T-11700

Form 504

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Planimetric

Field No. Ph-5907 Office No. T-11700
CLASS II & III (Refer to page 6)

LOCALITY

State Virginia

General locality Cape Charles

Locality Mockhorn Channel

CHIEF OF PARTY
George F. Wirth, Photo. Party 723
W. E. Randall, Baltimore District Officer
Alfred O. Holmes, Director, AMO

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE

JUL 1975

USCOMM-DC 5087

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

2 -

T 11700

Project No. (II): Ph-5907

Quadrangle Name (IV): Mockhorn Channel

Field Office (II): Keller, Virginia

Chief of Party: G. F. Wirth

Photogrammetric Office (III): Baltimore, Maryland

Officer-in-Charge:

W. E. Randall

Instructions dated (II) (III): 10/20/59 Ltr. from Ass't Dir., 4/26/60 Instructions dated (II) (III):

Copy filed in Division of

Photogrammetry (IV)

Method of Compilation (III): Graphic

Manuscript Scale (III): 1:10,000

Stereoscopic Plotting Instrument Scale (III):

Scale Factor (III):

1.000

Date received in Washington Office (IV):

Date reported to Nautical Chart Branch (IV):

Applied to Chart No.

Date:

Date registered (IV):

Publication Scale (IV):

Publication date (IV):

Geographic Datum (III):

N.A. 1927

Vertical Datum (III): 州州ル

Mean sea level except as follows: Elevations shown as (25) refer to mean high water Elevations shown as $(\underline{5})$ refer to sounding datum i.e., mean low water or mean lower low water

Reference Station (III): DALBY, 1887

(Va. Vol. 1 page 115)

Lat.: 37° 12' 54.433"(1678.1 m)

Long.: 75° 56: 16.322" (402.4m)

Adjusted Minadiosteck

Plane Coordinates (IV):

State: Virginia

Zone: South

Y≈

.X=

Roman numerals indicate whether the item is to be entered by (II) Field Party, (III) Photogrammetric Office, or (IV) Washington Office.

When entering names of personnel on this record give the surname and initials, not initials only.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

Field Inspection by (II): G. F. Wirth

R. S. Tibbetts

P. C. Specht

Date: January 1960

thru April 1960

Planetable contouring by (II):

Date:

Completion Surveys by (II):

Date:

Mean High Water Location (III) (State date and method of location): April & May 1960 field inspection on October 1950 photographs.

Projection and Grids ruled by (IV):

R. A. C.

Date: Dec. 1960

Projection and Grids checked by (IV): J. D. C.

Date: Jan. 1961

Control plotted by (III):

J. C. Richter

Date: January 1961

Control checked by (III):

F. J. Tarcza

Date: Jan. 1961

Radial Plot on Strong scoping

H. R. Rudolph

Date: Feb. 1961

Control extension by (III):

Planimetry

Date:

Stereoscopic Instrument compilation (III):

Contours

Date:

Manuscript delineated by (III):

J. C. Councill

Date: May 1961

Photogrammetric Office Review by (III):

J. C. Richter

Date: Sept. 1961

Elevations on Manuscript checked by (II) (III):

Date:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

- 5 - 3

Camera (kind or source) (III): USC&GS nine-lens and single lens cameras

Number .	Date	PHOTOGRAPHS (III) Time (EST)	Scale	Stage of Tide
60,555 thru 60, 557 60,588 thru 60,590 59-W-9868 to 9886 Black & whites of color transparenc		11:32 11:51	1:10,000 "	0.1' above MLW 0.0 " "
62-W-3995 thru 62-W-3998	4/28/63	13:10		3.3 " "

From Predicted Tables

Reference Station:

Sandy Hook

Subordinate Station: Smith Island Coast Guard Station

Subordinate Station:

Atlantic Marine Center Westinger Review by (IV):

C. H. Bishop

Date: Dec. 1973

Range Range

<u>5,61</u>

|Ratio of | Mean | Spring

<u>4,61</u>

Final Drafting by (IV): R.D.Purvis (Tampa District Office)
Final drafting reviewed by: W.H.Shearouse (Tampa)
Drafting verified for reproduction by (IV):

) Date: March 1963) March 1963

Ranges

Date:

Date:

Proof Edit by (IV):

•

Land Area (Sq. Statute Miles) (III): 8.5

Shoreline (More than 200 meters to opposite shore) (III):

24 mi.

