

Department of Commerce and Labor	-
Superintendent	<u>.</u>
State:	
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT.	
Topo Sheet No.	
LOCALITY:	
•	
·	
CHIEF OF PARTY:	
	,

ch Thind

Party

Descriptive report to accompany Topographic No.

Pearl Island to East Chugach Island.

The Chugach Islands are rather simple in plan, without deep indentations or long projections. All of the exposed faces are rugged and precipitous, evidence of the battering they continually receive. This character of the shore, together with the sea, currents and tide-rips, made traversing difficult. Also, the topographer, under the cliffs, was cut off from a view of the interior parts. Strong currents flow around the islands; ebb-tide setting to southward and eastward, flood-tide setting to northward and vestward, as shown by the arrows at various points. No anchorages of any value occur around them, although in good weather the Explorer has anchored for two or three hours near each, while awaiting the return of field-parties. Low sand-spits seem to form on the side of the islands towards which flood current flows, which is also the more protected side.

East Chugach Island, roughly rectangular, is two miles wide and four long, with its greatest length in an east and west (magnetic) direction. The north and south middle line is low, dividing the island into two mountainous parts, of which the western contains the highest point.

The northwest point of the island is a low, wooded sand-flat.

The rest of the shore-line consists of rugged bluffs, cometimes extending well up to the summits, as in the case of Chugach Island High Peak. The precipitous sides of the eastern part, east, north, and summit, are marked by remarkable and prominent wide white veins, often several hundred feet long, and generally nearly vertical. They make excellent hydrographic signals.

Hany boulders, ledges, and rocks fringe the shores. Kelp surrounds the island. Half a mile east of the northwest point a rocky reef, awash at low water, extends off-shore for a quarter of a mile.

There are several rocks, awash at half-tide, eastward of the northeast point of the island; the outermost one being a thousand meters east true

from the point. Another rock, a few feet above high tide, and surrounded by others showing at low water, lies a thousand meters westward of the point, and half a mike off shore, opposite the middle of the large bight of which eignals Cap and Ea et mark the extremities. In good weather, the Explorer once anchored, for a few hours, half-way between this rock and signal Cap.

Twin krags, 300 feet high and 100 meters apart, mark, the southeast point of the island. The Light-House Service placed an intermittent gas-light on the inner one of these, instead of the outer, on account of the difficulty of crossing the separating ravine. However, from the point chosen, the light shows over an unbroken are of approximately 250°.

Swirls were seen east of the point and tide-rips south of it. Some rocks were located close around the point, and the existence of others, a little further off, is suspected, but the suspicion could not be verified. While soundings may prove the vicinity clear of rocks, it is at present deemed wise to treat the immediate promimity to the point with respect. Strong flood-currents and heavy tide-rips occur here.

Flood-currents sweep to the northward and westward, ebb-currents to southward and eastward, along the shores of East Chugach Island.

Only one house was found on the island, and this, unoccupied and obscured by trees, is half a mile east of the northwest point.

As inshore soundings have been made only about the northwest point of East Chugach Island, many rocks, prominent points, and recoverable features of a permanent character, were located for future surveys. The topographic sheet, or a photography of the same, is the best aid for recovering these points. This is important, as the omission of this data in the instance of Port Chatham this year, caused additional work of one day. The points were only identified, as the new work progressed. See list of positions and attached photographs.

Pearl Island, two by three miles and roughly rectangular, has a low ridge along its north side, and a high one along the south side. Between

is a wooded valley, drained to the westward. There is a small deserted village at the west end of the valley, near the beach. Except at the west and at the northeast, the shores rise in steep bluffs.

No rocks, except the few shown close to the shore, were seen on the north side; many rocks, ledges, and pinnacles were seen and plotted, near shore on the east and south sides.

The passage between Pearl Island and Pearl Island Rocks seems clear.

Cuts were made on two rocks seen at low water, 200 meters southwestward of

Pearl Island Rocks. But before additional cuts could be made, the rocks

were covered, and the second cuts were made on ripples supposed to mark

the rocks. The positions so obtained are given as found.

There is a wide kelp-patch at the east end of the island, and another among the ledges at the west end. These western ledges are all covered at high tide, but one of them bares soon afterwards, and is suitable for a permanent hydrographic signal. A rock was seen between these ledges and Nagahut Rocks, and one east of Nagahut Rocks.

