T 12749

NOAA FORM 76-35

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

| Type of Survey Shoreline |
|---|
| Job No. PH-6502 Map No. T-12749 |
| Classification No. Edition No |
| LOCALITY |
| State Alaska |
| General Locality Glacier Bay-Muir Inlet |
| LocalityKlotz Hills |
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| REGISTRY IN ARCHIVES |
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☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1973-761-775

MAP NOT INSPECTED IN QUALITY CONTROL PRIOR

TO REGISTRATION

| NOAA FORM 76-36A U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (3-72) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN. | TYPE OF SURVEY | SURVEY TX 12749 |
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| DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD | RESURVEY | MAP CLASS |
| | REVISED | лов РН - 6502 |
| PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE | | |
| Coastal Mapping Division(Rockville) | | ING MAP EDITION |
| Coastal Mapping Division(Norfolk) | TYPE OF SURVEY | JOB PH |
| OFFICER-IN-CHARGE | B RESURVEY | SURVEY DATES: |
| Jack E. Guth | REVISED | 19TO 19 |
| Jeffrey G. Carlen | | - |
| I. INSTRUCTIONS DATED | | rici B |
| 1. OFFICE | <u> </u> | FIELD |
| | | |
| May 17, 1972 | | |
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| II. DATUMS | | |
| 1 1051704741 | OTHER (Specify) | |
| 1. HORIZONTAL: 1927 NORTH AMERICAN | | 1 |
| MEAN HIGH-WATER | OTHER (Specify) | 1 |
| 2. VERTICAL: MEAN LOW-WATER MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER | | 1 |
| MEAN SEA LEVEL | | İ |
| 3. MAP PROJECTION | 4, (| GRID(S) |
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| rotyconig | Alaska | 1 |
| 1:10,000 | STATE | ZONE |
| III. HISTORY OF OFFICE OPERATIONS | <u> </u> | |
| OPERATIONS | NAME | DATE |
| 1. AEROTRIANGULATION BY | R. Kelly | |
| METHOD: Analytical Landmarks and aids by | | |
| 2. CONTROL AND BRIDGE POINTS PLOTTED BY | D. Phillips | May, 1972 |
| METHOD: Coradamat CHECKED BY | D 7 D | |
| 3. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT PLANIMETRY BY COMPILATION CHECKED BY | P.J. Dempsey | |
| INSTRUMENT: B-8 CONTOURS BY | | |
| SCALE: 1:10,000 CHECKED BY | | |
| 4. MANUSCRIPT DELINEATION PLANIMETRY BY | M. Webber | June, 1972 |
| CHECKED BY | | |
| METHOD: Graphic Worksheets CHECKED BY | | |
| - CHECKED BY | | |
| SCALE: 1:10,000 HYDRO SUPPORT DATA BY | | |
| 5. OFFICE INSPECTION PRIOR TO FIELD EDIT BY | | |
| 6. APPLICATION OF FIELD EDIT DATA | H. Lucas | June, 1974 |
| 7. COMPILATION SECTION REVIEW BY | | |
| 8. FINAL REVIEW BY | C.H. Bishop | Jan., 1975 |
| 9. DATA FORWARDED TO PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY | | |
| 10. DATA EXAMINED IN PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY | | |
| | | |
| 11. MAP REGISTERED - COASTAL SURVEY SECTION BY NOAA FORM 76-36A SUPERSEDES FORM C&GS 181 SERIES | n. J. Francis | aug 26, 1925 |

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| 5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: REPORT X NONE | 6. BOUNDARY AND LIMITS: REPORT NONE |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 7. SUPPLEMENTAL MAPS AND PLANS | |
| None | |
| 8. OTHER FIELD RECORDS (Sketch books, etc. DO NOT list data s | ubmitted to the Geodesy Division) |
| Field Edit ozalid and report. | |
| NOAA FORM 76-36C (3-72) | # U.S. G.P.O. 1972-769381/567 REG.# |

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REVISED 9-5-72 RUN

JOB PH-6502 GLACIER BAY ALASKA

Shoreline Mapping

SCALE 1:10,000



SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT T-12749

This 1:10,000 scale shoreline manuscript is one of 80 maps that comprise Project PH-6502 which covers Glacier Bay and its numerous tributaries. For convenience of compilation the project is divided into five parts, according to aerotriangulation bridges. This map is one of 10 maps that comprise Part III, Muir Inlet. The job diagram shows its location in the project.

