## 11961

#### FORM **C&G\$-504**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Environmental science services administration coast and geodetic survey

### DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Shoreline (Photogrammetric
Field No. Office No. T-11961
LOCALITY
State Hawaii
General locality Molokai
Locality Kamalo Harbor
19 61 - 196\$ Z
CHIEF OF PARTY H. J. Seaborg, Honolulu District Office M. J. Tonkel, Baltimore District Office
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE

USCOMM-DC 37022-P68

# #EFERENCE STATION (III): PUU PAPAI, 1925 LAT.: LONG.: V= 266,199.20 \*\* 419,637.36 \*\* i.e., mean low water or mean lower low water \*\* i.e., mean low water or mean lower low water \*\* Adjusted UNADJUSTED \*\* ZONE \*\* Y= 266,199.20 \*\* 419,637.36 \*\* Hawaii 2

N NUMERALS INDICATE WHETHER THE ITEM IS TO BE ENTERED BY (II) FIELD PARTY, (III) PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE,

WHEN ENTERING NAMES OF PERSONNEL ON THIS RECORD GIVE THE SURNAME AND INITIALS, NOT INITIALS ONLY.

(IV) WASHINGTON OFFICE.

#### DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

ELD INSPECTION BY (II):	-	DATE:
Leonard F. Van Scoy		Jan Oct. 1962
MEAN HIGH WATER LOCATION (III) (STATE DATE		,
1961 Photography with	th field inspection.	
Toot thocography wi		
PROJECTION AND GRIDS RULED BY (IV):		DATE
F. E. Buck		July 1962
F. D. DUCK PROJECTION AND GRIDS CHECKED BY (IV):		DATE DATE
		T7 3.000
W. Masula		July 1962
The state of the s		
H. R. Rudolph		July 1962
CONTROL CHECKED BY (III):		DATE
J. Steinburg		July 1962
RADIAL PLOT OR STEREOSCOPIC CONTROL EXT	ENSION BY (III):	DATE
E. H. Ramey		July 1962
STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT COMPILATION (III):	PLANIMETRY	DATE
	J. C. Richter	July 1962
	CONTOURS	DATE
Baltimore Office		
MANUSCRIPT DELINEATED BY (III):		DATE
R. Whitson		A
SCRIBING BY (III):		August 1962
T T II		A. 13.3051
J. L. Harris  PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW BY (III):		April 1964
D. M. Brant		August 1964
C. C. Harris		April 1964
NEIGANIO.		:

#### **DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD**

MERA (KIND OR SOURCE) (III):

RC-8 -- W camera

PHOTOGRAPHS (III)					
NUMBER	DATE	TIME	SCALE	STAGE OF TIDE	
61 W 729-731	23 Sept.1961	0845	1:15,000	0.1' above MLLW	
62 <b>W</b> 2427-2431	l Feb. 1962	1515	1:10,000	0.5' above MLLW	

	TIDE (III)				Diurnal
			RATIO OF RANGES	MEAN RANGE	SPRING- RANGE
REFERENCE STATION: Honolulu				1.2	1.8
SUBORDINATE STATION: Pukoo Harbor				1.4	2.1
SUBORDINATE STATION: Kamalo Harbor				1.4	2.1
washington office review by (iv): Leo F. Beugnet,	Atlanti , (	ic Marine Center	Jan. 1	.971	
PROOF EDIT BY (IV):			DATE:		
NUMBER OF TRIANGULATION STATIONS SEARCHED FOR (II):	2	RECOVERED:	identifie O	D:	
NUMBER OF BM(\$) SEARCHED FOR (II):	3	RECOVERED:	IDENTIFIE	D	
NUMBER OF RECOVERABLE PHOTO STATIONS ESTABLISHED (III)	): nor	·			

REMARKS:

