

T-12372

T-12372

NOAA FORM 76-35
(6-80)U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Map No.
T-12372*Edition No.*
1*Job No.*
PH-6303*Map Classification*
FINAL FIELD EDITED MAP*Type of Survey*
SHORELINE

LOCALITY

State
ALASKA*General Locality*
CLARENCE STRAIT*Locality*
NARROW POINT

19 63 TO 19 71

REGISTERED IN ARCHIVES

DATE

NOAA FORM 76-36A (3-72)		U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN.	
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD		TYPE OF SURVEY ☒ ORIGINAL ☐ RESURVEY ☐ REVISED	
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE Coastal Mapping Division, AMC, Norfolk, VA		SURVEY TR-12372 MAP EDITION NO. (1) MAP CLASS: Final JOB PH. 6303	
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE Jeffrey G. Carlen		LAST PRECEDING MAP EDITION TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ ORIGINAL ☐ RESURVEY ☐ REVISED JOB PH. _____ MAP CLASS _____ SURVEY DATES: 19__ TO 19__	
I. INSTRUCTIONS DATED			
1. OFFICE		2. FIELD	
Aerotriangulation Jan 9, 1967 Compilation Mar 20, 1967 Compilation Supplement 1 Nov 6, 1970 Compilation Supplement 2 Nov 23, 1970 Compilation Supplement 3 Nov 5, 1971 Compilation Amendment 1 Dec 7, 1971		Control Feb 10, 1966	
II. DATUMS			
1. HORIZONTAL: ☒ 1927 NORTH AMERICAN		OTHER (Specify)	
2. VERTICAL: ☒ MEAN HIGH-WATER ☐ MEAN LOW-WATER ☐ MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER ☐ MEAN SEA LEVEL		OTHER (Specify)	
3. MAP PROJECTION polyconic		4. GRID(S) STATE Alaska ZONE 1	
5. SCALE 1:10,000		STATE ZONE	
III. HISTORY OF OFFICE OPERATIONS			
OPERATIONS		NAME	DATE
1. AEROTRIANGULATION BY METHOD: stereoplanigraph LANDMARKS AND AIDS BY		P. Hawkins	Mar 1967
2. CONTROL AND BRIDGE POINTS PLOTTED BY METHOD: coradomat CHECKED BY		P. Dempsey P. Dempsey	Oct 1970 Oct 1970
3. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT PLANIMETRY BY COMPILATION CHECKED BY INSTRUMENT: Wild B-8 SCALE: 1:15,000 CONTOURS BY CHECKED BY		A. Shands L. Neterer, Jr. NA NA	Nov 1970 Nov 1970
4. MANUSCRIPT DELINEATION PLANIMETRY BY CHECKED BY METHOD: smooth drafted CONTOURS BY CHECKED BY SCALE: 1:10,000 HYDRO SUPPORT DATA BY CHECKED BY		B. Wilson Charles Bishop NA NA B. Wilson C. Bishop	Dec 1970 Dec 1970
5. OFFICE INSPECTION PRIOR TO FIELD EDIT BY		C. Bishop	Dec 1970
6. APPLICATION OF FIELD EDIT DATA BY CHECKED BY		J. Bulfer B. Wilson	Mar 1972 Mar 1972
7. COMPILATION SECTION REVIEW BY		B. Wilson	Mar 1972
8. FINAL REVIEW BY		L.O. Neterer, Jr.	Aug 1987
9. DATA FORWARDED TO PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY		L.O. Neterer, Jr.	
10. DATA EXAMINED IN PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY		P. Dempsey	June 1988
11. MAP REGISTERED - COASTAL SURVEY SECTION BY		J. Bulfer	July 1989

NOAA FORM 76-36B
(3-72)