Tangent cuts were made on the group known as <u>Nagalut Rocks</u>, but they were not visited by the topographer, on account of the sea and tide-rips. The highest point (50 feet) is the rounded top of the large eastern rock. This point is signal Nug. The small sharp pinnacle just south of Nug is also suitably located for use as a signal.

Rocks are found off the sand beach abreast of the houses on the west side of the island.

Strong currents sweep around the island. North of Pearl Island Rocks, in smooth weather, two men in a dinghy could barely keep abreast of the rocks; while, on the north side of the island off signal Ran, three men in a skiff could not hold their own with the flood.

<u>Main Shore - Fast end</u>. The bight on the mainland at the east end of the sheet is very foul. The rock, signal Sir, is an easily recoverable permanent point.

Churach Bay is open to the southeastward, and would afford no shelter from winds from this direction. The Explorer anchored several times at the anchorage shown, in twelve to fifteen fathoms, soft bottom, but with a short scope of chain. The thin line of kelp here extends well out into deep water.

At the north entrance point, a rock, signal Tom, stands half a mile offshore. The shore here has been heaten back, leaving wide lodges bare at low
water. The south entrance point is well marked by a large slide. As no
other name could be obtained, Slide Point is suggested for this place, as
the mark is very prominent. Off the slide, is a group of rocks showing
at all tides. The highest point of the highest and largest one, is signal Rox.
Kelp-beds surround the rocks, and stretch well out into the bay. While
the extent of the kelp is estimated, it is not believed to be exagerated.

Deep water extends well into the west arm of the bay, passing halfway between the rock, signal Check, and the north shore. Hiddangers were seen in the north bight, but no soundings were made.

Churach Bay to Elizaboth Island. For four miles west from Churach Bay, the shore is fringed with wide ledges and kelp. The launch passed rather close along the edge of the ledges, without sceing rocks or dangers, other than shown.

The stream shown drains a pond, which is filled by streams from the valleys back of it.

Near the west end of the sheet, there are several rocks and some large ledges. The cutermost rock, which shows about half-tide, is well located. South of this rock, tiderips, bad for small boats, occur. Signal Ledge is a small rock, showing at all tides, in the wost end of a long ledge, which is covered at high tide. Signal Island is a not very definite point. It is the highest point in the grass-covered part of a large ledge. Most of this ledge is covered at high-tide.

The country

The country adjacent to the shore is mountainous, and the interior contains higher summits. No names cound be obtained for features in this vicinity, although inquiries were made.

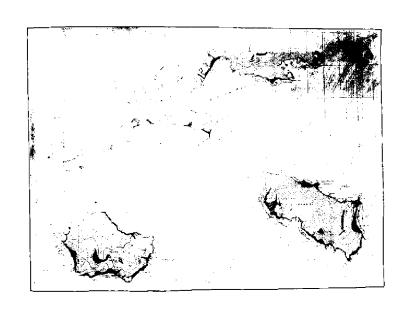
The work was done by the usual traverse methods, using a mountain planetable for convenience, and a sheet necessarily smaller than that ordinarily used on the larger table. The topography from these small sheets is combined. The contour interval is 100 feet.

Respectfully

Asst.C.& G.Survey.

Coffront P. & Pation. lehief of Carty

Ļ



Pescriptive Report to accompany

Topographic Shect

Pearl Island to E. Chugach Island

Kenai Peninsula

Alaska

Str. Explorer

K.S. Patton, Asst.

Chief of Party

Descriptive report to accompany Topographic No.

Pearl Island to East Chugach Island.

The Chugach Islands are rather simple in plan, without deep indentations or long projections. All of the exposed faces are rugged and precipitous, evidence of the battering they continually receive. This character of the shore together with the sea, currents and tide rips made traversing difficult. Also, the topographer under the cliffs was cut off from a view of the interior parts. Strong currents flow around the islands, ebb tide setting to southward and eastward, flood tide setting to northward and westward, as shown by the arrows at various points. No anchorages of any value occur around them although in good weather the Explorer has anchored for two or three hours near each while awaiting the return of field parties. Low sand spits seem to form on the side of the islands towards which flood current flows, which is also the more protected side.

East Chugach Island, roughly rectangular, is two miles wide and four long with its greatest length in an east and west (magnetic) direction. The north and south middle line is low dividing the island into two mountainous parts of which the western contains the highest point. The northwest point of the island is a low, wooded sand flat.