T-11961

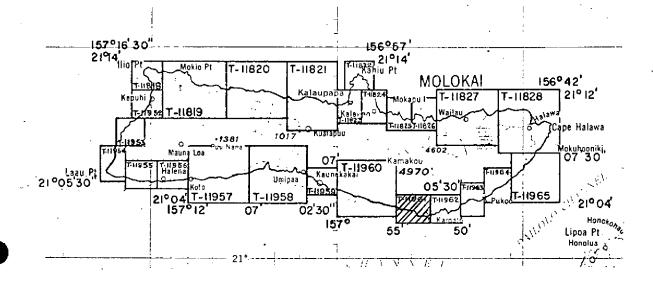
COMPILATION RECORD	COMPLETION DATE	REMARKS
Alongshore area for hydro	August 1962	
Final Review	Jan. 1971	
		·

4

# PROJECT PH-6201

## SHORELINE MAPPING

1:5,000 AND 1:10,000 SCALES MOLOKAI ISLAND HAWAII



#### Official Mileage for Cost Accounts

	•		•		
Sheet No.	Shoreline Lin. Mi.	Area Sq. Mi.	Sheet No.	Shoreline Lin. Mi.	Area Sq. Mi.
11818 11819 11820 11821 11822 11823 11824 11825 11826 11827 11828	4 6 6 4 3 1 3 3 3 3 6 9	46643133369	11952 11953 11954 11955 11956 11957 11958 11959 11960 11961 11962 11963 11964 11965	33233653634333	33233653634333
			Total	98	98

#### SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY

#### DESCRIPTIVE REPORT T-11961

Shoreline survey T-11961 is one of twenty-five similar surveys in Project PH-6201. These surveys cover the entire coast of Molokai. This survey covers that part of the south coast extending from Kamalo Harbor westward to Kanukuawa Fishpond.

Field work preceding compilation consisted of identification of horizontal control, shoreline and field inspection and location of fixed aids to navigation.

Compilation was at 1:5,000 scale by Kelsh Plotter methods using the photography of September 1961 and February 1962. Cronaflex copies of the manuscript along with ozalids and specially prepared photographs were subsequently provided for transfer of the shoreline to the boat sheet, photo-hydro support and field edit use.

The compilation manuscript was a vinylite sheet 2 minutes in latitude by 2 minutes 30 seconds in longitude which was scribed and reproduced on cronaflex. Final review was in the Atlantic Marine Center in January 1971. One cronaflex copy and a negative of the final reviewed manuscript are forwarded for record and registry.

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

Hap Manuscripts T-11952 thru 11965 T-11818 thru 11828

Project PH-6201

January - October 1962

#### 2. AREAL FIELD INSPECTION

The area covered by this report encompasses the whole of the island of Molokai. This is the fifth largest of the group of islands that form the State of Hawaii. The island was originally formed by the eruption of two volcanos. One was located somewhere near the east end of the island and the other somewhere near the west end. Following these eruptions the numerous deep drainages were created by stream errosion and the ocean created the great cliffs along the north coast. A later eruption formed the Makanalua Peninsula on the north central coast. The Kauhako Crater remains as evidence of this eruption. The highest peak is Kanakou which is 4958 feet above sea level.

The climate of the island varies considerably depending on the elevation and location in relation to the prevailing trade winds. The mean annual temperature at sea level is about 74 degrees. The temperature seldom varies more than 10 degrees except at the higher elevations. The yearly rainfall varies from about 7 inches around Kaunakakai to over 150 inches in the high nountain sections of the northeast.

The only port in use on the island is located at Kaunakakai. A small wharf connected to the shore by a long mole is used to load and unload barges, and serve small commercial and private boats. At one time a rail-road connected the wharf to the area now known as Hoolehua Homesteads. It was abandoned soon after completion as the sugar plantation it was constructed to serve was a failure. The economy of the island is almost wholly dependent on the growing of pineapple and cattle ranching.

The wharf located at Kolo was used for a time to load pineapple from the Maunaloa area. It was later abandoned and since that time has been partially destroyed by fire. The wharf located at Kamalo is now in poor condition and seldomed used except by an occasional small fishing or pleasure boat. The wharf located at Pukoo is no longer in evidence. Located at Haleolon is a small harbor protected by a breakwater. This is a private harbor and is used to load sand and cinder barges for shipment to Cahu. A small private airstrip is located along the easterly breakwater.