T-12372

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

COMPILATION SOURCES

1. COMPILATION PHOTOGRAPHY

CAMERA(S) Wild RC 8"W"		TYPES OF PHOTOGRAPHY LEGEND		TIME REFERENCE	
TIDE STAGE REFERENCE ☒ PREDICTED TIDES ☐ REFERENCE STATION RECORDS ☐ TIDE CONTROLLED PHOTOGRAPHY		(C) COLOR (P) PANCHROMATIC (I) INFRARED		ZONE Pacific MERIDIAN 120th ☒ STANDARD ☐ DAYLIGHT	
NUMBER AND TYPE	DATE	TIME	SCALE	STAGE OF TIDE	
63W(P) 7282-7283	Jul 2, 1963	10:55	1:30,000	11.5 ft above MLLW	
63W(P) 7291-7293	Jul 2, 1963	11:08	1:30,000	11.5 ft above MLLW	

REMARKS

2. SOURCE OF MEAN HIGH-WATER LINE:

The mean high water line was compiled from the above listed photography.

3. SOURCE OF MEAN LOW-WATER OR MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER LINE:

No mean lower low water line was compiled.

4. CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS (List only those surveys that are sources for photogrammetric survey information.)

SURVEY NUMBER	DATE(S)	SURVEY COPY USED	SURVEY NUMBER	DATE(S)	SURVEY COPY USED

5. FINAL JUNCTIONS

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
T-12369	No survey	T-12375 & T-12376	No survey

REMARKS

NOAA FORM 76-36C
(3-72)

T-12372

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

HISTORY OF FIELD OPERATIONS

I. ☒ FIELD INSPECTION OPERATION☐ FIELD EDIT OPERATION

OPERATION	NAME	DATE
1. CHIEF OF FIELD PARTY	B. Williams	Apr 1966
2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY L. Riggers	Apr 1966
	ESTABLISHED BY None	
	PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY L. Riggers	Apr 1966
3. VERTICAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY NA	
	ESTABLISHED BY NA	
	PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY NA	
4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION	RECOVERED (Triangulation Stations) BY None	
	LOCATED (Field Methods) BY None	
	IDENTIFIED BY None	
5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES INVESTIGATION	TYPE OF INVESTIGATION ☐ COMPLETE ☐ SPECIFIC NAMES ONLY ☒ NO INVESTIGATION	
6. PHOTO INSPECTION	CLARIFICATION OF DETAILS BY None	
7. BOUNDARIES AND LIMITS	SURVEYED OR IDENTIFIED BY NA	

II. SOURCE DATA

1. HORIZONTAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

Photo identified

2. VERTICAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

NA

PHOTO NUMBER	STATION NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	STATION DESIGNATION
63W 7292	NAR, 1915 sub pt		

3. PHOTO NUMBERS (Clarification of details)

None

4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION IDENTIFIED

None

PHOTO NUMBER	OBJECT NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	OBJECT NAME

5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: ☐ REPORT ☒ NONE6. BOUNDARY AND LIMITS: ☐ REPORT ☒ NONE

7. SUPPLEMENTAL MAPS AND PLANS

None

8. OTHER FIELD RECORDS (Sketch books, etc. DO NOT list data submitted to the Geodesy Division)

2 forms 152

T-12372

HISTORY OF FIELD OPERATIONS

I. ☐ FIELD INSPECTION OPERATION☒ FIELD EDIT OPERATION

OPERATION	NAME	DATE
1. CHIEF OF FIELD PARTY	H. R. Lippold	May 1971
2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY ESTABLISHED BY PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY	None None None
3. VERTICAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY ESTABLISHED BY PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY	NA NA NA
4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION	RECOVERED (Triangulation Stations) BY LOCATED (Field Methods) BY IDENTIFIED BY	None None None
5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES INVESTIGATION	TYPE OF INVESTIGATION ☐ COMPLETE ☐ SPECIFIC NAMES ONLY BY ☒ NO INVESTIGATION	
6. PHOTO INSPECTION	CLARIFICATION OF DETAILS BY	L. Oliver
7. BOUNDARIES AND LIMITS	SURVEYED OR IDENTIFIED BY	NA

