) Field Party, (III) Photogrammetric Office, or (IV) Washington Office.

When entering names of personnel on this record give the surname and initials, not initials only.

BORDIN ATAC

T-11039
The difference between Barter Tsland, 1948 atum and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. atus/minus 40 m. and Long. phs/minus 216 m.

T-[1040]
The difference between Barter Island, 1948 Datum and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. plus/minus 42m. and Long. plus/minus 216m.

T-(1041
The difference between Di++0

and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. ptus/minus

43 m. and Long. ptus/minus 217m.

T-11042
The difference between Di++0

and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. ptus/minus
44 m. and Long. ptus/minus 218 m.

T-11043
The difference between Di ++o

and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. plus/minus

40m. and Long. plus/minus 218m.

T-11044
The difference between 2:460
and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. stue/minus
T.m. and Long. plus/minus 2:20 m.

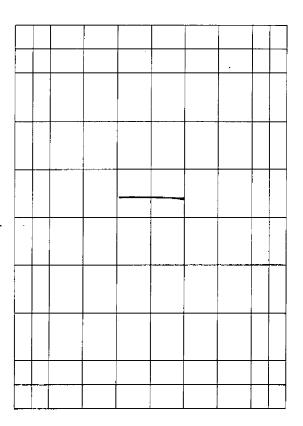
The difference between Point Borrow, 1948 Datum and preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum is Lat. pius/minus 230m.

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Areas contoured by various personnel (Show name within area) (II) (III)

1952

DATA RECORD

Field Inspection by (II): R. H. Skelton Date: 18 June thru 4 Aug, 5 Aug. thru 29 Aug. J. B. Watkins

Planetable contouring by (II):

Date:

Completion Surveys by (II):

Date:

Mean High Water Location (III) (State date and method of location): By stereoscopic examination of the photographs, spot locations 1952 field inspection and 1952 planetable tracings.

Washington office Projection and Grids ruled by (IV): Date:

Projection and Grids checked by (IV): Date:

Control plotted by (III): Comdr. Fred A. Riddell Date: 1 Dec. 1952

James L. Harris

Control checked by (III): James L. Harris Date: 4 Dec. 1952 C. C. Wiebe

James L. H arris & J. E. Deal - 9/ens Date: 11 Dec. 1952 Radial Plot or Stereoscopic Single lens - N.S. Schult q & R.J. French 20 June 1954 Control extension by (III):

Planimetry

Date:

Stereoscopic Instrument compilation (III):

Contours

Date:

(T-11039) storetine W of Grittin Pt. - N.S. Schult? 25 June 1954

Manuscript delineated by (III): Shoreline: J. E. Deal, C.C. Wiebe,

Date: 9 Jan. 1953

J. L. Harris Interior: L.L. Graves, J.L. Harris

J.E. Deal

23 June 1953

Date: 30 June 1953 Photogrammetric Office Review by (III): J. E. Deal & C. C. Wiebe

Elevations on Manuscript J. E. Deal checked by (II) (III):

Date: 30 June 1953

Form T-Page 3

M-2618-12(4)

PHOTOGRAPHS (III)

Number Date Scale Stage of Tide Time 20244 thru 7/29/47 1:20,000 20275

1000 5:03 = 0.192 20244 Chry 20257 20258 " 20275 15:12 70 15:25 11:32 = 5.6 ft 7-29-47 16: 22 = 3.4 ft 15:32 20 15:52 22:34 = 8.3 ft

324 - 337 USAF Unknown 307 - 313 1:10,000 June 1950

289 - 293 269-274 185-186 282-281 Tide (III)

Reference Station: Kodiak, Alaska Subordinate Station: Flaxman Island, Alaska

Subordinate Station:

Washington Office Review by (IV): L.T. Stevens

J. Dray J.H. Frazier - 11041 J.H. Frazier - 11042 Final Drafting by (IV): J.H. Frazier-1045

Drafting verified for reproduction by (IV):

Proof Edit by (IV):

Land Area (Sq. Statute Miles) (III): 396

Shoreline (More than 200 meters to opposite shore) (III): 144

Shoreline (Less than 200 meters to opposite shore) (III):

Control Leveling - Miles (II):

Number of Triangulation Stations searched for (II): 32

Number of BMs searched for (II):