Shoreline (Less than 200 meters to opposite shore) (III):

40 mi.

Control Leveling - Miles (II):

Number of BMs searched for (II):

Number of Triangulation Stations searched for (II):

Recovered: Recovered:

O

Identified: Identified: 6

Number of Recoverable Photo Stations established (III): X 1

Number of Temporary Photo Hydro Stations established (III): 0

Remarks:

COMM- DC- 57842

T-11700

COMPILATION RECORD

COMPLETION DATE REMARKS

Sept. 1961	Superseded
July 1962	Superseded
Dec. 1973	
	July 1962

PH-5907

CAPE CHARLES TO ASSATEAGUE, VA. Planimetric Mapping Scale 1:10,000

OFFICIAL MILAGE FOR COST ACCOUNTS Sheet Lin. Mi. Area No. 11660 Sq. Mi. Shoreline 10.1 1166 11661 37° 52'30" 10.1 11699 11700 11701 11702 T-12132 11703 T-10887 TOTALS 365.6

SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT T-11700

This 1:10,000 scale shoreline manuscript is one of 43 maps that comprise Project PH-5907, Cape Charles to Assateague, Virginia. The project diagram indicates the location of this map in the project.

Field inspection prior to compilation was done on 9-lens photographs in April 1960.

Compilation was done graphically and was based on a radial plot using 9-lens photography taken in October 1959. It was later revised from photographs taken in April 1962, after the hurricane of March 1962. (Atlantic Ocean Shoreline revised from 1962 photographs)

There was no field edit of this map.

Final review was done at the Atlantic Marine Center in December 1973.

The compilation manuscript was a vinylite sheet 3 minutes 45 seconds in latitude by 3 minutes 45 seconds in longitude.

A cronaflex copy of the final reviewed manuscript and a negative were forwarded for record and registry.

Field Inspection Report

PH-5907

Eastern Shore of Virginia

2. Areal Field Inspection

This report covers the southern seven maps in Northampton County, sheets 11697 thru 11703.

Most of the area is salt marsh which covers at high water. There are many deep channels through the marshes, but most of these channels are choked at the ocean or where they enter large bays. The ocean beach is lined with various sized sand dunes.

The photography was satisf_Ectory.

A shack under construction on Black Rock Channel, at Goodwin Island, should be investigated by the field edit party.

The hydro party should investigate a charted wreck on Wreck Island. See section 8 of this report for details.

3. Horizontal Control

Stations not recovered, which were control requirements:

Magothy Bay, Channel Light No. 6

Smith 2
Smith Hydrographic
Smith's Island North 2
Mink
Mink 2
Ship Shoal 3
Wreck 3
Sand Shoal Inlet, the Spit Beacon
Sand Shoal Inlet, Running Channel Black Beacon
Cobb 3

None of these stations could be found. Many stations bordering the ocean were lost due to erosion. The shacks were destroyed by fire or hurricanes.

All the stations on the sheets that had not been previously reported as lost were reported on Form 526 at this time.

Reported As Lost On Form 526:

Magothy Bay Channel Light No 6, 1954
Smith Hydrographic, 1929
New Inlet, East Gable, East Shack, 1934
House on Flats, Center, 1934
Wreck No 3, 1933
Spit Light, Sand Shoal Channel Red Beacon, 1933
Sand Shoal Channel, Black Beacon (F1 W)
Running Channel, 1933
Shack On Piles, Northeast Gable, 1934

All C&GS control in the area was searched for.

