11963

FORM C&GS-504

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Shoreline (Photogrammetric)
Field No. Office No. T-11963
LOCALITY
State Hawaii
General locality Molokai
Locality Kaluaaha
19.6p. 19642
CHIEF OF PARTY H.J. Seaborg, Honolulu District Office M.J. Tonkel, Baltimore District Office
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE

USCOMM-DC 37022-P66

. •	DESCRIPTIVE REP		A RECORD		
7. A	· · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[-11963 			
OJECT NO. (II):					
PH-6201					
FIELD OFFICE (II):			CHIEF OF PARTY	•	
Honolulu D	istrict Office		H. J. Seab	org	
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE (III):			OFFICER-IN-CHAP	RGE	
Baltimore 1	District Office		M. J. Tonk	el	
INSTRUCTIONS DATED (II) (III):					
III Ma	ril 25, 1962 y 31, 1962 cember 14, 1962 A	mendment	: l		
METHOD OF COMPILATION (III):					
Kelsh Plot	ter	STEREOSCO	OPIC PLOTTING INS	TRUMENT SCA	LE (III):
1:5,000 TE RECEIVED IN WASHINGTON OF	FICE (W)	1:5,000	ORTED TO NAUTICA	1 CHART BRA	NCH (IV)
APPLIED TO CHART NO.		DATE:		DATE REGIST	ERED (IV):
GEOGRAPHIC DATUM (III):	D. form	<u></u>	VERTICAL DATU HIGH W MEAN SEASESE Elevations shown Elevations shown	es (25) refer to i	nean high water
Old Hawaii	an Dacum		i.e., mean low wat	er or mean lower	low water
REFERENCE STATION (;):			L		
MAPULEHU,	192 5				
LAT.:	LONG.:		ADJUSTED UNADJUSTED		
PLANE COORDINATES (IV):			STATE		ZONE
Y= 267,686.74	x = 452,877.68		Hawaii		2
AN NUMERALS INDICATE WHETH (19) WASHINGTON OFFICE. WHEN ENTERING NAMES OF PERSON					

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

ELD INSPECTION BY (II):		DATE:
Leonard F. Va	n S coy	Jan-Oct 1962
	TE DATE AND METHOD OF LOCATION):	
1961 Photogra	phy with field inspection.	
ROJECTION AND GRIDS RULED BY (IV):	DATE
F. E. Buck		July 1962
ROJECTION AND GRIDS CHECKED BY	(IV):	DATE
W. Masula		July 1962
ONTROL PLOTTED BY (III):		DATE
H. R. Rudolph		July 1962
ONTROL CHECKED BY (III):		DATE
J. Steinberg		July 1962
ADIAL PLOT OR STEREOSCOPIC CONT	TROL EXTENSION BY (III):	DATE
TEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT COMPILAT	TION (III): PLANIMETRY	DATE
	J. T. Richter	July 1962
·	CONTOURS	DATE
IANUSCRIPT DELINEATED BY (III):		DATE
B. Kurs		Aug. 1963
CRIBING BY (III):		DATE
J. L. Harris		M 2054
HOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW B	Y (III):	Mar. 1964
D. M. Brant		Aug. 1963
C. C. Harris		Mar. 1964

STAGE OF TIDE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

TIME

SCALE

3

0

0

PHOTOGRAPHS (III)

DATE

CAMERA (KIND OR SOURCE) (III):

NUMBER

4	
•	

RC-8 "W"

NUMBER OF RECOVERABLE PHOTO STATIONS ESTABLISHED (III):

NUMBER OF TEMPORARY PHOTO HYDRO STATIONS ESTABLISHED (III):

61 W 994 - 996	24 Sept.1961	1147	1:15,000	0.91	above M	LLW
		•				
<u> </u>		TIDE (III)				Diurnal
				RATIO OF RANGES	MEAN RANGE	RANGE
REFERENCE STATION:	Honolulu				1.2	1.8
SUBORDINATE STATION:	Pukoo Harbor				1.4	2.1
ORDINATE STATION:	Kamalo Harbor				1.4	2.1
WASHINGTON OFFICE REVI	Ja:	n. 1971				
PROOF EDIT BY (IV):	DATE:					
NUMBER OF TRIANGULATE	NUMBER OF TRIANGULATION STATIONS SEARCHED FOR (II): 2 2					
NUMBER OF BM(S) SEARCH	IDENTIFIE	ם:				