Number of Recoverable Photo Stations established (III):

Number of Temporary Photo Hydro Stations established (III):

Time - 0:40

Ratio of Ranges	Mean Range	Spring Range
	6.6	8.5
0.1	0.5	0.7

Date: Jan-53

Date: 3-18-55

Date: 6-8-55

Date:

Recovered: 32

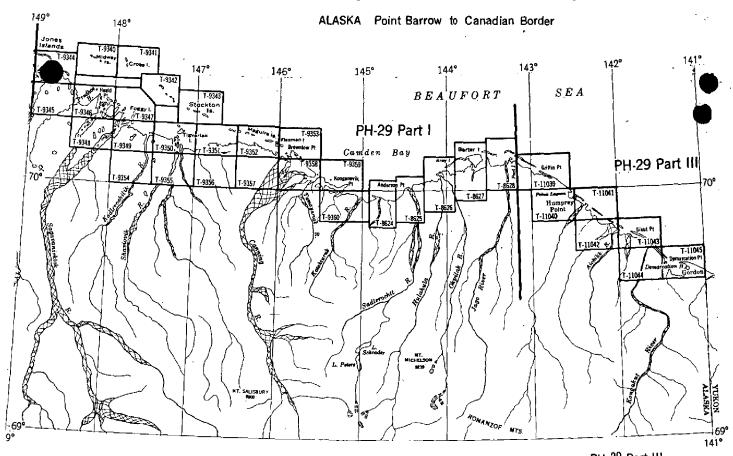
Recovered:

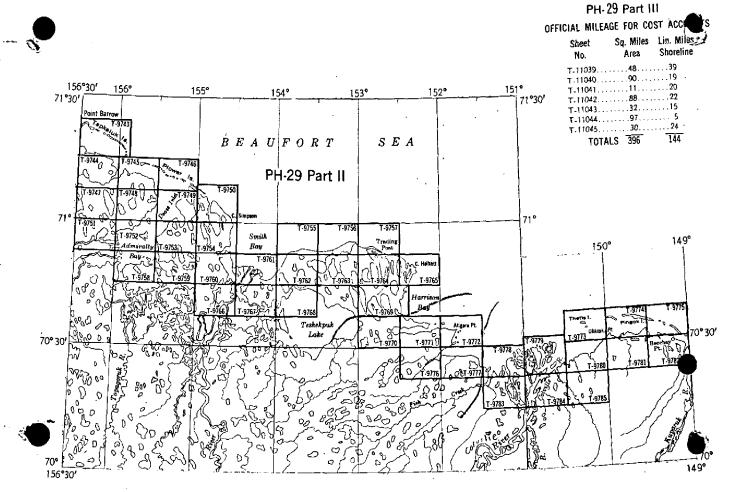
Identified: 32

Identified:

Remarks:

PLANIMETRIC MAPPING PROJECT PH-29 1-11-111





Photographs taken July 1947 Scale 1:20,000

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

Map Manuscripts T-11039 thru T-11045

Project Ph-29 (47) III

Refer to Descriptive Report "Photogrammetric Field Inspection, Alaska, North Arctic Coast, Jago River to Alaska - Canada Boundary, 1952", Max G. Ricketts, Chief of Party.

PHOTOGRAPMETRIC PLOT REPORT

Map Manuscripts T-11039 thru T-11045

Project Ph-29 (47) III

21. Area Covered

This radial plot covers a strip of land, approximately 7 miles wide, along the shore of Beaufort Sea (North Arctic Coast, Alaska) from Griffin Point to Alaska - Canada Boundary and comprises Map Manuscripts No's. T-11039 thru T-11045.

In general Items 22 thru 25 of the Photogrammetric Plot Report for Map Manuscripts Nots. T-9743 thru T-9754 and T-9758, Project Ph-29(47) II which is included in the Descriptive Report for Map Manuscripts T-9743 thru T-9746 are applicable. The following exceptions are noted:

References to damaged map manuscripts do not apply.

No projections extended.

The radial plot for the area west of Griffin Point is to be made in the Washington Office using Tri-met photographs. 5

The southwest portions of T-11040, T-11042, and T-11044 could not be completed because of insufficient photograph coverage.

For the identification of all horizontal control stations made by "J.B.W." it was necessary to correct the "indicated angle to station" on pricking card from right to left or vice versa.