No field work was done before compilation except the premarking of control for bridging.

Aerotriangulation was done in the Rockville Office in May, 1972. The report could not be located at the time of final review and is not bound with this Descriptive Report.

Compilation was done in Rockville, using the B-8 stereo-plotter and 1:40,000 scale color photography taken in July, 1970. Photo-hydro support photographs taken in June, 1971 at 1:20,000 scale were ratioed to 1:10,000 and furnished for the hydrographer's and field editor's use. All photographs were taken above half tide.

Field edit was done in conjunction with hydrography in September, 1972. Since hydrography was done at 1:20,000 scale, photographs were used very little for signal location and edit. Most of this work was done by T-2 theodolite and sextant. Field edit was applied in the Rockville office and forwarded to the AMC for final review as Class III Manuscripts. Comments on this application follow the Compilation Report. Because field edit fixes verified the MHWL to be correct, the final reviewer cannot consider this a Class III map; it was final reviewed as a Class I Manuscript, and should be registered as Class I.

Final review was done at the Atlantic Marine Center in January, 1975. See Final Review Report, Item 61, bound with this Descriptive Report.

The original manuscript was a stabilene sheet 3 minutes 45 seconds in latitude by 5 minutes in longitude.

A stable base negative and positive copy of the final reviewed manuscript were forwarded for record and registry.

AEROTRIANGULATION REPORT

GLACIER BAY - PART III

Maps T-12738, T-12748 thru T-12752, T-12762 thru T-12765

No aerotriangulation report for this part of Project PH-6502 was available to the final reviewer at the time of final review, nor could one be located at the Atlantic Marine Center or in the Rockville Office.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADM. STRATION

None

NOAA FORM 76-41
(2-71)
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(FORMERLY FURM C&GS-164)

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT CONTROL RECORD

... N.A. 1927 - DATUM DISTANCE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS (1 Ft. = 3048006 meter) BACK) (9.199) (111.2)DATE 8/3/73 850.2 1195.0 FORWARD SCALE FACTOR LATITUDE OR Y COORDINATE 53.061 38.621" 1:10,000 CHECKED BY Charles Parker 521 031 SCALE OF MAP_ 580 136° DATUM 1927 N.A. PH-6502 SOURCE OF INFORMATION 7/31/73 ሶን (INDEX) G.P. Vol. Pg. '794' PROJECT NO. A.C. Rauck, Jr. STATION WESTDAHL, 1939 12749 MAP T-COMPUTED BY

COMPILATION REPORT

T-12749

31. DELINEATION

1:40,000 scale color bridging photography was set on the B-8 stereoplotter to delineate shoreline, foreshore and offshore features.

The photography was hazy which made the identification of many rocks along the shoreline difficult.

1:20,000 scale photography ratioed to 1:10,000 scale was used to try to locate rocks but chunks of ice along the shoreline made it difficult to see, so many rocks may have been missed and will have to be located by the hydrographer. Common points were pricked on 1:40,000 scale and transferred to 1:10,000 scale ratioed photographs for hydro support.

32. CONTROL

Control was adequate for density and placement.

33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

None

34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Inapplicable

35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS

Shoreline was delineated from office interpretation of 1:40, 000 color photographs dated July 27, 1970 and June 5, 1971. An approximate low water line was shown but no shallow or shoal areas were shown.

See Review Report Par. 61.

CHB 3-17-75

36. OFFSHORE DETAILS

The compilation photography was hazy and the difference in the tide level between the 1:40,000 scale and the 1:10,000 scale along with chunks of ice along the shoreline made identification of rocks difficult.

37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

None

38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS

None

39. JUNCTIONS

To the North with T-12738

To the South with T-12763

To the East with T-12750

To the West with T-12748

40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY

Refer to "Photogrammetric Plot Report." Lost

CNB
3-17-75

41 - 45.

Inapplicable

46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS

U.S. Geological Survey Quadrangle MT. FAIRWEATHER (D-1), ALASKA, scale 1:63,360 dated 1948 with minor revisions 1963.

47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS

Comparison was made with Nautical Chart No. 8202 scale 1:209,978, dated September 11, 1971, 17th Edition.