Located on the Makanalua Peninsula is the small settlement of Kalaupapa. The settlement is maintained by the State of Houaii, Department of Health for the treatment of Hanson's Disease (Lepersey). Special permission must be obtained from the state before visiting this area. No facilities for serving the public are permitted on the peninsula. The U.S. Coast Guard maintains an isolated light station at the northern tip of the peninsula. The area is served by limited airplane service and supplies are brought in by barge at infrequent intervals. A small wharf protected by a short breakwater is located at the settlement. This area is isolated from the remainder of the island except for a foot trail that leads down the steep rocky cliffs from the top of the pali southwest of the settlement.

Shoreline around the island vary from the almost vertical rock cliffs along most of the north and east coast, to the narrow and relatively flat coastal areas along the south coast. Most of the south coast is protected by an offshore reef. A few sandy beaches are located along the south and west coasts. Most of the north coast is accessable only by boat and any landings there should be attempted with extreme caution.

Photography was adequate for the identification of horizontal control and shoreline inspection for most of the island. A few sections of the shoreline along the northeast coast of the island were in complete shadow from the most vertical cliffs.

The shoreline for the entire island was visually inspected an the mean high water noted on the field photographs. The shoreline along the north coast except for the Makanelua Peninsula was inspected by cruising offshore in a small boat. The work was difficult due to the small size of the boat, the rough seas, and strong winds. A few landings were made on the more prominent points along the northeast coast. The remainder of the island was inspected by walking the shoreline in the more accessable areas, and by observations from vantage points along bluffs and cliffs where the shoreline could not be otherwise visited. Scattered sections of the shoreline along the south coast were obscured by overhanging Keawe trees and dense growths of langrove trees.

#### 3. HORIZONTAL CONTROL

(a) The following described intersection stations were located by traverse or triangulation as nautical aids, aeronautical aids, and landmarks.

Molokai Lighthouse Molokai Airport Beacon Waihuna, Aero Beacon Red Light Kaulapuu, Aero Beacon Red Light Kolokai VOR (MAK)
Puu Apalu, Tank
Ilio Pt., Coast Guard Loran Mast
Waiahewahewa, Aero Beacon Red Light
Lanu Pt. Light
Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Front Light
Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Rear Light

- (b) No datum adjustments were made by the field party.
- (c) WAIELI 2, 1945 was the only control station identified that was not established by the Coast and Geodetic Survey. This station was established by the Territory of Hawaii and can be considered as third order accuracy. The station was destroyed before it could be tied to the 1962 work. HELEMA, 1962 which is located about a half mile west of this station was later identified. All other control stations identified were established by the Coast and Geodetic Survey or tied to by the geodetic party during the 1962 season. Many of the old stations could not be recovered and new stations had to be established to meet the control requirements.
- (d) Control stations were positively identified in all areas indicated on the control diagram.
- (e) All control stations within the limits of the project except for a few along the inaccessable northeast coast of the issland were searched for. Part of this recovery was performed by the geodetic party located on the island. All station searched for were listed on Form 526 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer. A complete list of all stations reported lost on Form 526 would have to be obtained from the Honolulu District Officer or the Division of Geodesy. No stations that were listed as lost were identified for use in the plot.
- (g) The quality of identification of each station or substitute station has been indicated on the control station identification card. None of the identification was considered to be sub-standard.

#### 4. VERTICAL CONTROL

The only vertical control requirement was the recovery of all tidal bench marks in the project area and identification of one mark in each of the groups.

All tidal bench marks listed at Pukoo, Kamalo, Kaunakakai, and Kolo were searched for. A total of 18 bench marks were searched for. All marks were listed on Form 685 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer.

A total of 13 U, S. Geological Survey bench marks were searched for. These marks were used in conjunction with the tellurometer traverse work on the island and for use in determining the elevation of landmarks. All marks were listed on Form 685 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer.