Approved:

Fred A. Riddell Officer-in-Charge

Portland Photogrammetric Office

Respectfully submitted:

J. Edward Deal Ja

J. Edward Deal, Jr. Cartographer

PHOTOGRAMMETRIC PLOT REPORT PH-29 T-8627, T-8628, T-11039 (Supplement)

21. Area Covered:

This radial plot covers the western half of T-11039 and T-8628 and part of T-8627.

22. Method:

Since the photography was at a scale of 1:10,000, the manuscripts were ruled at 1:10,000 scale on four sheets with polyconic projections:

The photographs were taken by the Air Force in June 1950. They are single lens contact prints on double weight matte paper at a scale of 1:10,000. The following photographs were used:

98-104	185-187 266-274 280-282		 289-293
108-125	268-274		307-315
165+182	280+282	1	320-337

The purpose of this radial plot was to take off from the plot used on the eastern half of T-11039 and bridge to T-8628, then continue from there to birdge to control on T-8627. Due to Clouds on the nine lens photographs used in the eastern half of T-11039, and poor coverage by the single lens, and also two different years of photography, it was not possible to identify common pass points. It was impossible to the into common pass points on T-8628 for the same reasons. It was possible to identify only two control points on T-8620 and two on T-8627. There were four common points of detail identified on T-8627. Since there were so few control points it was necessary to birdge quite a distance.

Closure and adjustment to control was good with the exception of one station (Eskimo House, 1952).

23. Adequacy of Control:

The following control stations were field identified and held in the plot:

HV-009 and HV-010 were located by a tie to GRAVES. HV-007 and HV-008 were located by a tie to AMBER. LOC is a hydro station and was located by a sextant fix from CORWIN, AMBER, POUND and GRAVES. All the stations held very good.

well

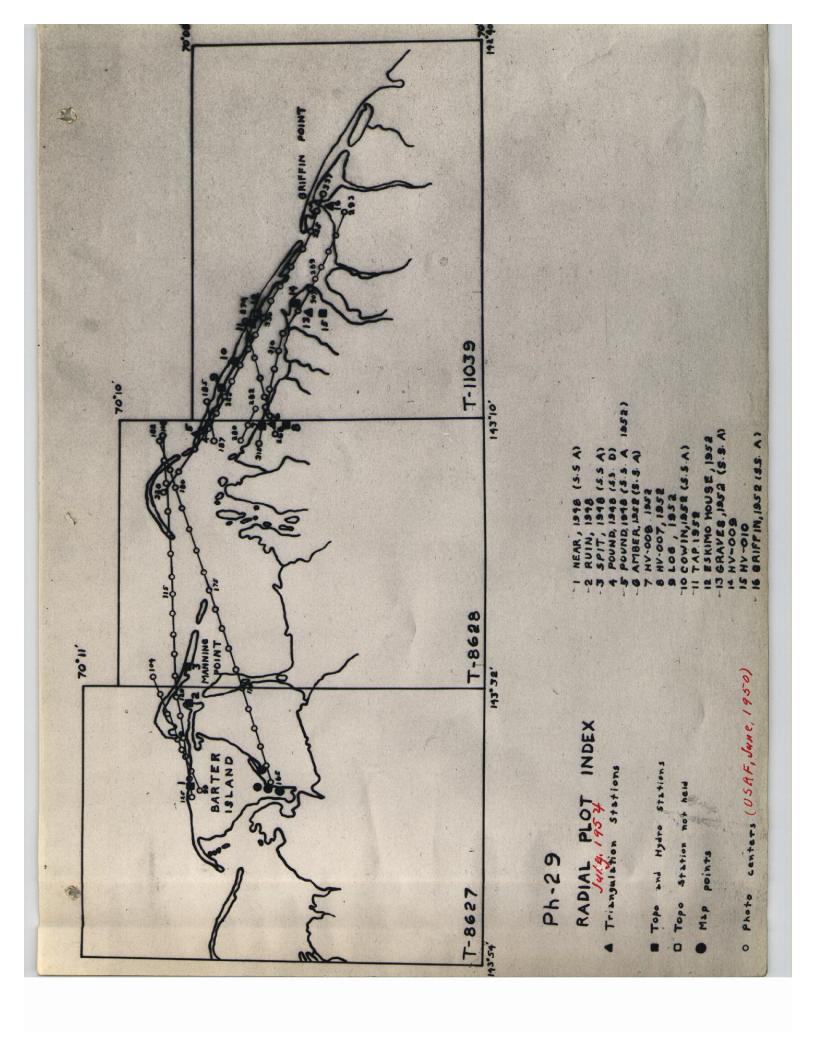
The only point that did not hold was ESKINO HOUSE. This was located by sextant fix from GRIFFIN, GRAVES, AMBER, and TAP. The radial plot point was 5.0 MM SE of the plotted point. Since TAP (550 meters north west of ESKINO HOUSE) held, it was assumed that ESKINO HOUSE was misidentified.