II. SOURCE DATA

1. HORIZONTAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

None

2. VERTICAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

PHOTO NUMBER

STATION NAME

PHOTO NUMBER

STATION DESIGNATION

3. PHOTO NUMBERS (Clarification of details)

63W 7282-7284

4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION IDENTIFIED

None

PHOTO NUMBER

OBJECT NAME

PHOTO NUMBER

OBJECT NAME

5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES:

☐ REPORT☒ NONE

6. BOUNDARY AND LIMITS:

☐ REPORT☒ NONE

7. SUPPLEMENTAL MAPS AND PLANS

None

8. OTHER FIELD RECORDS (Sketch books, etc. DO NOT list data submitted to the Geodesy Division)

Field edit ozalid, Field edit report

I. MANUSCRIPT COPIES				
COMPILATION STAGES			DATE MANUSCRIPT FORWARDED	
DATA COMPILED	DATE	REMARKS	MARINE CHARTS	HYDRO SUPPORT
Compilation complete, pending field edit	Dec 1970	Class III	Jan 19, 1971	Jan 18, 1971
Field edit applied Compilation complete	Mar 1972	Class I	Dec 28, 1974	Feb 21, 1974
Final Review	Aug. 1987	Final Field Edited Map	June 1988	

II. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION

1. REPORTS TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, NAUTICAL DATA BRANCH			
NUMBER	CHART LETTER NUMBER ASSIGNED	DATE FORWARDED	REMARKS

2. ☐ REPORT TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, COAST PILOT BRANCH. DATE FORWARDED: _____
3. ☐ REPORT TO AERONAUTICAL CHART DIVISION, AERONAUTICAL DATA SECTION. DATE FORWARDED: _____

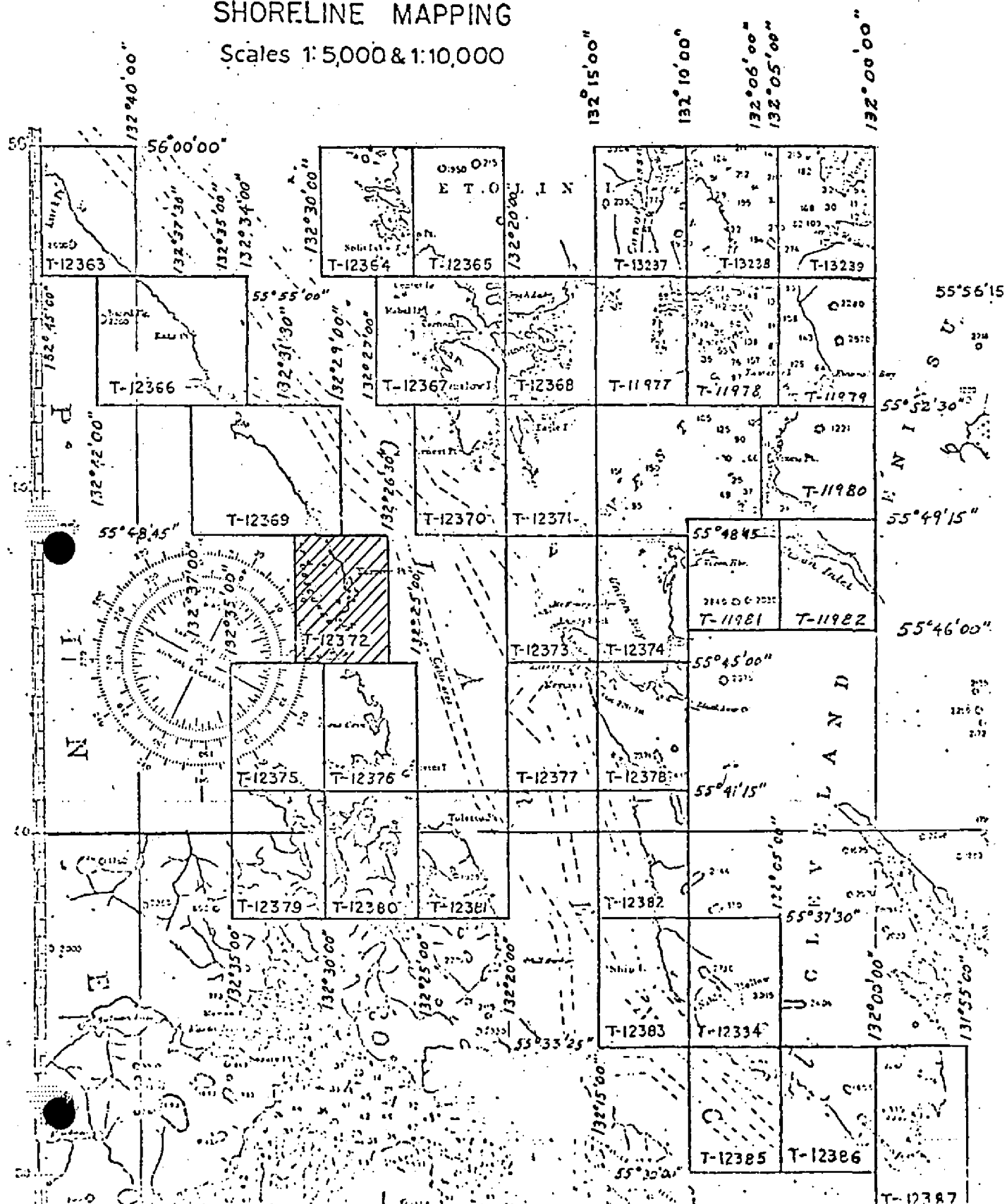
III. FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER DATA