REMARKS:

T-11963

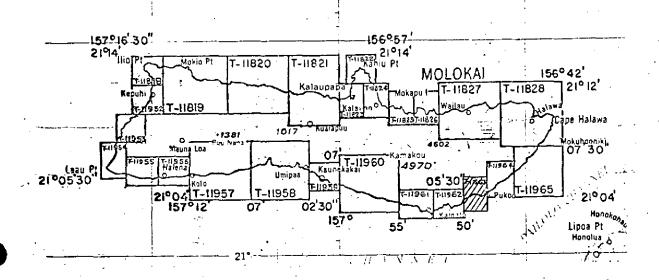
COMPILATION RECORD	COMPLETION DATE	REMARKS
Alongshore area for hydro	Aug 1963	
Atongshore area for hydro	Aug 1903	
Final Review	Jan 1971	
	,	
		·

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PROJECT PH-6201

SHORELINE MAPPING

1:5,000 AND 1:10,000 SCALES MOLOKAI ISLAND HAWAII



Official Mileage for Cost Accounts

•	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Sheet No.	Shoreline Lin. Mi.	Area Sq. M1.	Sheet No.	Shoreline Lin. Mi.	Area Sq. Mi
11818 11819 11820 11821 11822 11823 11824 11825 11826 11827 11828	46643133369	46643133369	11952 11953 11954 11955 11956 11957 11958 11959 11960 11961 11962 11963 11964 11965	あめる あめる かせ ごめめ	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
		•	Total	98	98

SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT T-11963

Shoreline survey T-11963 is one of twenty-five similar surveys in project PH-6201. The surveys of this project cover the entire coast line of Molokai. This survey covers that part of the south coast extending from Pukoo Harbor westward to Ualapue Fishpond. See page 5 for the area within the project.

Field work preceded compilation. This consisted of identification of horizontal control, shoreline and field inspection and selection of landmarks for nautical charts.

Compilation was at 1:5,000 scale by Kelsh Instrument methods using the photography of October 1960 and September 1961. Cronaflex copies of the compilation manuscript along with ozalids and specially prepared photographs were furnished for transfer of the shoreline to the boat sheet, field edit use and photo-hydro suppert.

There is no field edit report or field edit sheet for this survey. It is believed to have been field edited in conjunction with hydrography in the area and no discrepancies noted.

The manuscript was a vinylite sheet 2 minutes 30 seconds in latitude by 2 minutes in longitude which was scribed and reproduced on cronaflex. Final review was in the Atlantic Marine Center in January 1971. One cronaflex positive and a negative of the final reviewed survey are forwarded for record and registry.

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

Hap Manuscripts T-11952 thru 11965 T-11918 thru 11828

Project PH-6201

January - October 1962

2. AREAL FIELD INSPECTION

The area covered by this report encompasses the whole of the island of Molokai. This is the fifth largest of the group of islands that form the State of Hawaii. The island was originally formed by the eruption of two volcanos. One was located somewhere near the east end of the island and the other somewhere near the west end. Following these eruptions the numerous deep drainages were created by stream errosion and the ocean created the great cliffs along the north coast. A later eruption formed the Malanalua Peninsula on the north central coast. The Kauhako Crater remains as evidence of this eruption. The highest peak is Kanakou which is 4958 feet above sea level.

The climate of the island varies considerably depending on the elevation and location in relation to the prevailing trade winds. The mean annual temperature at sea level is about 74 degrees. The temperature seldom varies more than 10 degrees except at the higher elevations. The year-ly rainfall varies from about 7 inches around Kaunakakai to over 150 inches in the high nountain sections of the northeast.

The only port in use on the island is located at Kaunakakai. A small wharf connected to the shore by a long mole is used to load and unload barges, and serve small connected and private boats. At one time a rail-road connected the wharf to the area now known as Hoolehua Homesteads. It was abandoned soon after completion as the sugar plantation it was constructed to serve was a failure. The economy of the island is almost wholly dependent on the growing of pineapple and cattle ranching.

The wharf located at Kolo was used for a time to load pineapple from the Maunaloa area. It was later abandoned and since that time has been partially destroyed by fire. The wharf located at Kamalo is now in poor condition and seldomed used except by an occasional small fishing or pleasure boat. The wharf located at Pukoo is no longer in evidence. Located at Haleolon is a small harbor protected by a breakwater. This is a private harbor and is used to load sand and cinder barges for shipment to Oahu. A small private airstrip is located along the easterly breakwater.