ŀ

The rest of the shore line consists of rugged bluffs sometimes extending well up to the summits as in the case of Chugach Island High Peak. The precipitous sides of the eastern part, east, north, and summit, are marked by remarkable and prominent wide white veins, often several hundred feet long, and generally nearly vertical. They make excellent hydrographic signals.

Many boukders, ledges and rocks fringe the shores. Kelp surrounds the island. Half a mile east of the northwest point a rocky reef, awash at low water extends off shore for a quarter of a mile.

There are several rocks, awash at half tide, eastward of the northeast point of the island, the outermost one being a thousand meters east true

from the point. Another rock, a few feet above high tide and surrounded by others showing at low water, lies a thousand meters westward of the point and half a mike off shore opposite the middle of the large bight of which signals Cap and Ea st mark the extremities. In good weather the Explorer once anchored for a few hours half way between this rock and signal Cap.

Twin krags, 300 feet high and 100 meters apart, mark, the southeast point of the island. The Light House Service placed an intermittent gas light on the inner one of these instead of the outer on account of the difficulty of crossing the separating ravine. However, from the point chosen the light shows over an unbroken arc of approximately 250°.

Swirls were seen east of the point and tide rips south of it. Some rocks were located close around the point and the existence of others a little further off is suspected but the suspicion could not be verafied. While soundings may prove the vicinity clear of rocks, it is at present deemed wise to treat the immediate promimity to the point with respect. Strong flood currents and heavy tide rips occur here.

Flood currents sweep to the northward and westward, ebb currents to southward and eastward along the shores of East Chugach Island.

Only one house was found on the island and this, unoccupied and obscured by trees, is half a mile east of the northwest point.

As inshore soundings have been made only about the northwest point of East Chugach Island, many rocks, prominent points and recoverable features of a permanent character were located for future surveys. The topographic sheet or a photographm of the same is the best aid for recovering these points. This is important as the omission of this data in the instance of Port Chatham this year caused additional work of one day. The points were only identified as the new work progressed. See list of positions and attached photographs.

Pearl Island, two by three miles and roughly rectangular, has a low ridge along its north side and a high one along the south side. Between

is a wooded valley drained to the westward. There is a small deserted village at the west end of the valley near the beach. Except at the west and at the northeast themshores rise in steep bluffs.

No rocks, except the few shown close to the shore, were seen on the north side; many rocks, ledges and pinnacles were seen and plotted near shore on the east and south sides.

The passage between Pearl Island and Pearl Island Rocks seems clear. Cuts were made on two rocks seen at low water 200 meters southwestward of Pearl Island Rocks. But before additional cuts could be made the rocks were covered and the second cuts were made on ripples supposed to mark the rocks. The positions so obtained are given as found.

There is a wide kelp patch at the east end of the island and another among the ledges at the west end. These western ledges are all covered at high tide but one of them bares soon afterwards and is suitable for a permanent hydrographic signal. A rock was seen between these ledges and Nagahut Rocks and one east of Nagahut Rocks.

Tangent cuts were made on the group known as Nagahut Rocks but they were not visited by the topographer on account of the sea and tide rips. The highest point (50 feet) is the rounded top of the large eastern rock. This point is signal Nug. The small sharp pinnacle just south of Nug is also suitably located for use as a signal.

Rocks are found off the sand beach abreast of the houses on the west side of the island.

Strong currents sweep around the island. North of Pearl Island Rocks in smooth weather two men in a dinghy could barely keep abreast of the rocks, while on the north side of the island off signal Ran three men in a skiff could not hold their own with the flood.

Main Shore - East end. The bight on the mainland at the east end of the sheet is very foul. The rock, signal Sir, is an easily recoverable permanent point.

Chugach Bay is open to the southeastward and would afford no shelter from winds from this direction. The Explorer anchored several times at the anchorage shown, in twelve to fifteen fathoms, soft bottom, but with a short scope of chain. The thin line of kelp here extends well out into deep water.

At the north entrance point a rock, signal Tom, stands half a mile off shore. The shore here has been beaten back leaving wide ledges bare at low water. The south entrance point is well marked by a large slide. As no other name could be obtained, Slide Point is suggested for this place as the mark is very prominent. Off the slide is a group of rocks showing at all tides. The highest point of the highest and largest one is signal Rox. Kelp beds surround the rocks and stretch well out into the bay. While the extent of the kelp is estimated it is not believed to be exagerated.