1. ☒ BRIDGING PHOTOGRAPHS; ☒ DUPLICATE BRIDGING REPORT; ☒ COMPUTER READOUTS.
2. ☒ CONTROL STATION IDENTIFICATION CARDS; ☐ FORM NOS 567 SUBMITTED BY FIELD PARTIES.
3. ☐ SOURCE DATA (except for Geographic Names Report) AS LISTED IN SECTION II, NOAA FORM 76-36C. ACCOUNT FOR EXCEPTIONS:
4. ☐ DATA TO FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER. DATE FORWARDED: _____

IV. SURVEY EDITIONS (This section shall be completed each time a new map edition is registered)

SECOND EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER	JOB NUMBER	TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ REVISED ☐ RESURVEY MAP CLASS ☐ II. ☐ III. ☐ IV. ☐ V. ☐ FINAL
	TP - _____ (2)	PH - _____	
THIRD EDITION	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ REVISED ☐ RESURVEY MAP CLASS ☐ II. ☐ III. ☐ IV. ☐ V. ☐ FINAL
	TP - _____ (3)	PH - _____	
FOURTH EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER	JOB NUMBER	TYPE OF SURVEY ☐ REVISED ☐ RESURVEY MAP CLASS ☐ II. ☐ III. ☐ IV. ☐ V. ☐ FINAL
	TP - _____ (4)	PH - _____	

REVISED 9/23/76 RWW
REVISED 10/9/80 D.B.
T-13240 CANCELED
REVISED 12/11/86 JDM
T-13381 CANCELED (1976)



SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

T-12372

This 1:10,000 scale shoreline map is one of thirty-four maps that comprise project PH-6303, Clarence Strait, Alaska. This project encompasses Clarence Strait and Ernest Sound, latitude 55° 28' 45" north to latitude 56° 00' 00" and longitude 131° 55' 00" west to longitude 132° 45' 00".

Photographic coverage was provided in July 1963 using the "W" camera (focal length 153.02 millimeters) at 1:30,000 scale, using black and white panchromatic film.

Field work prior to compilation consisted of photoidentification of horizontal control for aerotriangulation in May 1966.