Located on the Makanalua Peninsula is the small settlement of Malaupapa. The settlement is maintained by the State of Mayaii, Department of Health for the treatment of Hansen's Disease (Lepensy). Special permission must be obtained from the state before visiting this area. No facilities for serving the public are permitted on the peninsula. The U.S. Coast Guard maintains an isolated light station at the northern tip of the peninsula. The area is served by limited airplane service and supplies are brought in by barge at infrequent intervals. A small wharf protected by a short breakwater is located at the settlement. This area is isolated from the remainder of the island except for a foot trail that leads down the steep rocky cliffs from the top of the pali southwest of the settlement.

Shoreline around the island vary from the almost vertical rock cliffs along most of the north and east coast, to the narrow and relatively flat coastal areas along the south coast. Most of the south coast is protected by an offshore reef. A few sandy beaches are located along the south and west coasts. Most of the north coast is accessable only by boat and any landings there should be attempted with extreme caution.

Photography was adequate for the identification of horizontal control and shoreline inspection for most of the island. A few sections of the shoreline along the northeast coast of the island were in complete shadow from the most vertical cliffs.

The shoreline for the entire island was visually inspected an the mean high vater noted on the field photographs. The shoreline along the north coast except for the Makanalua Peninsula was inspected by cruising offshore in a small boat. The work was difficult due to the small size of the boat, the rough seas, and strong winds. A few landings were made on the more prominent points along the northeast coast. The remainder of the island was inspected by walking the shoreline in the more accessable areas, and by observations from vantage points along bluffs and cliffs where the shoreline could not be otherwise visited. Scattered sections of the shoreline along the south coast were obscured by overhanging Keawe trees and dense growths of Mangrove trees.

3. HORIZOHTAL COMMROL

(a) The following described intersection stations were located by traverse or triangulation as nautical aids, aeronautical aids, and landmarks.

Molokai Lighthouse Molokai Airport Beacon Waihuna, Aero Beacon Red Light Kaulapuu, Aero Beacon Red Light Holohai VOR (MMK)
Puu Apalu, Tank
Ilio Pt., Coast Guard Loran Hast
Waiahewahewa, Aero Beacon Red Light
Lacu Pt. Light
Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Hange, Front Light
Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Rear Light

- (b) No datum adjustments were made by the field party.
- (c) WAIRLI 2, 1945 was the only control station identified that was not established by the Coast and Geodetic Survey. This station was established by the Territory of Hawaii and can be considered as third order accuracy. The station was destroyed before it could be tied to the 1962 work. HELDMA, 1962 which is located about a half mile west of this station was later identified. All other control stations identified were established by the Coast and Geodetic Survey or tied to by the geodetic party during the 1962 season. Many of the old stations could not be recovered and new stations had to be established to meet the control requirements.
- (d) Control stations were positively identified in all areas indicated on the control diagram.
- (e) All control stations within the limits of the project except for a few along the inaccessable northeast coast of the issland were searched for. Part of this recovery was performed by the geodetic party located on the island. All station searched for were listed on Form 526 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer. A complete list of all stations reported lost on Form 526 would have to be obtained from the Honolulu District Officer or the Division of Geodesy. No stations that were listed as lost were identified for use in the plot.
- (g) The quality of identification of each station or substitute station has been indicated on the control station identification card. None of the identification was considered to be sub-standard.

4. VERTICAL CONTROL

The only vertical control requirement was the recovery of all tidal bench marks in the project area and identification of one mark in each of the groups.

All tidal bench marks listed at Pukoo, Kamalo, Kaunakakai, and Kolo were searched for. A total of 18 bench marks were searched for. All marks were listed on Form 685 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer.

A total of 13 U, S. Geological Survey bench marks were searched for. These marks were used in conjunction with the telluremeter traverse work on the island and for use in determining the elevation of landmarks. All marks were listed on Form 685 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer.

5. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours not applicable

Drainage is self evident on the photographs. All streams except for a few in the larger valleys of the northeast coast and near the east end of the south coast are intermittent. During the wet season there are dozens of waterfalls cascading from the tops of the cliffs and rims of the valleys of the northeast coast. Earsh areas have been indicated on the field photographs.