Deep water extends well into the west arm of the bay passing half way between the rock, signal Check, and the north shore. No dangers were seen in the north bight but no soundings were made.

Chugach Bay to Elizabeth Island. For four miles west from Chugach Bay the shore is fringed with wide ledges and kelp. The launch passed rather close along the edge of the ledges without seeing rocks or dangers other than shown.

The stream shown drains a pond which is filled by streams from the valleys back of it.

Near the west end of the sheet there are several rocks and some large ledges. The outermost rock, which shows about half tide, is well located. South of this rock tiderips bad for small boats occur. Signal Legge is a small rock, showing at all tides, in the west end of a long ledge which is covered at high tide. Signal Island is a not very definite point. It is the highest point in the grass covered part of a large ledge. Most of this ledge is covered at high tide.

The courts ....

The country adjacent to the shore is mountainous and the interior contains higher summits. No names cound be obtained for features in this vicinity although inquiries were made.

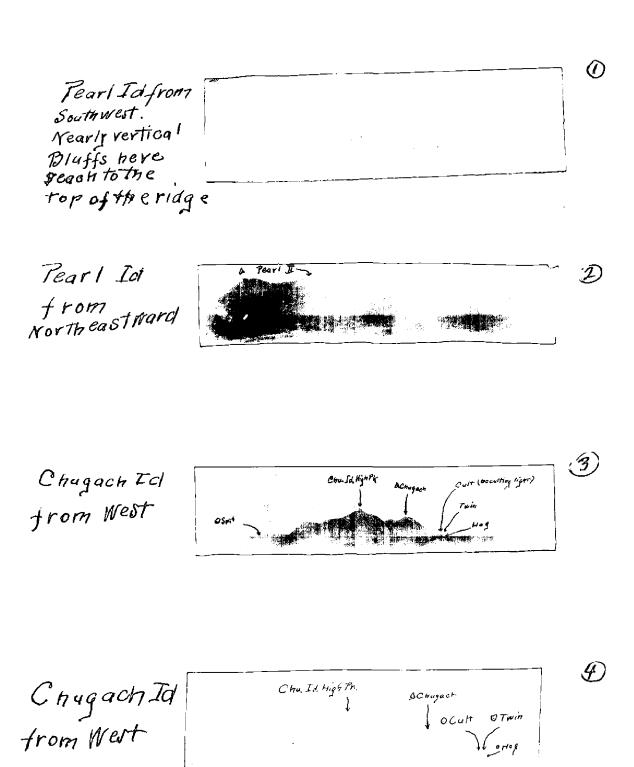
The work was done by the usual traverse methods, using a mountain planetable for convenience and a sheet necessarily smaller than that ordinarily used on the larger table. The topography from these small sheets is combined.

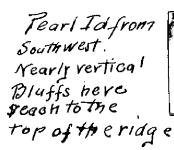
The contour interval is loofeet.

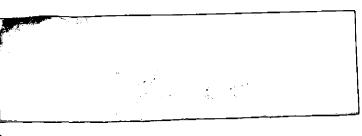
Respectfully

Asst.C.& G.Survey.