Analytic aerotriangulation was performed at the Washington Science Center March 15, 1967.

Compilation was performed at the Atlantic Marine Center during December 1970.

Field edit was accomplished during May 1971.

Application of field edit and advancing this map to Class I status was achieved in March 1972.

Final review was completed at the Atlantic Marine Center during August 1987.

This Descriptive Report contains all pertinent information used to compile this Final Field Edited Map.

The original base map and all pertinent data were forwarded to the Washington Science Center for final registration.

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

Project PH-6303

Shoreline Mapping, Clarence Strait & Ernest Sound Alaska

May, 1966

Shoreline Manuscripts T-11982 and T-12363 thru T-12387

The area of the project is along the shores of Clarence Strait and the entrance of Ernest Sound, including Tolstoi Bay and Union Bay.

The area is in a remote section of southeast Alaska, accessible only by ship or airplane.

There are three communities, Meyers Chuck, Thorne Bay and Ratz Harbor. The latter two are logging camps.

The interior areas are covered with a dense growth of coniferous timber, chiefly spruce, hemlock and cedar.

Horizontal control consisted of the photo-identification of the required triangulation stations. New stations were established by triangulation or traverse utilizing the electronic distance measuring instruments (Fairchild MC-8 Electrochains).

The shoreline is mostly rocky and irregular. Numerous ledges extend seaward from the rocky headlands and points. The strata formation of many of the ledges are in vertical or incline planes making the ledges quite irregular and jagged. The shoreline of occasional small bights will be of a gravel, stone or boulder composition.

The shoreline was field inspected at landing sites, these locations usually being at the site of triangulation stations. The interpretation of the mean high water line on photography taken at low water can be distinguished in the following manner. Adjacent to the existing water level at the time of photography will be a white area. This is mostly barnacles and similar marine

life that reflects a white tone. This will appear as a white band paralleling the shoreline. This is followed by a dark, nearly black color tone. This area receives only occasional wave action during storms. This appears on the photography as a dark band adjacent to and next in elevation above the white band of barnacles. Above the dark band will usually be seen a greyish color tone, extending to the tree line. This is composed of grass, lichens and debris on the bedrock. The mean high water line is at the junction of the white barnacle band and the dark band. An example of this can be noted by observing contact photograph 65 L 5129 in the vicinity of the field identification of station OVAL, 1916.

Approved:

Bruce I. Williams
Bruce I. Williams Lt. ESSA

C.O. Ship PATTON

Respectfully submitted

Robert B. Melby
Robert B. Melby

Surveying Technician, C & GS

PHOTOGRAMMETRIC PLOT REPORT

Job PH-6303

Clarence Strait, Alaska

Part I - Southern Half

March 15, 1967

21. Area Covered

The area covered in this report is along both the east and west shoreline of Clarence Strait, Alaska. Included are all, or part, of T-sheets 12372 thru 12387, at 1:10,000 scale.

22. Method

Five strips were bridged on the stereoplanigraph and adjusted by the IBM 1620 methods. Strip #1 (63-W-7205 thru 7211) was adjusted on three control stations with tie points from Strip #2 as checks. Strip #2 (63-W-7223 thru 7233) was adjusted on four control stations using tie points from Strip #1 and #3 as checks. Strip #3 (63-W-7240 thru 7250), was adjusted on four control stations with tie points from Strip #2 as checks. Strip #5 (63-W-7262 thru 7271) was adjusted on four control stations with tie points from Strip #6 as checks. Strip #6 (63-W-7275 thru 7285) was adjusted on four control stations with tie points from Strip #6 as checks.

All plates were drilled on the PUG. All tie points between strips were averaged.

23. Adequacy of Control

Horizontal control was adequate and complied with project instructions. All stations held within National Map Accuracy Standards with the following exceptions:

- (1) MAN 2, HUB A (temp.) 1930, SS "A", SS "B", SS "C"

None of the three substations could be held in either Strip #1 or #2. Since the field report stated, "instrument #307 giving erratic readings," plus the fact that two positions could be computed for any of the substations (depending on which azimuth station was used) the entire station was dropped from both strips.