6. WOODLAND COVER

The mountainous areas of the northeast part of the island is covered with a dense growth of native ferns and hardwoods. A large stand of planted softwoods is located along the top of the pali in the north central part of the island. Keawe trees which were introduced to the island about 100 years ago cover most of the remainder of the island except for the cultivated areas. Along the mud flats of the south coast there are scattered stands of introduced Mangrove trees.

7. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE FEATURES

(a) The mean high water line was indicated on the photographs. Along some sections of the northeast coast the shoreline was obscured due to the shadows created on the photographs from the almost vertical cliffs. In some areas of the south coast the shoreline was partially obscured by low overhanging Kiawe trees. In most cases this overhang was less than 10 meters and the approximate correct location was indicated on the photographs. Also along the south coast there are scattered stands of Mangrove trees. In these areas the mean high water line was indicated as apparent shoreline.

The shoreline along the north, east, and small areas of the west and southwest coast contain many areas of alongshore rocks, projecting reefs and ledges, and almost vertical bluffs. These features combined with a normally heavy serf breaking along the shore tend to confuse the location of the mean high water line on the photographs.

Where possible especially along the beach areas and the more accessable sections of the coast the location of the mean high water line was determined by measurements to near by objects.

- (b) The low water line was not indicated on the photographs.
- (c) Where possible the character of the foreshore was indicated on the photographs.
- (d) The north, east, and sections of the west and southwest coast is boardered by rocky cliffs. In some cases these cliffs are over 2000 feet high. Along most of the south coast, sections of the west coast, and the Hoomomi area the land has a more gradual slope with a small relatively flat area adjacent to the coast.
- (e) The only unnatural features to be found in the project area were located at Kalaupapa, Kamalo, Kaunakakai, Kolo, and Haleolono. All information regarding these features was indicated on the field photographs.

(f) Not applicable

(g) Along the south shore there are the remains of many fishponds. The stone walls for some of these have been completely leveled and for most of the others large sections of the walls have been leveled. The location of these fishponds is apparent on the photographs.

8. OFFSHORE FEATURES

Offshore rocks are located along many areas of the north, east, and sections of the west and southwest coast. Most of these rocks that are visible on the photographs are adjacent to the shore. In these areas it is probable that there are many rocks that are not visible on the photographs but are close enough to the surface of the water to consider the foreshore as being foul with submerged rocks. The height of many of the rocks along the shore were estimated at the time the shoreline was inspected.

A reef about 0.5 to 1.0 mile offshore is located along most of the south coast. Between the reef and the shore there are scattered areas of sand and many coral heads that project at low water.

9. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

- (a) All charted landmarks were investigated by the field party. A total of 13 old landmarks were deleted from the charts and four old landmarks were retained. A total of 11 new landmarks were selected for charting. The old landmarks which were to be deleted were indicated on the sections of the charts on which they appeared. These sections of the charts will be submitted with the field records. All old landmarks that were retained and the new 1 indmarks selected for charting were listed on Form 567, and the elevation for each landmark was determined by the field party.
 - (b) No interior landmarks were seected for charting.

(c) The geographic positions for the following charted aeronautical aids was determined by traverse or triangulation during the 1962 field season.

Molokai, Airport Beacon Waiahewahewa, Aero Beacon Red Light Waihuna, Aero Beacon, Red Light Kualapuu, Aero Beacon, Red Light

The geographic position of one new aeronautical aid selected for charting was determined during the 1962 field season.

Molokai VOR (MMK)

All aeronautical aids to be charted were listed on Form 567 and the elevation for each aid was determined by the field party.

(d) The geographic positions of the following list of aids to navigation was determined by the field party during the 1962 season.

Molokai Lighthouse

Laau Pt. Light

Ilio Pt., Coast Guard Loren Mast

Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Front Light

Kaunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Rear Light

All nautical aids to be charted were listed on Form 567 and the elevation for each aid was determined by the field party.

- (e) Not applicable
- 10. BOUNDARIES, MONUMENTS, AND LINES

Not applicable

11. OTHER CONTROL

No recoverable topographic stations were established.

In all areas where identifiable objects could be found photo hydro sites were selected. In some cases it will be necessary to locate a more suitable location for the hydrographic signals from the selected photo hydro sites.

12. OTHER INTERIOR FEATURES

All roads in the project area were classified on the field photographs in compliance with the project instructions.

All public buildings with their function was indicated on the field photographs.

The main airport serving the island is located south of the Hoolehua Homestead area in the central section of the island. A small airport for use by small aircraft is located on the Makanalua Peninsula. A small private airstrip is located at Haleolon near the southwest end of the island.