ITEMS TO BE APPLIED TO NAUTICAL CHARTS IMMEDIATELY

None

ITEMS TO BE CARRIED FORWARD

None

Respectfully submitted:

Martha C. Webber

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-6502 (Glacier Bay-Muir Inlet, Alaska)

T-12749

Forest Creek

Glacier Bay National Monument

o Klotz Hills

Muir Inlet

Approved by:

C. E. Harrington

Staff Geographer-C51x2

CLACIER BAY, ALASKA, JOB PH-6502 HYDNO SUPPORT SHORELINE MANUSCRIPTS T-12738, 12748, 12749, 12750, 12751

Notes on application of field edit:

A review of Field Edit Report, (OPR-460) was made to determine the extent of field edit application required. The following conclusions were made:

After compiling the manuscripts at 1:10,000 scale, the hydrographic survey was conducted at 1:20,000 scale.

The ratio prints prepared for photo-hydro support and field edit were not utilized.

All hydro signals were located by traverse methods, positions computed and plotted on the boat sheet.

Sextant and T-2 fixes to foreshore rocks, the MWL and other shoreline features were taken from these signals, plotted on the 1:20,000 scale boat sheets & transferred by proportional dividers to the 1:10,000 scale ozalid copy of the manuscripts.

The "spot" points transferred from the 1:20,000 scale boatsheets to the 1:10,000 scale manuscripts for the MHWL were inadequate to do revisions to the shoreline as compiled.

This project thus became a field hydrographic survey only.

All rocks and other foreshore features not visible on the photography that were plotted directly on the boat sheets from field fixes were not duplicated on the shoreline manuscripts as these were applied by hydrographic processing to the smooth sheet.

These conclusions were discussed with the Marine Chart Division and agreement was reached on the method of completing this project as far as the Coastal Mapping Division is concerned.

The ten manuscripts will be remistered as a "Class III" man and is to be used as a source for shoreline cormilation only.

Limited use was made of the field edit data. Connections that could be applied on the 1:10,000 deals connectly to the the removal of scaniled mode that were isoberms, the labeling of "rocky beach" and the addition of a few shool areas.

A comparison was made between H-9317 and H-9318 (1:20,000) and the ten shoreline manuscripts. There was no conflict between the shoreline as compiled on the manuscripts and the hydrographic data.

Submitted by,

J. P. Battley, Jr. Chief, Coastal Mapping Section

Field Edit Report, OPR-460

Glacier Bay, Alaska

NOAA Ship McARTHUR

June - Seotembor, 1972

In accordance with project instructions OPR-460, Glacier Bay, Alaska, all shoreline of the Glacier Bay area within the project limits was inspected. All significant rocks were noted and the mean high water line was delineated. All questions on the field edit ozalid were answered.

Three-point sextant fixes on signals established for hydrography were most commonly used to locate positions. Photos were used on occasion; however, with the abundance of signals it was more expedient to use sextant fixes. Check angles were provided when possible. A list of the signals and their geographic positions accompanies this report.

Rocks were noted with their height above water and the time and date of observation. In some cases, where it was more convenient, rocks were noted with height above the apparent mean high water line. Only larger, more prominent and/or navigationally significant rocks were noted, since the area as a whole is quite rocky. All times are given in PDT, which is 105°W time meridian.

No attempt was made to delineate the MHWL (mean high water line) in low flat tidal areas. Areas of this nature possess very little relief and the mean high water line is characteristically obscure. In such areas, a sextant fix at the water's edge was obtained at the time of inspection and noted on the field edit ozalid.

The seaward faces of glaciers are subject to constant change and for obvious reasons are not delineated by the editor.

There are no cultural objects in Glacier Bay except for the obscure ruins of a cabin in Reid Inlet. There is nothing of particular landmark value in the survey area. Bluffs of a precipitous and extensive nature were often cited by the compiler as potential landmarks. In a less primitive and stark environment replete with vegetation and soft contours, such bluffs might appear distinctive. However, Glacier Bay, in its upper regions, is a land devoid of vegetation, rich in bold relief, and characteristically monochromatic.

None of the fixes on the field edit oxalids were plotted directly. Compilation of T-sheets was accomplished at 1:10,000 scale and the boat sheets containing the plotted hydro signals, were at 1:20,000

scale; therefore, it was impractical to plot positions directly on the field edit ozalids. All three-point fixes were plotted on the boatsheets (1:20,000 scale) and then transferred to the ozalid with proportional dividers.