4. Vertical Control

The recovery of tidal Bench Marks was required for the Project.

Bench Marks recovered:

BM 1 (U.S.F.) (Oyster)
BM Morgan 2 (Oyster)
BM R-86 (Cyster)
BM 2. 1934 (Cobb Island Coast Guard)

Bench Marks reported lost:

BM 1, 1943 (Cobb Island C.G.) BM 3, 1934 (Cobb Island C.G.)

5. Contours and Drainage

No contours were required.

Drainage is in the form of small streams and ditches. Drainage was delineated and swampy areas outlined. All drainage was examined under the stereoscope and little difficulty should be encountered in picking it out.

6. Woodland Cover

Tree areas and orchards were identified and labeled on the photos. Most of the woodland cover consists of slash pine and various hard woods, often intermixed.

7. Shoreline and Alongshore Features

Most of the area is salt marsh which is covered at high water. Fast ground is indicated by the presence of trees, sand dunes, or clumps of small bushes which show as a light gray grainy texture on the photos (see notes on photos). The MHWL has been delineated on the

photos.

The apparent MHWL is usually found at the edge of the marsh grass. The marsh grass shows as a darker gray even texture on the photos, as compared with the mud banks, which show lighter gray with a wrinkled texture. The apparent MHWL has been delineated where it is not self evident. The apparent MHWL along the west side of Mockhorn Island on sheet 11700 was extremely hard to delineate due to poor contrast on the photos. It was noted on the 9 lens photos by walking the shoreline.

The outer chain of islands is covered with sand dunes, which wash and drift.back over the marsh. In some areas the sand has washed back and exposed the old marsh on the ocean side. The dunes are covered with sparce tough grass, and small bushes.

The outer islands are changing rapidly. A comparison with 1942 maps shows that Wreck Island has had about in the mile of its southern end eroded away while the northern end has built up. Build up has also taken place on Smith Island; and Bungalow Inlet has shifted northeastward.

Signs marking shore ends of submarine cables have been identified and labeled.

All other features have been noted on the photos.

8. Offshore Features

The low water line has been delineated on the photos where possible. Much of the area is very flat, and the low water line does not not show very well.

Many oyster shell piles are scattered throughout the shallow bays, and alongside the channels. They present a definite hazard to small boats attempting to cross them. The piles show as small white areas on the photos, and have been labeled.

No trace of the wreck charted at lat. 37°17.0° long. 75°47.5° could be found. This is right near the beach so it could have been washed away or buried. The hydro party should investigate this item.

9. Landmarks and Aids

Landmarks and aids for nautical and aeronautical charts were investigated and reported on Form 567.

The black and white prints of the color photography were field edited and labded. Fixed aids which did not show up on the photos were located by ground survey methods from photo points and triangulation stations.

10. Boundaries, Monuments, and Lines

There are no boundaries, monuments or lines to be mapped in the area.

11. Other Control

All previously marked Topographic stations that could be of value to hydrography were searched for and reported on form 524.

The following were recovered:

SUN 1942

CUT 1942

The following were reported lost or destroyed:

BAT 1942

BIT 1942

BUN 1942

Cobb Island Coast Guard Sta Tidal BM 1 (1942)

FOX 1942

INK 1942

KIT 1942

LAP (1942)

LOT 1942

NAP 1942

POT 1942

PUN 1942

REC 1942

The following monumented topographic stations were established:

BM R 86 (1960) COBB BM 2, 1934 (1960)

Fo meet the minimum spacing requirements of a recoverable station every 2 miles, stations should have been established at about lat. 37°15.8', long. 75°47.9' (Wreck Island) and Lat. 37°15.8', Long. 75°51.6' (New Marsh).

Due to lack of time a Topographic station was not established in these areas. It is not felt necessary to revisit the area to establish these

stations, since many stations (such as Cobb Island Coast Guard Station, Cape Charles Lighthouse) are clearly visable from up to 10 miles.