#### 5. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours not applicable

Drainage is self evident on the photographs. All streams except for a few in the larger valleys of the northeast coast and near the east end of the south coast are intermittent. During the wet season there are dozens of vaterfalls cascading from the tops of the cliffs and rims of the valleys of the northeast coast. Marsh areas have been indicated on the field photographs.

#### 6. WOODLAND COVER

The mountainous areas of the northeast part of the island is covered with a dense growth of native ferns and hardwoods. A large stand of planted softwoods is located along the top of the pali in the north central part of the island. Keawe trees which were introduced to the island about 100 years ago cover most of the remainder of the island except for the cultivated areas. Along the mud flats of the south coast there are scattered stands of introduced Mangrove trees.

#### 7. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE FEATURES

(a) The mean high water line was indicated on the photographs. Along some sections of the northeast coast the shoreline was obscured due to the shadows created on the photographs from the almost vertical cliffs. In some areas of the south coast the shoreline was partially obscured by low overhanging Kiawe trees. In most cases this overhang was less than 10 meters and the approximate correct location was indicated on the photographs. Also along the south coast there are scattered stands of Mangrove trees. In these areas the mean high water line was indicated as apparent shoreline.

The shoreline along the north, east, and small areas of the west and southwest coast contain many areas of alongshore rocks, projecting reefs and ledges, and almost vertical bluffs. These features combined with a normally heavy serf breaking along the shore tend to confuse the location of the mean high water line on the photographs.

Where possible especially along the beach areas and the more accessable sections of the coast the location of the mean high water line was determined by measurements to near by objects.

- (b) The low water line was not indicated on the photographs.
- (c) Where possible the character of the foreshore was indicated on the photographs.
- (d) The north, east, and sections of the west and southwest coast is boardered by rocky cliffs. In some cases these cliffs are over 2000 feet high. Along most of the south coast, sections of the west coast, and the Moomomi area the land has a more gradual slope with a small relatively flat area adjacent to the coast.
- (e) The only unnatural features to be found in the project area were located at Kalaupapa, Kamalo, Kaunakakai, Kolo, and Haleolono. All information regarding these features was indicated on the field photographs.
  - (f) Not applicable
- (g) Along the south shore there are the remains of many fishbonds. The stone walls for some of these have been completely leveled and for most of the others large sections of the walls have been leveled. The location of these fishbonds is apparent on the photographs.

#### 8. OFFSHORE FEATURES

Offshore rocks are located along many areas of the north, east, and sections of the west and southwest coast. Most of these rocks that are visible on the photographs are adjacent to the shore. In these areas it is probable that there are many rocks that are not visible on the photographs but are close enough to the surface of the water to consider the foreshore as being foul with submerged rocks. The height of many of the rocks along the shore were estimated at the time the shoreline was inspected.

A reef about 0.5 to 1.0 mile offshore is located along most of the south coast. Between the reef and the shore there are scattered areas of sand and many coral heads that project at low water.

#### 9. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

- (a) All charted landmarks were investigated by the field party. A total of 13 old landmarks were deleted from the charts and four old landmarks were retained. A total of 11 new landmarks were selected for charting. The old landmarks which were to be deleted were indicated on the sections of the charts on which they appeared. These sections of the charts will be submitted with the field records. All old landmarks that were retained and the new landmarks selected for charting were listed on Form 567, and the elevation for each landmark was determined by the field party.
  - (b) No interior landmarks were seected for charting,

(c) The geographic positions for the following charted aeronautical aids was determined by traverse or triangulation during the 1962 field season.

Molokai, Airport Beacon Waiahewahewa, Aero Beacon Red Light Waihuna, Aero Beacon, Red Light Kualapuu, Aero Beacon, Red Light

The geographic position of one new aeronautical aid selected for charting was determined during the 1962 field season.

Molokai VOR (MIK)

All aeronautical aids to be charted were listed on Form 567 and the elevation for each aid was determined by the field party.

(d) The geographic positions of the following list of aids to navigation was determined by the field party during the 1962 season.

Molokai Lighthouse

Laau Pt. Light

Ilio Pt., Coast Guard Loran Mast

Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Front Light

Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Rear Light

All nautical aids to be charted were listed on Form 567 and the elevation for each aid was determined by the field party.