Purple ink was used on the ozalid to mark positions and to note comments. Photos that were used in field edit have been annotated with orange-red ink. A commentary on the editing of individual T-sheets follows.

T-12740

There are many large rocks shown that are probably rock and dirt laden icebergs. On inspection of the areas where these rocks were said to be, no evidence of their existence was found. The misidentified icebergs have been noted on the field edit ozalid.

T-12741

An islet (58°54.0'N, 136°55.2'W) shown on USC&GS Chart 8202 (17th Ed. 11/71) is not detatched from the mainland. A gorge in the rocky promontory might lead to this interpretation; however, the base of the gorge is well above MIW. A small extension of this same promontory at 58°54.05'N, 136°55.3'W forms an islet at MIW and has been delineated on the field edit ozalid.

T-12742

Compilation of this manuscript below 58°54'15"N is incomplete; however, a foul area replete with rocks and a reef were located at 58°53.0'N, 136°50.3'W. The area should be considered a hazard to navigation.

A cove is shown on the manuscript at 58°53.7'N, 136°54.8'W that does not exist. The true MHWL throughout this area is further to the seaward than is drawn on the manuscript. The MHWL is correctly delineated on the field edit ozalid.

T-12743

There is a dangerous recf at 58°55.3'N, 136°46.1'W which might prove especially hazardous to safe navigation. The reef is below the MHWL and near favorable sites for the anchorage of large vessels.

A large foul area is found in the vicinity of 58°55'20"N, 136°47'45"W. The many rocks and reefs in this area have been delineated on the field edit ozalid.

T-12744

An object suspected to be a rock at 58°53.8'N, 136°41.0'W is in all

probability a dirt and rock laden iceberg. No rock was found on inspecting the area. This misidentification of icebergs is a common problem in this area of Glacier Bay.

In the area around Joan Rocks (incorrect name, see Geographic Names Report, OPR-460), two reefs were delineated. A reef compiled at 58°54.4'N, 136°43.7'W on the manuscript does not exist.

T-12745

A rock (58°52.9'N, 136°37.95'W) shown on the manuscript was not found on inspection. See previous discussions on rock and dirt laden ice-bergs. Rendu Inlet was not inspected by the field editor. Its distance from the project area and the inefficient use of time attendant upon the establishment of hydrographic control in the area argued against inspection.

T-12754

The limits of Moonah Glacier have been inked on photo 4685. The southern half of the face of this glacier hangs on a precipitous slope far above the water's edge. It is to be expected that this precarious position subjects the face to frequent changes in this area.

T-12755 (not in McARTHUR's inventory)

As noted, this manuscript was not transmitted to McARTHUR. Aerial photography for Reid Inlet was flown in June 1972. Presumably the manuscript will be compiled on receipt of the photographs from this flight. McARTHUR surveyed Reid Inlet in July 1972. The following list of field edit positions in Reid Inlet is appended for the convenience of the compiler.

REID INLET

August 10, 1972

* denotes check angle

| No. | Angles | Signal Nos. | Description |
|------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 9744 | 41°56' 53°56' *70°28' | 100 59 60 *114/59 | Rock bares 10'; 15' diameter. 0900 PDT |
| 9745 | 31°48' 67°12' *58°56' | same | Rock bares 2'; 4' diameter. 0909 PDT |

T-12757

The field editor's inspection for rocks at 58°50.75'N, 136°38.8'W and 58°50.8N,136°39.3'W indicates that they probably do not exist. Many ice-bergs were observed to congregate in the area, and such bergs were most probably misidentified as rocks.

The area south of 58°50'00" was not inspected. Its distance from the hydrographic survey area, and the inefficient use of time attendent upon the establishment of hydrographic control in the area argued against inspection.

T-12748 -

Two isolated rocks at 58°54.85'N, 136°06.3'W are an especially noteworthy hazard to navigation. Both are below the MHWL and lie near favorable anchorage sites for large vessels.

A reef lies inside the mouth of Wachusett Inlet at $58^{\circ}56.2'N,136^{\circ}10.0W$ that is hazardous to the safe navigation of the inlet. The area between the reef and the south shore of the inlet is shallow (see boatsheet MA-20-3-72, H-9317).