Photo points 001, 003 thru 009 were used to locate topographic stations and fixed aids.

12. Other Interior Features

Roads used only for access to fields have been labeled "FS", for Farm Service.

There were no bridges or cable clearences required in the area.

All other features were noted on the photos.

13. Geographic Names

Local inquiry disclosed no discrepencies of geographic names in the area.

14. Special Reports and Supplemental Data

Coast Pilot Report - The following changes should be made in "U.S.C.P. 3-Atlantic Coast- Sandy Hook to Cape Henry-Sixth(1953) Edition":

Page 214 - line 43 should read;

A newly dredged channel, with a controlling depth of 3 feet in April 1959, leads from Chesapeake Bay across the southeasterly tip of Cape Charles in to deep water in Magothy Bay. The entrance to this inlet from the Chesapeake Bay is now choked with sand. Surf breaks over the entrance in rough weather along a north-south line through Light "34". Magothy is a village on the west side......

Page 215 - lines 4-5-6 should be deleted

a Coast Pilot Report was also submitted under separate eover 7 June 1960. — G.7.91.

Respectfully Submitted 7 June 1960

Serge 7. World George F. Wirth, Chief of Party

PROTOGRAMMETRIC PLOT GEPORT Project Ph-5907 Surveys Nos. T-11697 thru T-11703

21. AREA COVERED

This radial plot covers the total area of surveys Nos. T-11700 through T-11703 and the central and southern portions of surveys Nos. T-11697 through T-11699. These are planimetric surveys along the Atlantic Coast from Cape Charles northward to Sand Shoal Inlet, and extending westward to just west of Magothy Bay.

22. METHOD-RADIAL PLOT

Map Manuscripts:

Vinylite sheets with polyconic projections in black and Virginia State Grid, South Zone in red were furnished by the Washington Office.

The positions of all horizontal control stations and substitute points were plotted on the manuscripts with the Coordinatograph.

A sketch showing the layout of the surveys, distribution of control, and photograph centers is attached to this report.

Photographs:

Thirty (30) nine-lens photographs taken in October 1959 at a scale of 1:10,000 were used in the plot, numbered as follows:

60402 through 60410 60545 through 60560 60586 through 60590

Templets: photograph
Vinylite templets were made for each templet using the master templet to correct for chamber displacement.

Closure and Adjustment to Control:

The manuscripts for the plot were joined together by matching common grid lines.

The plot was laid directly on the map manuscripts.

The templets for 60555 and 60556 were laid first since they contained the most control. The rest of the flight, 60554 through 60560, was then laid followed by the flight 60586 through 60590. The other two flights were then laid and with very few minor adjustments to the templets a satisfactory plot was constructed. While laying the templets for 60405, 60406, and 60407 it was noted that one control station, SHIP SHOAL ISLAND WHITE PYRAMID NO. 6 1959, which had not been identified by the field party could be office identified. This point was pricked and the station held in the

plot. CHERITON WEBSTER CANNING CO. STACK 1939 and CHERITON REBSTER CANNING CO. TANK 1939 were also identified in this office and held in the plot. Only one identified control station, SAND SHOAL INLET MIKES SAND BEACON 1933, was not held in the plot.

Transfer of Points:

The positions of all passpoints, photograph centers and radially plotted positions of control were pricked on the top templets and drilled through the templets and map manuscripts.

23. ADEQUACY OF CONTROL

The density and distribution of control was adequate. The field identification of control was good.

One identified control station could not be held in the plot.

SAND SHOAL INLET MIKES SAND BEACON 1935 - The radially plotted position falls approximately 7.8 mm SE of its grid position. This beacon has been identified on nine-lens photograph No. 60546 as SAND SHOAL INLET BLACK BEACON 1934. However, on single lens photograph 59-W-9804 the same image has been identified as an Aid to Navigation, SAND SHOAL INLET MIKES SAND LIGHT. There is no coordinate or geographic position available to this office for SAND SHOAL INLET BLACK BEACON 1934, and also there is no description for SAND SHOAL INLET MIKES SAND BEACON 1933. However, on page 20 of cahier 376 the description for SAND SHOAL INLET BLACK BEACON 1933 recovered 1934 states, "This beacon carried away in storm of August 1933 and since rebuilt. It was relocated by this party in 1934". Since no other beacon appears on the photographs, it is believed that MIKES SAND BEACON 1933 no longer exists and that the radially plotted position is the position of SAND SHOAL INLET BLACK BEACON 1934.