No bridges or overhead cable crossings over navigable water are located in the project area. There are no submerged cables connecting the island with other areas.

13. GEOGRAPHIC HAVES

Not Applicable

OCT 3 0 1962

Capt., C & G S V

Honolulu District Officer

Respectfully submitted:

Leonard F. Van Scoy

Supervisory Survey Technican

Unit Chief, C & G S

Aerotriangulation Report MOLOKAI Island, Hawaii Project PH-5201 . July 1962

Aera Covered

This report discusses the results of aerotriangulation of three strips of photographs on the southeast portion of Molokai Island. It covers shoreline surveys T-11828 (in part) at 1:10,000 scale, T-11958 (in part) at 1:10,000 scale, T-11959 at 1:5000 scale, T-11960 at 1:10,000 scale, T-11961 thru T-11964 at 1:5000 scale and T-11965 at 1:10,000 scale. Other parts of this project will be covered by subsequent reports.

Method

The three strips were done by stereoplanigraph and furnish sufficient pass points for compilation of shoreline details by Kelsh instruments. Strip #3 coordinates were computed by a linear transformation using the Clary Computer. Strip #1 and #2 were computed by the IBM-650 Computer. Although two stations did not hold in the adjustment for Strip #2 (See Item 25 below), the adjustment for all strips is believed to be satisfactory for the required accuracy of these surveys. This is based on the closures to other stations and the ties between strips. (See appended sketch)

23. Adequacy of Control

with exceptions below, control was adequate and complied with project instructions.

Advance field positions for Stations HALEAHI, 1962 and RAYKAMI, 1962 were used. Both indicated a similar error in X-coordinates. Inconsistencies were detected in directions furnished by the field party which could account for these discrepancies. Positions affected in Strip #2 should be verified after the receipt of final positions.

24. Supplemental Data

None.

25. Photography

Adequate for aerotriangulation.

Submitted by:

Everett H. Ramey Chief, Aerotriangulation Section

(ice rett.) of Stewary

TOLATO OF MOLOKAL, HAWALL PH - 6201 STRIP 1 THRU 61-W- 948 TAKEN /S
24 SEP 61

SUB B (-0.2,+1.3)

KUMIMI

SUB B (+4,8,-2.3)

090000

PUU MAND, 1915 (+3.6,-38)

A HONOMUNI, 1925 (+0.7, -1.6)

0 92000

0 96000

A 348 8 (-2.5,+3.5) MAPULENU, 1925

154.55°00 ... N 096000

KEAWANUI SUB B (+0.5,-1314)

A HORIZONTAL CONTROL USE IN ADJUSTMENT

5 JULY 1962

6 JULY 1962

909 A (0,0)

TELAND OF MOLOKAL, HAWAIT Fh - 6201 STRIP 3 PHOTOGRAPHS 61-W- 776 THRU 61-4- 980 TAKEN 24 SEP 61

§ 76000

SUB PT B (0,0) LUPEHU, 1915

TIE PT. TO STRIP 1 - 87330 ()

(-5.5, -0.2)

Q 77000

SUB PT A (+0.2 , +4.2) PUU O HOKU , 1913 SUB PT B (+1.0 , +5.6)

0 78000

979000

SUB PT C (+0.2,-0.5) SUB PT B (0,0)

HORIZONTAL CONTROL USED IN ADJUSTMENT

19 JULY 1962

FORM 164 (4-23-54)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY



COMM- DC- 57843 FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS (BACK) SCALE FACTOR 1.000 FORWARD 3/1/63 (BACK) N.A. 1927-DATUM FORWARD DATUM D. M. Brant SCALE OF MAP 1:5,000 DISTANCE FROM GRID IN FEET, OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS (BACK) CHECKED BY FORWARD LONGITUDE OR x-COORDINATE LATITUDE OR W. COORDINATE 19 47.495 21° 05 14.138 21° 04 14.06 22° 05 33.40 49 23.37 PROJECT NO. PH 6201 19.06 84 267,686.74 452,877.68 DATE 2/15/63 451 649 446 645 275 793 267 792 156 15 82 156 pp. 2Hawaiian DATUM Old = = SOURCE OF INFORMATION (INDEX) Sp No. Sp. No. 156 p68 OMPUTED BY E. L. Williams Sp No. 156p67 ပ မျ رن دن = KALUAAHA no date in sp 156 (HGS) 1890-1931 MAP T- 11963 KALUAAHA CHURCH KALUAAHA CHURCH MAPULEHU 1925 STATION PUKCO, 1925 PUKOO 1925 1925

PROJECT 21044 (FH-6201)

Preliminary Compilation Report Surveys T-11959 thru T-11965

31. DELINEATION

Stereoscopic instrument (Kelsh Plotter) methods were used for compilation with photography taken in 1961.