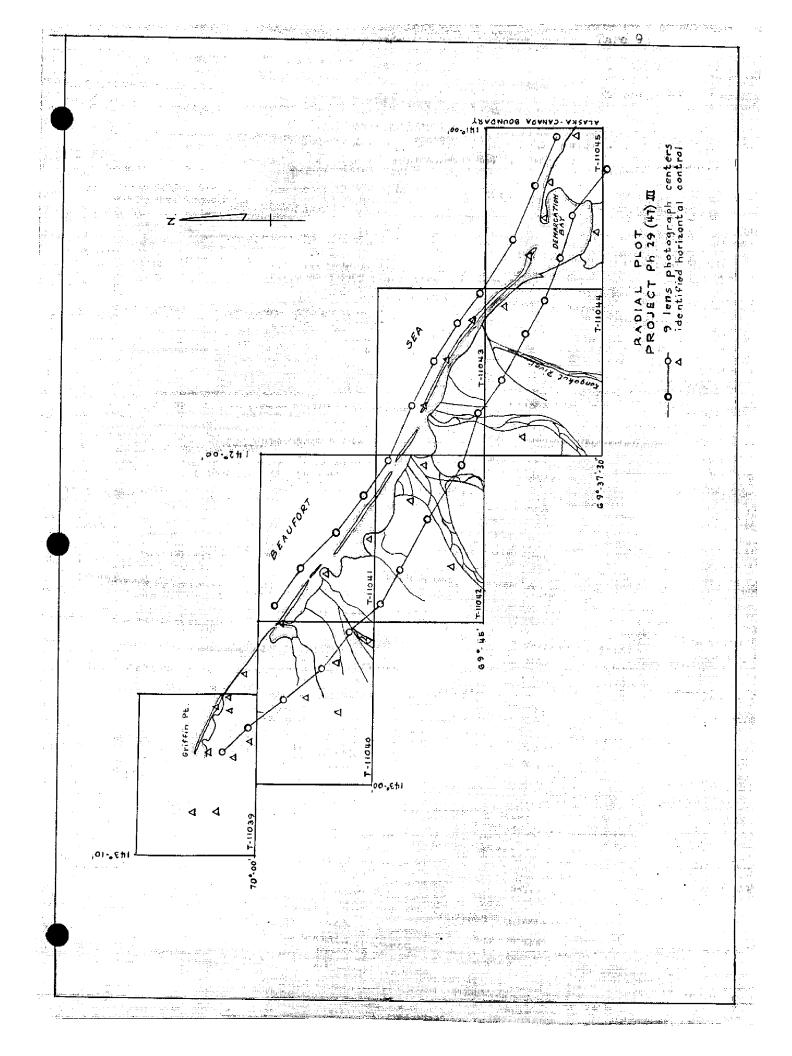
25. Photography:

There is no satisfactory index of the Air Force photography and the coverage was inadequate. The flights did not fall inland enough to cover the complete shoreline. There was more control inland which could not be used due to lack of coverage. A few flights had too much side lap while some had no side lap. The photos just east of GRIFFIN POINT were too dark and cloudy to use. The flight of photos along the shoreline of T-8628 were also too cloudy to use.

Submitted By: Neil S. Shultz

June, 1954





COMPILATION REPORT

Map Manuscripts T-11039 thru T-11045

Project Ph-29 (47) III

These seven map manuscripts portray the shoreline and planimetric details approximately seven miles interior from the shoreline, along the North Arctic Coast of Alaska from Griffin Point to the Alaska - Canada Boundary.