MAGOTHY CHANNEL DAYBEACON NO. 3 1934, had been plotted on the margin of survey T-11700. This station should be considered lost as the only Aid in this vicinity is Ship Shoal Channel to Fisherman's Inlet Light 20 as identified by the field party and also as shown on chart 1222.

The radially plotted positions of two (2) shacks that were identified as Landmarks fell so close to the positions of 1959 control that the radially plotted position of the Landmarks have not been shown. They are as follows:

SHACK (East Gable) Ht. 21 (23) - Approximately 0.1 mm east of OLD HOUSE CREEK HOUSE NO. 1 1959.
SHACK (NW Gable) - togelose to measure to RED DRUM DRAIN SHACK NO. 3 1959

24. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

None used.



25. PHOTOGRAPHY

Adequate.

despectfully submitted 27 February 1961

H. R. Rudolph Carto. (Photo.)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT (

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL RECORD

1,000

MAP T.11700		PROJE(PROJECT NO. Ph-5907	SCALE OF MAP 1:10,000	000	SCAL	SCALE FACTOR	R Leuw
STATION	SOURCE OF INFORMATION (INDEX)	DATUM	LATITUDE OR V-COORDINATE LONGITUDE OR x-COORDINATE	DISTANCE FROM GRID IN FEET. OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS FORWARD (BACK)	DATUM	N.A. 1927 - DATUM DISTANCE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS FORWARD (BACK)		FACTOR DISTANCE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS FORWARD (BACK)
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2 1910	p• 49	1351	2,757,368,09				,	
Sub. Pt. 1		н	319,805,27					
			2,756,968,87					
Sub. Pt. 2		=	319,781,67					
			2,757,595,81					
PARSONS 1953	-		332,113,23					
	p. 255	#	2,735,174,90					
Sub. Pt. 1		11	332,189,91					
			2,734,815,59					
Sub. Pt. 2			332,171,08					
			2,735,223,կ2					
DALBY 2, Az. Mark,			37 13			209.5	1640.2)	
		u	75 56			1169.0	(310.3)	
DALBY 2 1959	Accession No. of Com	Comp.				1730.8	(6.811)	
///- 6 mm/	G-11995					780•8	(698.5)	
Sub. Pt. A		=	37 12			1775.0	(74.7)	
			75 56			829.6	(649.7)	
Sub. Pt. B	Comp	=	37 12			1750•5	(88.5)	-
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						*		
1 FT = 3048006 METER	လ		1/11/61	_ ا	C. Richter		1/21/61	/61 COMM- DC- 57843
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FORM 164 (4-23-54)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DISTANCE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS SCALE FACTOR 1,000 (BACK) 7 FORWARD (BACK) N.A. 1927-DATUM FORWARD DATUM SCALE OF MAP 1:10,000 OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS DISTANCE FROM GRID IN FEET. (BACK) FORWARD LONGITUDE OR x-COORDINATE LATITUDE OR y-COORDINATE PROJECT NO. Ph-5907. 342,532,06 2,759,726,85 2,759,528.25 343,940,46 2,759,295,56 325,323,00 2,755,787,18 320,800.99 2,745,426,10 320,843,68 2,745,437,26 343,570.64 331,164.63 2,755,650.74 325,157.50 2,755,545,92 320,850,47 2,745,453,17 325,526.37 2,746,001.37 DATUM N.A. 1927 = F = = = = = = = MAP T. 11700 SOURCE OF p. 258 (INDEX) VA S P. 75 VA S P• 49 p. 49 VA S VA S Ø KETCHNAM 2, R.M. 2, 1954 NORTH MOCKHORN MOCKHORN (USE) 1939 STATION Sub. Pt. 1 Q Sub. Pt. 1 Sub. Pt. 1 DALEY 1887 Ø Sub. Pt. Sub. Pt. Sub. Pt. 1887

COMM. DC. 5784

1/15/61

DATE....