Interior details are incomplete.

32. CONTROL

The identification, density and placement of horizontal control was adequate.

33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

None

34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours - Inapplicable
Drainage was delineated by stereoscopic methods.

35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS

Shoreline inspection was adequate. The highwater line was delineated using the reference distances from prominent objects where they were recorded on the field inspection photographs.

The low water line (where shown) was delineated from office interpretation of the photographs.

36. OFFSHORE DETAILS

Offshore details (reef lines, etc.) were delineated from office interpretation of the photographs. The color photography was used as an aid for compiling the offshore details.

37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

Landmarks and aids for surveys T-11959 thru T-11965 are reported on Forms 567. Copies of these forms are a part of this report.

38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS

There are no recoverable topographic stations on this group of surveys.

An incomplete copy of these surveys showing the shoreline and offshore details along with a set of ratio photographs with pass points and field identified photo-hydro signals was prepared and submitted for the use of the hydrographic party.

39. JUNCTIONS

Junctions for surveys T-11959 thru T-11965 are in agreement.

40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY

See Item 23 of the Aerotriangulation Report bound with this report.

46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS

Comparison was made with the following U.S.G.S. Quadrangles:

Kamalo, Hawaii	1:24,000 Scale	1952
Halawa, Hawaii	n n	n
Kaunakai, Hawaii	п. н	n

47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS

	Chart	No.	4121	1:5,000	lst	Ed.	1928	Revised	9/17/57
,	Chart	No.	4120	1:80,600	lst	Ed.	1942	Revised	8/1/60
	Chart	No.	4130	1:80,000	3rd	Ed.	1936	Revised	6/2/58

Items to be carried forward: None

Respectfully submitted, 22 January 1964

Donald M. Brant Carto. (Photo.)

Approved and Forwarded

Miller J. Tonkel CDR. C. & G.-S.

Baltimore District Office

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH∞6201 (Molokai Island, Hawaii)

T-11963

Kalohi Channel

Kaluaaha (village)

Kaopeahina Fishpond

Niaupala Fishpond

Pipio Fishpond

Pukoo Fishpond

Pukoo Harbor

Ualapue Fishpond

Molokai

Approved by:

A. Jøseph Wraight

Chief Geographer

Prepared by:

Cartographic Technician

FORM C&GS-1002 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE						
(9-66)	COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY					
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW 7- 11963						
1. PROJECTION AND GRIDS 2. TITLE 3. MANUSCRIPT NUMBERS 4. MANUSCRIPT SIZE						
7				, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
DMB	DMB		DMB	DMB		
CONTROL STATIONS						
5. HORIZONTAL CONTROL STA THIRD-ORDER OR HIGHER A	COURACY	6. RECOVERAGE	BLE HORIZONTAL STATIONS AN THIRD-ORDER ACCURACY	7. PHOTO HYDRO STATIONS		
Thum.		(Topographic	•	DAD.		
B. BENCH MARKS	9. PLOTTING	DM DF SEXTANT	10. PHOTOGRAMMETRIC	DMB 11. DETAIL POINTS		
	FIXES		PLOT REPORT			
DMB	X	X	DBM	DMB		
ALONGSHORE AREAS (Nautical 12. SHORELINE	Chart Data)		134 BOOKS SUBALS STO	116 0000000		
12. SHUKELINE	13. COM-HAIE	LINE	74. ROCKS, SHOALS, ETC.	15. BRIDGES		
DMB	DMB		DMB	XX		
16. AIDS TO NAVIGATION	17. LANDMARK	Ś	18. OTHER ALONGSHORE PHYSICAL FEATURES	19. OTHER ALONGSHORE CULTURAL FEATURES		
DMB	DMB		DMB	DMB		
PHYSICAL FEATURES	TILL DILL		DIID			
20. WATER FEATURES		21. NATURAL	ROUND COVER	22. PLANETABLE CONTOURS		
-						
DMB 23. STEREOSCOPIC	24. CONTOURS	DMB	25. SPOT ELEVATIONS	XX		
INSTRUMENT CONTOURS	24. CON 100 RS	IN GENERAL	25 SPOT ELEVATIONS	26. OTHER PHYSICAL FEATURES		
XX	XX		XX	DMB		
CULTURAL FEATURES			1 00			
27. ROADS	28. BUILDINGS		29. RAILROADS	30. OTHER CULTURAL FEATURES		
DMB	DNB		DMB	DMB		
BOUNDARIES		······································				
31. BOUNDARY LINES			32. PUBLIC LAND LINES			
MISCELLANEOUS			XX			
33. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES		34. JUNCTIONS	3	35. LEGIBILITY OF THE		
			_			
DMB 36. DISCREPANCY OVERLAY	37. DESCRIPTI	DMI	38. FIELD INSPECTION	DMB 39. FORMS		
John Dischel Mild Foreign	ON BESCHIE	VE NEFORT	PHOTOGRAPHS	J7. FORMS		
DMB	DM	В	DMB	DMB		
40. REVIEWER			SUPERVISOR, REVIEW SECTIO	N OR UNIT		
D. W. Dwoud			Joseph Chadubana			
D.M. Brant 41. REMARKS (See attached shee	<i>4</i>)		Joseph Steinberg	L		
FIELD COMPLETION ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPT						
42. Additions and corrections script is now complete exc	furnished by th	e field completi	on survey have been applied to	the manuscript. The manu-		
COMPILER	-b nared and	1.0m 1/1	SUPERVISOR			
			!			
43. REMARKS			<u>i</u>			
TV: INCHMAINTS						
				+		