- (e) Not applicable
- 10. BOUNDARIES, MONUMENTS, AND LINES

Not applicable

#### 11. OTHER CONTROL

No recoverable topographic stations were established.

In all areas where identifiable objects could be found photo hydro sites were selected. In some cases it will be necessary to locate a more suitable location for the hydrographic signals from the selected photo hydro sites.

#### 12. OTHER INTERIOR FLATURES

All roads in the project area were classified on the field photographs in compliance with the project instructions.

All public buildings with their function was indicated on the field photographs.

The main airport serving the island is located south of the Hoolehua Homestead area in the central section of the island. A small airport for use by small aircraft is located on the Makanalua Peninsula. A small private airstrip is located at Haleolon near the southwest end of the island.

No bridges or overhead cable crossings over navigable water are located in the project area. There are no submerged cables connecting the island with other areas.

#### 13. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Not Applicable

OCT 3 0 1962

H.J. Seaborg Capt., C & G S

Honolulu District Officer

Respectfully submitted:

Leonard F. Van Scoy

Supervisory Survey Technican

Unit Chief, C & G S

#### Aerotriangulation Report MOLOKAI Island, Hawaii Project PH-6201 July 1962

#### <u>Aera Covered</u>

This report discusses the results of aerotriangulation of three strips of photographs on the southeast portion of Molokai Island. It covers shoreline surveys T-11828 (in part) at 1:10,000 scale, T-11958 (in part) at 1:10,000 scale, T-11959 at 1:5000 scale, T-11960 at 1:10,000 scale, T-11961 thru T-11964 at 1:5000 scale and T-11965 at 1:10,000 scale. Other parts of this project will be covered by subsequent reports.

#### Method

The three strips were done by stereoplanigraph and furnish sufficient pass points for compilation of shoreline details by Kelsh instruments. Strip #3 coordinates were computed by a linear transformation using the Clary Computer. Strip #1 and #2 were computed by the IBM-650 Computer. Although two stations did not hold in the adjustment for Strip #2 (See Item 25 below), the adjustment for all strips is believed to be satisfactory for the required accuracy of these surveys. This is based on the closures to other stations and the ties between strips. (See appended sketch)

#### 23. Adequacy of Control

With exceptions below, control was adequate and complied with project instructions.

Advance field positions for Stations HALEAHI, 1962 and RAYKAMI, 1962 were used. Both indicated a similar error in X-coordinates. Inconsistencies were detected in directions furnished by the field party which could account for these discrepancies. Positions affected in Strip #2 should be verified after the receipt of final positions.

#### 24. Supplemental Data

None.

#### 25. Photography

Adequate for aerotriangulation.