**∀** :!Ь:



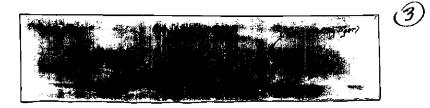




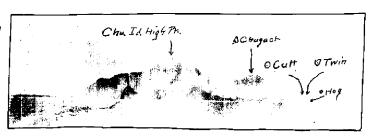
Pearl Id from Northeast ward



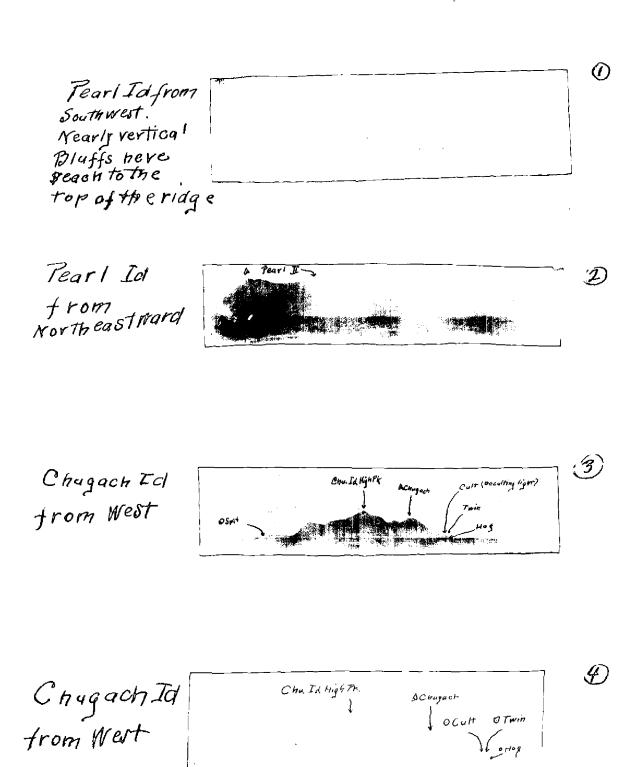
Chugach Icl from West



Chugach Id from West

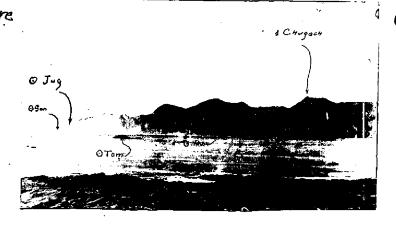


Đ

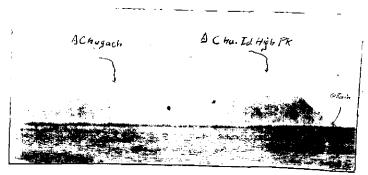


From Mainlandshore
Rock off shore in
TS sig. Tons.

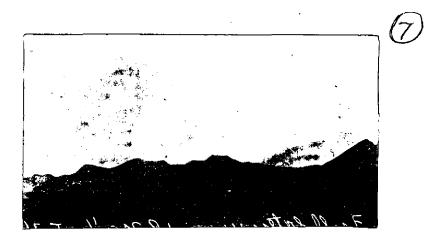
East End
Chugach Id
From North



West end Chugach Id from mainland Shore, From North



Chuggon I from North



Looking
Northeastward
from point North
of sig. Island.
The other Side
of the ridge
drops into the
Chagach Day



Looking 1 176

North bight of

Chugach Bay

The ridge on which

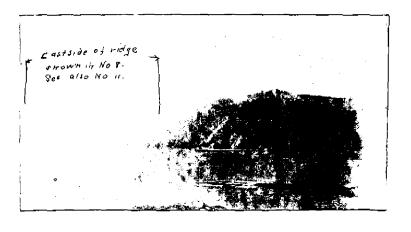
the skarp spike
is seen, is propably
on the North side I