In general Items 31 thru 47 of the Compilation Report for Map Manuscripts T-9743 thru T-9746, Project Ph-29 (47) II are applicable. Exceptions are noted in the following paragraphs.

31. Pelineation:

In T-11039 and T-11040 between station CARROT and GRIFFIN POINT. the hachure symbol was not used to show the limits of many areas of high tundra because they are in general bounded by gentle sloping hillsides that would require using a symbol of considerable length. This would dominate the maps and misrepresent the relief characteristics. Some of these areas are bounded by compound bluffs for which the use of this hachure symbol would indicate a small mountain. An example of this condition is at station VITAMIN, 1952 which is at an elevation of only 108 ft.

The hachure symbol has been used to show the definite steep cut banks of stream and river beds.

The limits of low areas which by stereoscopic examination of the photographs appear to be wet or subject to seasonal inundation, have been delineated by a dashed blue line. When the inundation symbol is placed in these areas the drainage pattern should be easily recognized.

Notes on the field prints and oral descriptions furnished by various field personnel during the past several seasons pertaining to tundra types have caused some uncertainty in deciding to what extent the symbol of seasonal inundation should be used.

On field photo #20261 at a place approximately $\frac{1}{4}$ mile square are notes as follows:

"high wet tundra"
"wet marshy tundra"
"deep frost cracks"

Similarly on field photo #20256

"low wet tundra"
"high wet tundra"
"deep frost cracks"

Other notes appearing throughout this part of the project are: "many small lakes and frost cracks", "wet tundra" and various notes pertaining to weasel travel.

To apply these notes, which were made only near identified control stations, to the photo interpretation for the entire area of the seven map manuscripts was difficult and often uncertain. The word "tundra" has little meaning and simple notes such as "wet" or "dry" would eliminate many uncertainties.

The inundated areas indicated on the map manuscripts portray the general drainage pattern satisfactorily. The "high wet tundra" areas have been designated as such but have not been outlined for the inundation symbol.

35. Shoreline and alongshore details:

Most of the shoreline for the offshore sand reefs and barrier islands was transferred to the map manuscripts from planetable tracings. In several places adjustments were made to complete a junction between the planetable survey and the photographs and these have been noted.

The position furnished for hydrographic station EEL, 1952 plots about 20 meters offshore from the mean high water line as compiled from the 1947 photographs. This is probably an indication that the sand reef has changed position since the time of photography. The compiler has delineated a sand foreshore area along the southwest shore of the reef on which the station falls.

The mean high-water line at hydrographic station RAN, 1952 was adjusted slightly from the photograph location so that the station would fall on the sand spit.

Approved:

Fred A. Riddell Officer-in-Charge

Portland Photogrammetric Office

Respectfully submitted:

J. Edward Deal, Jr. Cartographer

48. Geographic Name:

The geographic names report listed under Item 14 of the field report "Photogrammetric Field Inspection, Alaska North Arctic Coast, Jago River to Alaska - Canada Boundary was not furnished the photogrammetric office.

N ames shown on the map manuscript were obtained from the nautical chart, various other maps, and descriptions of stations and are shown for location purposes only.

PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW

T-11039 thro T-11045

1. Projection and grids2. Title3. Manuscript nu	umbers 4. Manuscript size
CONTROL STATIONS	
5. Horizontal control stations of third-order or higher accuracy	6. Recoverable horizontal stations of less
than third-order accuracy (topographic stations)7. Photo hy	dre stations & Banch marks M
than third-order accuracy (topographic stations)	ydro stations8. Bench marks
9. Plotting of sextant fixes10. Photogrammetric plot report	11. Detail points
ALONGSHORE AREAS	
(Nautical Chart Data 12. Shoreline 13. Low-water line 14. Rocks, shoal to navigation 17. Landmarks 18. Other alongshor) / /
12. Shoreline13. Low-water line 14. Rocks, shoal	s, etc15. Bridges16. Aids
to navigation 4 17. Landmarks 4 18. Other alongshor	e physical features 19. Other along -
shore cultural features/	
PHYSICAL FEATURES 20. Water features 21. Natural ground cover 22. instrument contours 24. Contours in general 2	
20. Water features 21. Natural ground cover 22.	Planetable contours23. Stereoscopic
instrument contours M 24 Contours in general M 2	5 Snot elevations 25 Other physical
anstrument contours — 24. Contours in general — 2	5. Spot elevations 20. Other physical
features	
27. Roads 28. Buildings 29. Railroads	. 30. Other cultural features
BOUNDARIES	
31. Boundary lines 🛨 32. Public land lines	
/	
MISCELLANEOUS	_
33. Geographic names 34. Junctions 35. Legibilit	y of the manuscript36. Discrepancy
overlay 37. Descriptive Report 38. Field inspection	on photographs39 Forms
40	Wedward Weal I
Reviewer	Supervisor, Review Section or Unit
41. Remarks (see attached sheet)	
FIELD COMPLETION ADDITIONS AND CORRECTI	ONS TO THE MANUSCRIPT
42. Additions and corrections furnished by the field completion surve	ey have been applied to the manuscript. The
manuscript is now complete except as noted under item 43.	
Compiler	Supervisor
43 Remarke:	h 0003 40
43. Remarks:	M-2623-12
* Canada-Alaska Boundary	101 Showy