CHECKED BY. J. C. Richter

1/11/0

DATE.

COMPUTED BY F. A. S.

1 FT. = .3048006 METER

OOMPILATION REPORT Ph-5907 T-11700

For the field inspection and photogrammetric plot reports covering the area, see the Descriptive Report for T-11703.

31. DELINEATION

Graphic method was used for delineation.

32. CONTROL

The identification, density, and placement of control was adequate.

33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

U.S.G.S., Townsend, Va. quadrangle with final names.

34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours: Inapplicable.
Drainage is all perennial, due to the low marsh land of the area.

35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAIL

The shoreline inspection was adequate.

The low water line was from field inspection and office interpretation.

36. OFFSHORE DETAIL

Refer to item 8 of the field inspection report.

37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

Forms 567 for nine Aids and two Landmarks were submitted on March 27, 1961.

38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS

T-11700 - Form 524 is submitted herewith for one previously established Recoverable Topographic Station.

T-11703 - None.

The recovered station is listed in paragraph No. 49.

39. JUNCTIONS

T-11697 to the north in agreement.
T-11701 to the east in agreement.
T-11247 (Ph-119) to the south in agreement.
T-11246 (Ph-119) to the west not in agreement.

Where details could not be matched, the manuscript was delineated over the neat line to show the present condition.

40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY

No comment.

41 thru 45. Inapplicable.

46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS

Comparison has been made with U.S.G.S., Townsend, Va., quadrangle, scale 1:24,000, dated 1955.

47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS

Comparison has been made with nautical chart No. 1222, scale 1:80,000 16th edition. Revised 6/20/60.

Items to be applied to nautical charts immediately: None.

Items to be carried forward: None.

Respectfully submitted

In C. Richter

John C. Richter Carto. (Photo.)

Approved and forwarded

William E. Randall

CDR, C&GS

Baltimore District Officer

Addendum to Compilation Report T-11700

Single lens photographs taken in April 1962 were used for minor revision of the shoreline of Magothy and Mockhorn Bays in the western half of the compilation. The eastern half was not covered by the 1962 photography.

Scribing and stick-up were done in the Tampa Office.

June 22, 1972

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-5907 (Virginia)

T-11700

Beach Marsh Cabin Cove Dunton Cove Evans Creek Fish Hog Gut Magothy Bay Magothy Channel Marion Scott Cove Mill Creek Mockhorn Bay Mockhorn Channel Mockhorn Island Old House Creek Reynolds Creek South Bay Stringers Ditch The Narrows The Thorofare Walls Landing Creek

Approved:

A. Joseph Wraight Chief Geographer Prepared by

Frank W. Pickett

Cartographic Technician

PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW

T. 11700

41. Remarks (see attached sheet) FIELD COMPLETION ADDITIONS AND	O CORRECTIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPT pletion survey have been applied to the manuscript. The 43.
41. Remarks (see attached sheet)	CORRECTIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPT
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40. Keviswer	Supervisor, Review Section or Unit
overlay x 25 37. Descriptive Report V A 38. Fi	leid inspection photographs 39. Forms
33. Geographic names 32 34. Junctions VCR	35. Legibility of the manuscript $\frac{\sqrt{CR}}{\sqrt{CR}}$ 36. Discrepancy ield inspection photographs $\frac{\sqrt{CR}}{\sqrt{CR}}$ 39. Forms $\frac{\sqrt{CR}}{\sqrt{CR}}$
MISCELL SCP NCP	LANEOUS
•	
31. Boundary lines 32. Public land lines	
BOUN	IDARIES
27. Roads 28. Buildings JCR 29. Railroa	ds30. Other cultural features
, CULTURAL	- FEATURES
*	
features JC. R	25. Other physics
	22. Planetable contours 23. Stereoscopi 25. Spot elevations 26. Other physica
	. FEATURES <u> VCK</u> 22. Planetable contours 23. Stereoscopi
shore cultural features VCR	
· ·	er alongshore physical features <u>& L</u> 19. Other along-
12. Shoreline VCK 13. Low-water line VCK 14.	Rocks, shoals, etc. 15. Bridges 16. Ald
	Chart Data)
ALONGSH	HORE AREAS
3. Hotting of advicent times	is pict topol
Plotting of sextant fixes	
	uracy VC/C 6. Recoverable horizontal stations of les
	- 01/11/01/0
	STATIONS 4n. Classification label VC.
	,

43. Remarks:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COAST AND GLETIC SURVEY

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Form 567 (10-15-56)

NONFLOATING AIDS OF LIKENDAMAKES FOR CHARTS

Baltimore, Maryland

27 March

19 61

I recommend that the following objects which have (1996 the been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks be the charts indicated. charted on [ddft/d/tfff/

F. J. Tarcza The positions given have been checked after listing by _

The second second second

STRIKE OUT TWO

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CHARTING	DESCRIPTION	BIGNAL		D.M.METERS	TEBS		" D. P. METERS	DATOM	BURVEY No.	LOCATION	HSMI		
	SAND SHOAL CHANNEL TO PISHERMAN	INITES.			<u> </u>	:							
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	Field descriptions as of 5 April 1960	अधा सम						J.					1
	* 1961 Light List shows these a	se "red"	red triangula "black square	1944	daymank	uo .	110a			,			
	•							7					

This form shall be prepared in accordance with Hydrographic Manual, pages 800 to 804. Positions of charted landmarks and nonfloating aids to navigation, if redetermined, shall be reported on this form. Revisions shall show both the old and new positions. The data should be considered for the charts of the area and not by individual field survey sheets. Information under each column heading should be given.

* TABULATE SECONDS AND METERS

USCOMM-DC 27126

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PETIC SURVEY COAST AND G

MONWHOLM HAM AND LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

STRIKE OUT TWO

(10-15-58

Baltimore, Maryland

<u> 19<mark>61</mark> – </u>

27 March

I recommend that the following objects which have (MLM Mad) been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks be charted on (MMM) the charts indicated. TO BE CHARTED

F. J. Tarcza

The positions given have been checked after listing by

CHARTS Chief of Party. 1222 Ċ DITENDRE CHART INSHORE CHART HARBOR CHART <u>8</u>/17/1 OF Willem E. Randell DATE Ē Triang. T-11700 Rad.Plot LOCATION AND AUBURYEY NO. P-11700 METHOD N.A. DATUM 1927 19.060 19.060 170.1 19.79 LONGITUDE # 굯 POSITION v 0 75 54.088 54.088 52.7 1625 LATITUDE* 검 Ħ • • 33 3 BIGNAL MOCKHORN (Eg) U.S.E. 1939" ht. 100' South Lookout Tower N. Lookout Tower over DESCRIPTION VIRGINIA ht. 87! (88!) CHARTING TOWERS TOWERS THEN PINI **BTATE**

gation, if redetermined, shall be reported on this form. Revisions shall show both the old and new positions. The data should be considered for the charts of the area and not by individual field survey sheets. Information under each column heading should be given. This form shall be prepared in accordance with Hydrographic Manual, pages 800 to 804. Positions of charted landmarks and nonfloating aids to navi-

* TABULATE SECONDS AND METERS

USCOMMEDC 27126

REVIEW REPORT T-11700

SHORELINE

December 13, 1973

61. GENERAL STATEMENT:

See Summary on page 6 of this Descriptive Report.