(2) JAY 1924, SS "C" Strip #2)

This substation could not be seen clearly in Strip #1 due to overhang. It was held in Strip #2, but was dropped from Strip #1.

(3) NIBLACK 1915, SS "A" (Strip #2)

This substation could not be seen clearly. Since SS "B" and SS "C" held together in the bridge, SS "A" was dropped from the strip.

(4) LEM 1916, SS "B" (Strip #3)

This substation was of very poor quality and was dropped from the bridge. Substation "A" and SS "C" held in the bridge.

(5) THOR 1966, SS "B" (Strip #5)

This substation was of very poor image point and could not be held in the bridge.

(6) JERK 1966, SS "B" (Strip #5)

This substation was of very poor image quality and was dropped from the bridge.

(7) NAR 1915, SS "B" (Strip #6)

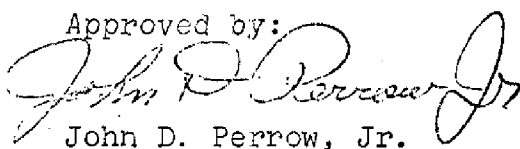
This substation was of poor image quality and was dropped from the bridge.

In general, the photo quality of most of the substations was very poor. It is realized that the field was working in a very difficult area and fortunately provided three substations for most control stations. For this reason the above were dropped from the bridge with no fear of detracting from the overall accuracy.

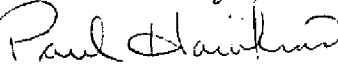
25. Photography

Photography was adequate as to coverage, overlap and definition.

Approved by:


John D. Perrow, Jr.

Submitted by:


Paul Hawkins

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT CONTROL RECORD

MAP NO.	STATION NAME	JOB NO.	GEODETIC DATUM		AEROTRI- ANGULATION POINT NUMBER	COORDINATES IN FEET		GEOGRAPHIC POSITION		ORIGINATING ACTIVITY	REMARKS
			STATE	ZONE		Alaska	NA 1927	ϕ LATITUDE	λ LONGITUDE		
T-12372		PH-6303									
	NAR, 1915	55132 ✓ pg. 15				X=		ϕ 55 47	28.750		889.2 (966.5) ✓
						Y=		λ 132 28	28.503		496.7 (548.8) ✓
	ROK, 1915	55132 ✓ pg. 20				X=		ϕ 55 47	01.447		44.8 (1810.9) ✓
						Y=		λ 132 28	06.242		108.8 (936.9) ✓
						X=		ϕ			
						Y=		λ			
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COMPILATION REPORT

T-12372

31. DELINEATION:

The Wild B-8 stereoplotter was used to compile this map from 1963 photography. There was no field inspection. The photography was of acceptable definition. The stage of tide (11.5 ft.) prevented interpretation of the foreshore and offshore reefs and rocks.

32. CONTROL:

See Photogrammetric Plot Report dated December 3, 1970.

33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:

None.

34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE:

Contours are inapplicable. Drainage was delineated from office interpretation of the photographs.

35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS:

The mean high water line has been delineated from office interpretation of the photos. No low waterline was compiled.

36. OFFSHORE DETAILS:

None.

37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS:

There is one listed light, NARROW POINT LIGHT 1915, which the triangulation party of 1966 identified as a sub. pt. for NAR, 1915. It is shown by name only as it is only five feet west of the station.

38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS:

None.

39. JUNCTIONS:

See Form 76-36B included with this report.

T-12372

40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY:

No statement.

45. COMPARISON WITH OLD SURVEYS:

Comparison has been made with an 1885 C&GS survey, Register No. 1649, which covers from latitude 55° 47.5' southward.

46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS:

A comparison has been made with USGS quadrangle CRAIG (D-2), Alaska, scale 1:63,360, dated 1949, with minor revisions in 1962.