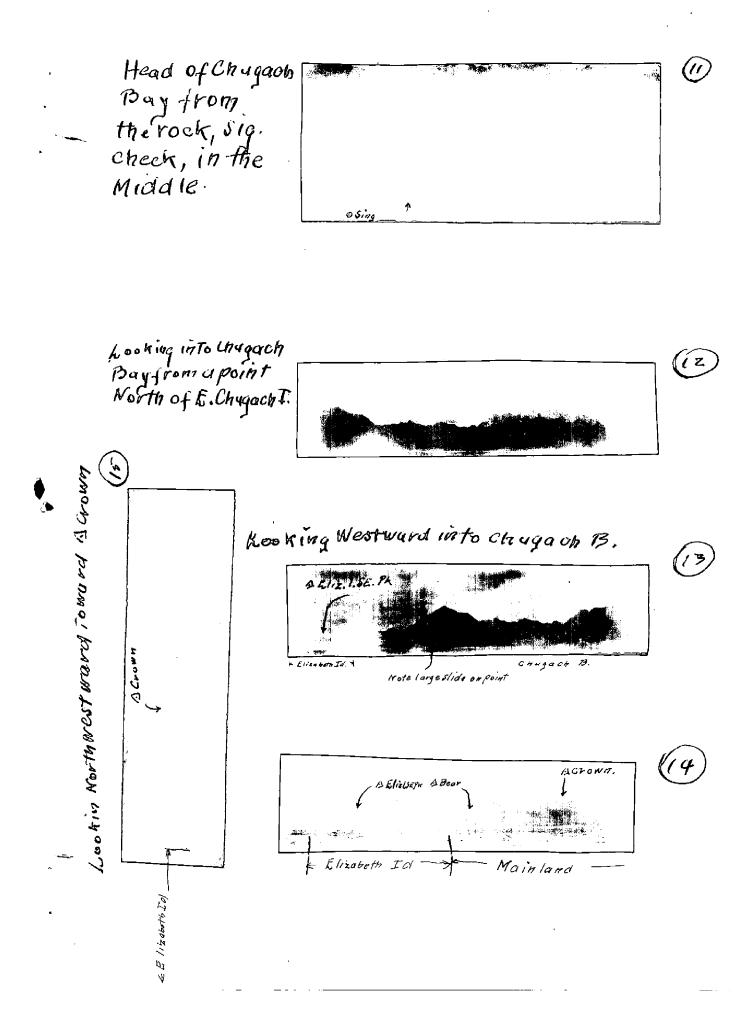
of the west arm

of Windy Bay,



From main tand shore at East side of Chagach Day. Looking Westward into





-pignai	-Lat	-Met	LongW	let	-Discriptions	a					- F	Recoverable
5						Į	i - From We	st to East			,	
	590		1510								1	
Doc		566	441		ignal highest							Yes
Ledge		1463	431	787 H	igh rock show:	ing at all t	ides in we	st end of	long ledge			Easily
Cloth	091				oth on tree					<del> </del>	<del> </del>	Poseibly
Island Shore	.091	00	421		ighest point			ry definit	9		1	Yes
Point	091		421	334 W	itewash on relitewash on re	ock at small	l point was	t gide of	bicht			Possibly Possibly
Oak		1193	421	329 C	loth on tree a	at shore lir	ns in bight	(	-;		1	Possibly
Trot	09'	9:50	41'	57 7 W	itewash on re	ock-at-shore			-bight	<del></del>	<del></del>	Possibly
Walk	091		41	131 W	nitewash on sm				,			Yes
Hid		1149	40'	525 W	itewash on re	ock					1	Possibly
Bad Kel	101	379 1137	371		eak 1680 feet ipod signal	nign		1	;			Yes Probably
Duck		1450		132 W	itewash-at-po	oint-of-blue						Yes
Rox		1435	341	508 H	ighest point	of highest r	rock in gro	up south s	ide of ent	rance to Cl	nigach B.	Easily .
Gal	101	507	341	,61 <sup>1</sup> 3 W	itewash on re	ock at point	entrance	to Chugach	Bay			Probably
Shag		1261	361	237 W	itewash on fa	ace of small	point	1		1		Probably
One		1273	361	831 W	nitewash on sm	nall point			1 -		1	Possibly
Check		1636	36-1	869 H	ghespoint-largeth a little	ge-rock-midd	Lie-OI-West	arm-Uhuga	cn_dayRoo	cr_isiflat_	-out	Easily
Herr	ے 101	1587	378		ith a little (		an readity	ne determ	TITOR	1 .	1 1 1	Probably
Sing		1744			nitewash on h		rock just	off small	point		, .	Yes
Pod	11,	114	381	336 T	ipod signal r	niddle of he	ad of bay	a few yard	s back from	a shore lin	7 <b>6</b>	Probably
Head		134		295L	rge-rock-in-r	niddle-of-be	ach-at_hea	d_of_bay	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	Easily
High		762	351	560 W	nitewash at to	op of bluff						Possibly
Sat		1045 1598	351	309 L	irge rock abou	ut bu meters	off shore	line		on about		Easily
Low Clam	12	1598	35'	15 W	nitewash in na nitewash on sm	arrow,outer,	laticat	iace of 10	one of hill	il at Moral a	and bluffe	Easily Yes
Bat		1800			itewash on si			1	The or man.	- 250 H480- C	L VIULIB	Yes
Three		1533	835	535 W	litewash on or	ater side so	all island			T		Probably
Two	111	1411	321	730 W	itewash on re	ock	1 1		1 .	1		Possibly
Wrong	11	1291	321	189 W	itewash on s	nall point o	f rock					Possibly
Ship		1075		420 W	itewash small	l point of r	ock 100 me	ters west	of small s	tream		Probably
-Tom-		414		_15T	p_of_rock_she	owing at all	itide 700 :	meters off	shore	<del> </del>	<b></b>	Unmistakeable
Jerry Entran			301 6 301 1		itewash on sp ighest point o			n+ a+ a++	rance to	mall ham		Possibly Yes
Rak		1695	30' 1	420 W	ignest point of	entical face	of large	rock 10 ma	ters from	apore.	1:1.	Yes
Sir		1754		693 W	itewash top	small rock a	howing at	all tides				Easily
John	_12!	_125	291	539₩	itewash west	corner of	small point		1			Yes