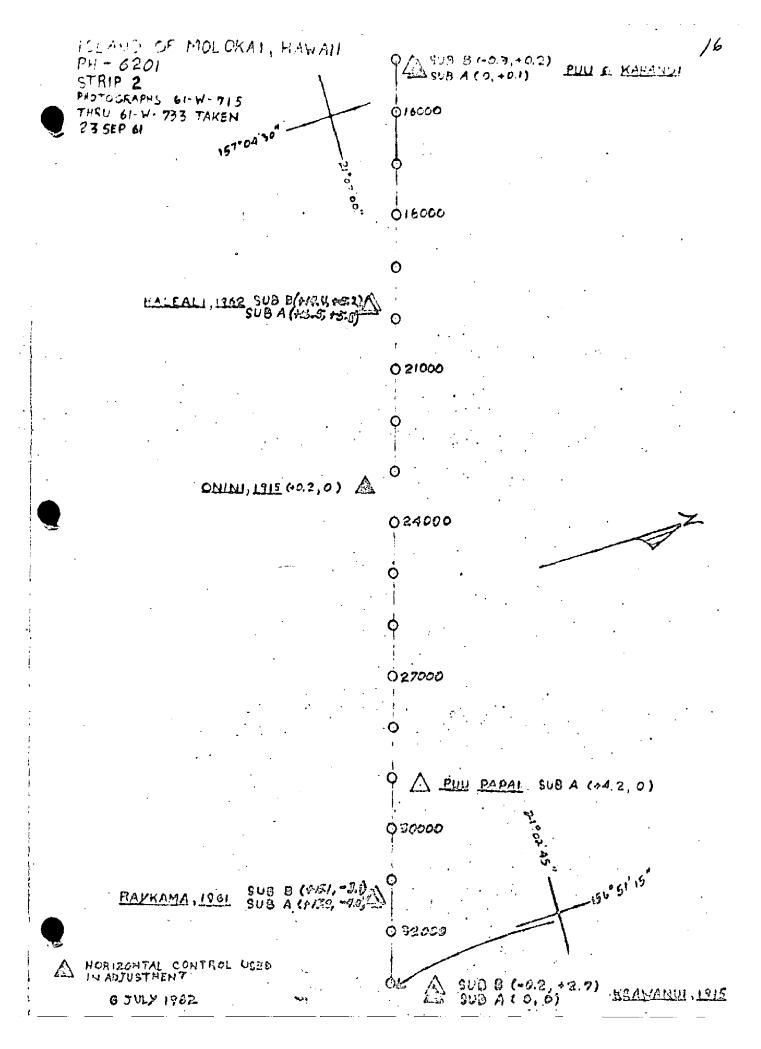
Submitted by:

Everett H. Ramey Chief, Aerotriangulation Section

THRU BI-W- 985 TAKEN TOLATIO OF MOLOKAT, HAWATT PH - 5251 24 SEP 61 STRIP 1 11 PEHI: 1 115 SUR A (-0.3,+0.9)/ SUB B (-0.8,+1.3) 0 88000 SUB A (+4,8,-2.3) HUMIMI 090000 PUU MAND, 1915 (+3.6,-12) HONOMUNI, 1925 (+07, -1.6) 0 92000 SUB B (-2.5, -5.5) MAPULEHU, 1925 SUB A (-3.3,+3.3) 156.50000 **0**96000 9U3 A (42.3,-36)./ KEAWANUI SUB B (+0.5,-1314) A HORIZONTAL CONTROL USE IN AUJUSTMENT

0 90000

5 JULY 1962



I LAMO OF MULCRAI, HARAIT PH - 6201 STRIP 3 PHOTOGRAFHS 61-W- 976 THRU 61-4- 980 TAKEN 24 SEP 61

**9** 76000

SUB PT A (42.3-10). LUPEHU, 1915

TIE PT. TO STRIP 1 - 9/330 ()

@ 88310 - TIE PT. TO STRIP 1

**6** 77000

SUB PT A (+0.2 ,+4.2) PUU O HOKU, 1915 SUB PT B (+1.0,+5.6)

Ø 78000

**0**79000

SUB PT C (+0.2, -0.5) KAPUU POL A.

SUB PT B (0,0)

HORIZONTAL CONTROL USED IN ADJUSTMENT

19 JULY 1962

FORM **164** (4.23-54)

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL RECORD

FACTOR DISTANCE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS COMM- DC- 57843 (BACK) FORWARD SCALE FACTOR 1.000 DATE Feb. 27, 1963 DISTANCE FROM GKID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS (BACK) N.A. 1927 - DATUM FORWARD DATUM D. M. Brant SCALE OF MAP 1:5,000 OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS DISTANCE FROM GRID IN FEET. (BACK) CHECKED BY ..... FORWARD LONGITUDE OR x-COORDINATE LATITUDE OR "-COORDINATE MAP T. 11961 PROJECT NO. PH-6201 266,199.20 419,637.36 260,280.78 428,193,28 DATE Dec. 1962 262 505 421 669 P C Old Pg. lHawaiian DATUM = SOURCE OF INFORMATION (INDEX) Р С Рв• 3 COMPUTED BY. J. C. Richter Comp. F. J. PUU PAPAI 1925 STATION RAYKAMA 1961 SON 1925

#### PROJECT 21044 (FH-6201)

#### Preliminary Compilation Report Surveys T-11959 thru T-11965

#### 31. DELINEATION

Stereoscopic instrument (Kelsh Plotter) methods were used for compilation with photography taken in 1961.