Supplemental Compilation Report - T-11039

Western Portion of T-11039 (W. of 142°54') shoreline

- 31. Delineation.-The balance of this manuscript was compiled on two sheets at 1:10,000 scale. The shoreline was delineated by use of the vertical projector and the sheets were then reduced photographically. These reduced sheets were then applied to the western portion of T-11039. In two areas where there was inadequate coverage by the Air Force photography, the 1947 nine-lens photographs were used to complete the shoreline. No attempt was made to compile the interior because of inadequate photo coverage.
- 32. Control. The identification of control was good. For single-lens photography the density was not as good as desirable.
- 35. Shoreline.-There was very little field inspection and no tide data. Shoreline shown is the result of office interpretation only.
- 39. Junctions.-This sheet joins T-8628 and a good junction was made in the area of Tapkaurak Spit and Lagoon.

mil S. Schulz

1

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES			de d	S Mad of State of Sta		/ / .s	O Guide o	Mas Hitali	N. S. J. S.	, š. /
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Name on Survey	A	В	/c	D	<u> </u>	F	G	Н		_
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	GEOGRAPHIC NAMES Survey No. T-11039 -110/56	St. 15t
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	Demarcation Point'	E
	Demarcation Boy '	- - ;
4	Gordon Trading Post . (Names reports recommend retention two buildings remain)	n; e
	Kuluruak (Abandoned) . Site of former villes	
	Kagiluak Bight .	10
	Kagiluak Creek	
	Akootchook River . Use instead of Turner River	12
·	Pingokraluk Lagoon	, 13
	Tow Roof	14
	了—110//#:	15
	Icy Reef	16
	Siku Ingoon	17
2,00	Siku Point	18
	Siku Entrance	19
· 	Kongakut River Delta (uso this nemeronding ICH decision) Kolokut Creek	21
•		22
•	Egaksrak Jagoon	23
	T-11044:	24
	Icy Reef :	. 25
	Pingokraluk Point	
	THEORIGIAN POINT	26

	Survey No. T-11039	/	the of	Otegion	S Mads	TE STRATES	Or loca Hoo	Guide	Mod McHolly	N.S. J.S.	
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	Kongakut River *					<u> </u>					
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	Timiknaurauk River				12.	-3-	3	h-H	eck		

Review Report T-11039 thru T-11045 Planimetric Maps 30 July 1954

61. General:

1

The surveys in this group form Part III of project Ph-29(47). They were delineated from 1947 nine-lens photographs except for the western half of T-11039 (Oruktaklik Entrance to a junction with T-8628) which was delineated from USAF 1950 photographs. Photograph coverage sufficed only for shoreline delineation in the west half of T-11039.

62. Comparison with Registered Surveys:

T-2266 1:3,000,000 March 1890, J. H. Turner, Assistant, C&GS. Route from Camp Colonna, Porcupine River to the Artic Ocean.

This area lies between 140° and 141° W (U.S.-Can. Bdy.). It is of historical interest only.

63. Comparison with Maps of Other Agencies:

USGS Demarcation Point, Recon., 1:250,000, 1951 USGS Barter Island Recon., 1:250,000, 1951

The Demarcation Point has generalized shoreline only in the area of the maps under review. The Barter Island utilized T-8627 and T-8628 prior to the final delineation of the off-shore bars.