T-12749

The large alluvial fan between latitudes 58°53.7'N, and 58°54.7'W possesses a particularly extensive network of offshore sand bars. The bars are composed of loose sand and are subject to frequent change.

ADAMS INLET

Verification of the tree line in Adams Inlet was not accomplished by the field editor. The predominant tree in the inlet is the Sitka Alder. The Alder's overwhelming abundance and phenomenal growth rate argue against any constructive purpose being served by a description of Alder forest bounderies.

T-1.2750 -

A shoal at 58°53.25'N,135°55.9'W was confirmed by indirect methods. Launch AR-1 struck the rocky shoal shortly after (10-20 seconds) a position fix at 1141 PDT, 24 September. As the launch was on a heading that would carry it directly over the shoal, the shoal's position is confirmed. The launches outdrives struck the shoal. They project approximately 2 feet below the waters surface.

T-12751 ---

The narrow channel at 58°54.3'N,135°51.5'W is a potentially hazardous passage because of the rocks (delineated on the field edit ozalid) and the strong tidal current:

Two shoals near 58°54.3'N, 135°54.6'W are composed of water-saturated mud and are hazardous for the unwary boater. The light grey color at lower stages of the tide blends well with the water. And one may speedily run firmly aground before being aware of it.

The shoal at 58°52.7'N, 135°53.9'W is composed of rock and because of its mid-channel location it is particularly noteworthy.

T-1.2764

A large mid-channel rock at 58°51.7'N, 135°59.1'W is the most distinctive hazard to navigation in Adams Inlet and the most impressive shoal in all of upper Glacier Bay. During periods of ebb and flood, the tidal velocity is greatly increased in the vicinity of this rock because of the constriction in the channel. Whitehorses dance madly about the rock as large whirlpools are shed from its sides.

Prepared by:

Steven R. British

Steven R. Birkey LT(jg), NOAA

Approved by:

CDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer NOAA Ship McArthur

REVIEW REPORT T-12749

SHORELINE

January 20, 1975

61. GENERAL STATEMENT:

See Summary which is page 6 of this Descriptive Report.

A comparison print, showing significant differences noted in Par. 62 and 64, is bound with the original of this report.

An overlay sheet was made in the electronic plotting section at AMC, showing fix and signal positions. MHWL positions fall on or tangent to the MHWL. Fixes 9010 and 9011 on rocks are not visible on the photographs at the positions shown and are believed to be tips of ledges nearby. If they were rocks at the elevations indicated, they would certainly show on the photographs. Because the photographs were taken above half tide, the MLIW was considered unreliable and removed. Tree lines were removed. See Memorandums dated October 18, 1965 and October 27, 1965.

Predicted Tide Tables were used to refer the field editor's elevations to MLLW.

62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

A comparison was made with copies of Surveys T-6757 and T-6758, both scale 1:20,000 and both dated July-August, 1940. Significant differences between these maps and T-12749 are shown on the comparison print in blue.

In the area compared, T-12749 supersedes T-6757 and T-6758 in the area compared for nautical chart construction purposes. T-6757 and T-6758 are the latest registered prior surveys of the area.

63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:

A visual comparison was made with U.S.G.S. Quadrangle MT. FAIRWEATHER (D-1), ALASKA, scale 1:63,360, dated 1954. No significant differences were noted.

64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:

A comparison was made with verified copies of smooth sheets for Surveys H-9317 and H-9318, both scale 1:20,000, and both dated 1972. Siginificant differences are shown on the comparison print in purple. Unless hydrographic data was visible on the photographs, it was not mapped on T-12749.

65. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

A comparison was made with Chart 8202, scale 1:209,978, 18th edition, dated Nov. 3, 1973. No significant differences were noted; the chart scale is too small for an adequate comparison.

66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS:

Although there is no Aerotriangulation Report with this section of PH-6502, this reviewer was assured by Mr. John Perrow, Chief of Bridging Section, by telephone conversation on January 21, 1975, that this job complies with Bureau standards and meets requirements for National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Reviewed by:

Charles H. Bishop

Charles HBishop

Cartographer

Approved for forwarding:

Victor E. Serena Chief, Photogrammetric Branch, AMC

Approved:

Chief, Photogrammetric Branch Chief, Coastal Mapping Div.