Interior details are incomplete.

#### 32. CONTROL

The identification, density and placement of horizontal control was adequate.

#### 33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

None

#### 34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours - Inapplicable
Drainage was delineated by stereoscopic methods.

#### 35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS

Shoreline inspection was adequate. The highwater line was delineated using the reference distances from prominent objects where they were recorded on the field inspection photographs.

The low water line (where shown) was delineated from office interpretation of the photographs.

#### 36. OFFSHORE DETAILS

Offshore details (reef lines, etc.) were delineated from office interpretation of the photographs. The color photography was used as an aid for compiling the offshore details.

#### 37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

Landmarks and aids for surveys T-11959 thru T-11965 are reported on Forms 567. Copies of these forms are a part of this report.

#### 38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS

There are no recoverable topographic stations on this group of surveys.

An incomplete copy of these surveys showing the shoreline and offshore details along with a set of ratio photographs with pass points and field identified photo-hydro signals was prepared and submitted for the use of the hydrographic party.

#### 39. JUNCTIONS

Junctions for surveys T-11959 thru T-11965 are in agreement.

#### 40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY

See Item 23 of the Aerotriangulation Report bound with this report.

#### 46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS

Comparison was made with the following U.S.G.S. Quadrangles:

Kamalo, Hawaii	1:24,000 Scale	1952
. Halawa, Hawaii	н п	n
Kaunakai, Hawaii	n H	tt

#### 47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS

Chart No. 4130	1:80,000	3rd Ed. 1936	Revised 6/2/58
Chart No. 4120	1:80,000	lst Ed. 1942	Revised 8/1/60
Chart No. 4121	1:5,000	lst Ed. 1928	Revised 9/17/57
Items to be applie	d to Nautical	Charts immediate	ly: None
Items to be carrie	d forward:	None	•

Respectfully submitted, 22 January 1964

Donald M. Brant Carto. (Photo.)

Approved and Forwarded

CDR. C. & G. S.

Baltimore District Office

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-6201 (Molokai Island, Hawaii)

T-11961

Kalohi Channel

Kamahuehue Fishpond

Kamalo (village)

Kamalo Harbor

Kanukuawa Fishpond

Keakuaumi

Kipapa

Pahiomu Fishpond

Pahoa

Molokai

Approved by:

A. Joseph Wraight Chief Geographer Prepared by:

Frank W. Pickett

Cartographic Technician

(9-66)			·	LS. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
l	РНО	TOGRAMMET	RIC OFFICE REVIEW	COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
			11961	
1. PROJECTION AND GRIDS	2. TITLE		3. MANUSCRIPT NUMBERS	4. MANUSCRIPT SIZE
I. PROJECTION AND GRIDS	12 11122		ST MANGGORIFT HOMBERS	4. WARDSCRIFT SIZE
DMB	DMI	3	DMB	DMB
CONTROL STATIONS	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<del>-   </del>
5. HORIZONTAL CONTROL STA	COURACY	6. RECOVERAB	LE HORIZONTAL STATIONS AN THIRD-ORDER ACCURACY	7. PHOTO HYDRO STATIONS
		(Topographic	stations)	DMD
DMB 8. BENCH MARKS	9. PLOTTING	FSEXTANT	DMB	DMB
	FIXES		PLOT REPORT	
DMB	хх		DMB	DMB
ALONGSHORE AREAS (Nautical	Chart Data)			
12. SHORELINE	13. LOW-WATER	LINE	14. ROCKS, SHOALS, ETC.	15. BRIDGES
DMB	DMI	2	DMB	DMB
16. AIDS TO NAVIGATION	17. LANDMARK		18. OTHER ALONGSHORE	19. OTHER ALONGSHORE CULTURAL FEATURES
			PHYSICAL FEATURES	CULTURAL FEATURES
_DMB	DMI	3	DMB	DMB
PHYSICAL FEATURES				
20. WATER FEATURES		21. NATURAL C	GROUND COVER	22. PLANETABLE CONTOURS
DMB			DMB	XX
23. STEREOSCOPIC	24. CONTOURS	IN GENERAL	25. SPOT ELEVATIONS	26. OTHER PHYSICAL FEATURES
INSTRUMENT CONTOURS				
XX	XX		XX	DMB
CULTURAL FEATURES 1 27. ROADS	28, BUILDINGS		29. RAILROADS	30. OTHER CULTURAL
27. 10 10 1	26. BUILDINGS		ZA RAILROADS	FEATURES
DMB	DME	3	DMB	DMB
BOUNDARIES				
31. BOUNDARY LINES			32. PUBLIC LAND LINES	
XX	<del> </del>		XX	•
MISCELLANEOUS 33. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES		34. JUNCTIONS	<del></del>	35. LEGIBILITY OF THE
				MANUSCRIPT
DMB			DMB	DMB
36. DISCREPANCY OVERLAY	37. DESCRIPTIV	VE REPORT	38. FIELD INSPECTION PHOTOGRAPHS	39. FORMS
DMB	DME	)	DMB	DMD
	DIT	)		
40. REVIEWER			SUPERVISOR, REVIEW SECTION	DMB DN OR UNIT
				ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  11. REMARKS (See attached shee			J. Steinberg	ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  1. REMARKS (See attached shee FIELD COMPLETION ADDITION	S AND CORRECT	IONS TO THE M	J. Steinberg	ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  11. REMARKS (See attached shee	S AND CORRECT furnished by the	IONS TO THE Me	J. Steinberg	ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  11. REMARKS (See attached shee FIELD COMPLETION ADDITION  42. Additions and corrections	S AND CORRECT furnished by the	IONS TO THE Me	J. Steinberg	ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  1. REMARKS (See attached shee FIELD COMPLETION ADDITION  42. Additions and corrections script is now complete exc	S AND CORRECT furnished by the	IONS TO THE Me	J. Steinberg  ANUSCRIPT  on survey have been applied	ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  1. REMARKS (See attached shee FIELD COMPLETION ADDITION  42. Additions and corrections script is now complete exc	S AND CORRECT furnished by the	IONS TO THE Me	J. Steinberg  ANUSCRIPT  on survey have been applied	ON OR UNIT
D. M. Brant  41. REMARKS (See attached shee FIELD COMPLETION ADDITION  42. Additions and corrections script is now complete exc	S AND CORRECT furnished by the	IONS TO THE Me	J. Steinberg  ANUSCRIPT  on survey have been applied	ON OR UNIT
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#### REVIEW REPORT T-11961

#### SHORELINE

#### JANUARY 6, 1971

#### 61. GENERAL STATEMENT:

See Summary, which is page 6 of the Descriptive Report.

There is no field edit report or field edit sheet for this survey. Field edit was evidently accomplished in conjunction with hydrography in the area and no corrections noted.

#### 62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

Comparison was made with a copy of registered survey T-4113, 1:5,000 scale, dated January 1925. The shoreline of these surveys is not in good agreement. The difference has been indicated on the comparison print in blue.

The passage of time has made the prior registered survey obsolete. It is superseded by T-11961 for nautical chart construction purposes.

#### 63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:

A visual comparison was made with KAMALO, HAWAII, 7.5 x 8.5 minute quadrangle, 1:24,000 scale, edition of 1952. The two surveys are in good general agreement, no major conflicts were noted.

#### 64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

There were no contemporary hydrographic surveys available for comparison purposes at the time of final review.

#### 65. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

Comparison was made with nautical Chart 4130, 6th edition, February 10, 1969. The two surveys are in good general agreement. The chart is necessarily generalized because of its scale.

#### 66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS:

This survey complies with instructions and meets the National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Reviewed by:

Leo J. Beugnet
Leo F. Beugnet
Cartographer

Approved by:

Allen L. Powell, RADM, NOAA

Director, Atlantic Marine Center

Approved by:

Chief, Photogrammetric Branchy Chief, Photogrammetry Division