47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

A comparison has been made with Chart 8102, scale 1:229,376, 8th edition, dated December 20, 1965.

ITEMS TO BE APPLIED TO NAUTICAL CHARTS IMMEDIATELY:

None.

ITEMS TO BE CARRIED FORWARD:

None.

Submitted by:

J. Byrd for
B. Wilson
Cartographic Technician
December 1, 1970

Approved and forwarded:

J. Byrd for
A. C. Rauck, Jr.
Chief, Coastal Mapping Section

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-6303 (Clarence Strait, Alaska)

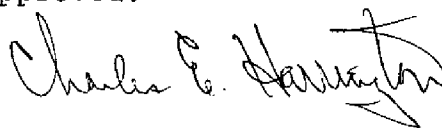
T-12372

Clarence Strait

Narrow Point

Prince of Wales Island

Approved:



Charles E. Harrington
Chief Geographer
Nautical Charting Division
Charting and Geodetic Services

FIELD EDIT REPORT

SHEET T-12372

CLARENCE STRAIT

(NARROW POINT)

PH-6301

MAY 1971

NOAA SHIP PATHFINDER

CAPT. H.R. LIPPOLD JR., CMDG.

51 Methods

The field edit of this map was done in accordance with photogrammetric instructions and project instructions to the Commanding Officer, NOAA SHIP PATHFINDER, dated 19 January 1971. Steep shorelines made it possible to do all work from INW #6 and SB #5. Easy accessibility to the beach made frequent on shore inspection no problem. Sextant fixes were used to verify and locate objects that could not be seen or positively verified on the photographs.

All deletions, additions, verification and corrections to be applied to the manuscript appear on the Field Edit Ozalid. This ozalid is an index and inventory of all field edit work performed. All features marked in green on the ozalid are to be deleted. Red circles on the ozalid indicate the approximate location of the signals used in the field work. Cross references on the Field Edit Ozalid to the photographs are also a part of the compilation.

52 Adequacy of Compilation

Compilation of the manuscript was adequate and complete for all areas within the boundaries indicated on the Field Edit Ozalid.

54 Recommendations

None

56 Additional Information

Alaska Standard Time, time meridian 120°W, was used until 25 April. Alaska Daylight Time, time meridian 105°W, was used after that date.

All photogrammetric and ground survey signals used during the project are listed on a sheet attached to the Field Edit Ozalid and also included in this report. Signals used for field edit fixes are included in the list.

All fixes taken during the field edit are identified by number on the Field Edit Ozalid. A running tabulation of this data is supplied with the ozalid and is also part of this report.

Larry J. Oliver

L. J. Oliver
LTJG, NOAA
Photo Officer

Approved:

[Signature]
CAPT. NOAA

Commanding Officer

REVIEW REPORT
SHORELINE

T-12372

61. GENERAL STATEMENT:

See Summary included with this report. Narrow Point Light noted in Item 37 of the compilation report was rebuilt in August 1986.

62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

Not applicable.

63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:

A comparison was made with U.S.G.S. Quadrangle: CRAIG (D-2), Alaska, dated 1949 with minor revisions in 1962, scale 1:63,360.

64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

A comparison was made with Hydrographic Survey H-9092, 1:20,000 scale.

65. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

A comparison was made with NOS chart 17420, 23rd edition, dated March 16, 1985, scale 1:229,376.

66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS:

This map complies with the Project Instructions and meets the requirements for National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Submitted by:

Lowell O. Neterer, Jr.

Lowell O. Neterer, Jr.

Final Reviewer

September 1987

Approved for forwarding:

Billy H. Barnes

Billy H. Barnes

Chief, Quality Assurance Group, AMC

Approved:

Larry O. Robson

Chief, Photogrammetric Production Sect.

A. J. Bryson

Chief, Photogrammetry Branch
Rockville

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO.

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

1. Letter all information.
2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.
3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

[illegible]