64. Comparison with Contemporary Hydrographic Surveys:

T-11039 compared with

H-7979 1:20,000, 1952 Tapkaurak Lagoon
The provisional shoreline on the hydrographic survey is superseded by the final shoreline delineated on T-11039 from USAF 1950 photographs. The shoreline at Oruktalik Entrance is in conflict with the soundings on T-7979, which were made two years subsequent to photography.

H-7983 1:40,000 1952 Vicinity Humphrey Bay
The shoreline as far west as 1420 55' is from T-11039
(nine-lens photographs). No changes were made to this part
of T-11039 during review.

T-11040 & T-11041 compared with

H-7980 1:20,000 1952 Humphrey Bay to Nuragarak Point
The shoreline on this hydrographic survey is from T-11040
and T-11041. No changes were made during review of the map
manuscripts.

T-11042 compared with

H-7981 1:20,000 1952 Nuragapak Lagoon
The long off-shore bar (142° 04' westward) was compiled
from planetable sheets, and the short bar from 1947 photographs. No changes to shoreline were made to T-11042 during
review. Channel depths for Alchilik River entrance are from
field inspection photograph 20267.

T-11043 compared with

H-7984 1:40,000 1952 Navagapak Point & Demarcation Point All of Icy Reef (except the western tip) was drawn from the 1947 photographs upon which field inspection notes gave measurements from triangulation stations both to sea and to lagoon MHWL. No changes to shoreline were made either to the bar or the mainland during review.

T-11044

Small changes were made to the shoreline on T-11044 during review.

T-11045 compared with

H-7982 1:20,000 1952 Demarcation Bay
The preliminary shoreline on this hydrographic survey
agrees with T-11045 in few places. The T-11045 shoreline
should be accepted here.

The soundings at the end of Icy Reef on H-7982 fell inside the T-11045 shoreline. The map manuscript has been revised to conform to H-7982 with explanatory notes added.

65. Comparison with Nautical Charts:

9400 1:1,587,870 (at 70°) Ed May 1947, cor., June 1952

The small scale of the chart affords only evidence of general agreement in form and salient features.

66. Accuracy:

Each of the surveys is well controlled in the shoreline area and is as accurate as office interpretation of photographs, together with a few field inspection notes can accomplish. The shoreline as well as interior delineation meets Arctic charting needs.

Reviewed By: Lena T. Stevens

Approved By:

Chief, Review Branch Div. Of Photogrammetry

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch Division of Charts CF4

Johnson 156

HORIZOWTAL DATUM ADJUSTMENT

ARCTIC OCEAN AREA, ALASKA

Corrections to Preliminary M.A. 1927 Datum from the various independent horizontal datums on the north coast of Alaska have been determined by the Division of Geodesy, being computed from field positions, allowing for closure in azimuth and length. This procedure was started from adjusted N.A. 1927 Datum stations at about the 63rd Parallel on the Canadian Boundary, followed the lilst Meridian (IBC Datum) to Beaufort Sea (Arctio Ocean), thence westward through the Barter Island 1948, Flaxman Island and Point Barrew 1945 Datums to a connection with adjusted N.A. 1927 Datum in the area of Ketzebue Sound, off Chukchi Sea. The position of the stations in this area is subject to further adjustment after more geodetic field work.

PLANIMETRIC MAPPING PROJECT

Ph-29(47) PART III

Vicinity of Berter Island to Canadian Boundary

T-11039 thru T-11045

Correction from Barter Island 1965 Datum to Preliminary N.A. 1927 Datum ranges from 1.36 sec. on T-11039 to -1.55 sec. on T-11045 in Letitude, and is -20.41 sec. in Longitude. This correction in seconds was converted into meters, and stamped in each descriptive report on page T-2, and on each manuscript near the title block. When the cloth-backed maps are prepared for registration, this same correction note should be stamped on them as follows:

See the Special Report on MCRIZONTAL DATUM ADJUSTMENT for Ph-29, PARTS I, II, & III, filed with the completion report, for a project index showing the correction for each map.

NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. 7 110 39

Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
2/10/55	9476	Spwalner et al	Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
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			Before After Verification and Review
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M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.