An ozalid comparison print, showing differences noted in Par. 62 and 63, is bound with the original of this report.

T-8181 was compared with the USGS Quadrangle of the area.

Very few differences between the two maps were found to exist.

62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

West of Long. 75° 55°, a comparison was made with T-11246, 1:10,000 scale, dated 1955. East of this longitude, a comparison was made with T-8181, 1:20,000 scale, dated 1943. Significant differences between these maps and T-11700 were shown in blue on the comparison print.

T-11700 supersedes previous topographic surveys for nautical chart construction purposes.

63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:

A comparison was made with USGS Quadrangle TOWNSEND, VA., 1:24,000 scale, dated 1955. West of Long. 75° 55¹, differences between the Quadrangle and T-11700 were shown in brown on the comparison print. East of this longitude, differences are shown in blue, except where the USGS Quadrangle differed from T-8181. In these excepted areas, the differences were shown in brown.

64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

No contemporary hydrographic surveys were available for comparison.

65. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

A comparison was made with Chart 1222, 1:80,000 scale 36th edition, dated June 30, 1973. No significant shoreline changes were noted. Names and numbers of fixed aids to navigation have been changed. They are shown on T-11700 as they existed in April 1960.

66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURES SURVEYS:

This map complies with project instructions and the requirements for the National Standards of Map Accuracy. Reviewed by:

Charles H. Bishop

Charles H. Bishop Cartographer

Approved for Forwarding:

Jeffrey G. Carlen, CDR, NOAA Thief, Coastal Mapping Division, AMC

Approved:

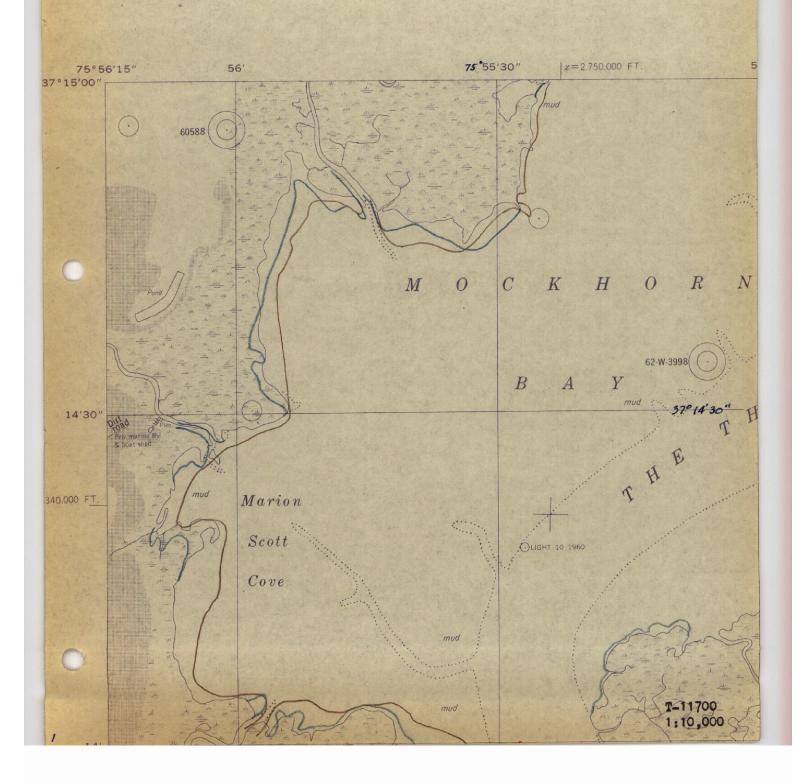
Alfred C. Holmes, RADM, NOAA Director, Atlantic Marine Center

Approyed:

Chief, Photogrammetric Branch Chief, Coastal Mapping Division

COMPARISON PRINT

Blue = T-11246 Brown = USGS



COMPARISON PRINT

Blue = T-8181 and USGS Brown = USGS where it differs from T-8181