REVIEW REPORT T-11963

SHORELINE

JANUARY 8, 1971

61. GENERAL STATEMENT:

See Summary, which is page 6 of the Descriptive Report.

62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

Comparison was made with copies of registered surveys No. 4112, 1:5,000 scale, dated April 1925 and No. 3531, 1:20,000 scale, dated 1915. The passage of time has made those surveys obsolete. They are superseded by T-11963 for nautical chart construction purposes.

63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:

Comparison was made with U.S.G.S. KAMALO and HALAWA, HAWAII, quadrangles. These are 1:24,000 scale surveys, 1952 editions. The surveys are in good general agreement, no major conflicts were noted during final review.

64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

Comparison was made with a copy of boat sheet H-8829, PF-5-2-65. It was noted that sounding lines penetrate the coral reef area to the west of Pukoo Harbor. As the coral area as delineated on T-11963 appears to be depictive of the entire area it was not changed during final review.

65. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

Comparison was made with charts 4121, 6th edition, September 30, 1968 and 4130, 6th edition, February 10, 1969. The charts and survey T-11963 are in good general agreement except for the limits of the reef area on the west side of Pukoo Harbor. This has been noted on the comparison print in red.

66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS:

This survey complies with instructions and meets the National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Reviewed by:

Leo F. Beugnet Cartographer

Approved by:

Allen L. Poucell, RADM, NOAA

Director, Atlantic Marine Center

Approved by:

Chief, Photogrammetric Branch of Chief, Photogrammetry Division

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Form 567 April 1945

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

MONTAROGRAMMA MADS COR LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

Molokat Island, Hawaii

. 1963 25 Jan.

TO BE CHARTED WAXBEX BENEATOR

STRIKE OUT ONE

Miller J. Tonkel

I recommend that the following objects which have WANN been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks be charted on CANNEY CAN THE Charts indicated. Donald M. Brant The positions given have been checked after listing by

CHARTS APPECTED Chief of Party. 110 OLLZHOUE CHYEL INCHORE CHART TRAND ROBERH LOCATION May 1925 DATE LOCATION AND BURVEY NO. Triang. T-11963 METHOD Hawaii DATUM old D. P. METERS 674.37 LONGITUDE * 156 49 POSITION D.M. WETERS 14.05 7-267 LATITUDE # ਰੋ 0 な SIGNAL HT 76 (103) DESCRIPTION (KALUAAHA CHURCH) Hawaii CHARTING NAME CH SPIRE STATE

This form shall be prepared in accordance with Hydrographic Manual, pages 800 to 804. Positions of charted landmarks and nonfloating -M-2836-3 aids to navigation, if redetermined, shall be reported on this form. The data should be considered for the charts of the area and not by individual field survey sheets. Information under each column heading should be given. SETT STREET STOOK OS AIND METERES