Dot	12				itewash on re						1	Possibly
Shell	121	00		711 W	nitewash on sr	nall rocky p	point					Probably
Hunt	12	87		328 S	ignal on hagh	est point of	large led	ge rock on	wide ledge	9 ↓	l	Yes
Windy Should	121			902 W	itewash on steak of shoulde	teep lace of	Diuii ent	rance to w	indy Bay	ian Badger		Yes Yes
_SIIO.a.i.u				203	ar or shourd	, UI 11111 ·	Just east o	- Ulangui	acion stat.	Dauger	<del> </del>	108
ĺ	59°	.	1510	- (		Pearl le	land			1 1 1 1		
Gim	07	1157	421	450 S	ignal on spit	1		-	1			Probably
Ran	071	1216	41 1		iteRash on re			1 4 4 4	L			Possibly
Ban	071	324	401		le and banner					<u> </u>	L '_ '	Doubtful
Brass	071		40 t		int of white		] .	,				Yes
Cop Per	07	135	39		int of white		feat) add	acent +o =	hore			Yes Easily
Tin		1709	391		gnest point of	1 1002 ( 25	1000, au	60 8	1			Yes
Jo	061	1685	381		nitewash on re	cky point.s	bout 30 fe	et Migh			<b>!</b>	Possibly
Law	061	1100	381	449 L	w, very flat	rock just a	bove high	water_100-			<del>-                                    </del>	Yes
Flat	061	563	381	664 B	ig rock, flat	top, 25 fee	t high, ab	out 100 me			,	Yes
Cage	061	262	38!	747 R	ck 10 feet h	igh, 100 met	ers off sh	ore	1	1	1	Yes
Tiger	.051			111 B	g pinnacle re	ock near sho	re, 30 fee	t high	Do and	1		Yes
Top		1090 1467	39 ' 40 '	847 H	ighest point of	eastern big	FOCK AT SO	utneast po	int rearl	siand		Easily Yes
Gun Fire		1721	40. 41'	52 W	ite spot in a	feet high i	bluff	P1107 A	1		· · · · ·	Yes
Bare		1472	41		ig black pinns							Unmistakeable
Water		1588	41	518 Si	all water fal	ıį.	f - 1	. 7			. '	Yes
Lump	051	1828	43 1	215 T	p of small re	ck south ea	st corner	of small p	oint	1	,	Yes
Bight		737	431	359 R	ck middle of	bight	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	Probably
Under	061	1035	441		ghest point			oup of led	ges west s	ide of Pear	1	1747
C. h	061	1278	441		sland. It is a ghest point of		nigh tide					Easily Yes
Sub Tack	071	1278	441		gnest point o						, i	Yes
Head		1553	431	940 H	ighest point i	ig rock cov	nected-to-	shore-bv-l	edges-west.	-point-Pear	1-I.——	Easily
Tall	071	42	431	731 B	lack pinnacle:	in ledges ne	ar shore 1	ine	,			Unmistakeable
Round	071	354	43'	475 R	unded rock a	t high water	line at e	ige of gra	se at smal	l point	- 1	Yes
Gable	071	77i	421	647 0	iter gable out	termost hous	e		!	. h		Yes
Nug	051	1530	46	319 H	ighest point l	Nagahut Rock	rs				1	Unmistakeable
7		T				<del>                                     </del>			<u> </u>			
}		}	The same	l rtions	oncerning the	recoveral	litem of	hada madit	ione	• • •	•	
1					eoncerning the						•	
1		[			h of the topo			o oqui	.pp-2			
				1	1		<u> </u>					
		- 1	1			1	1			: -		-
1		.	.!	1			<b>*</b>					

		. !	_		I	ا منتا	•	1		1	1 2	Í	lnhab	_
1gna	l Lat.	et.	roug.	Met.	Disc	riptions	****	<del> </del>			<del> </del>		Recoverable	<del>.</del>
	. :						East Chuga	ch Island.						
	590		1510		_			•			1		Daniel 12	
oit	081	1447 1136	30'	707 176	Signal	on end of t rock in	sand Spit	ween high	est point	er lines			Probably Yes	
ach 188	081		291	450	Large,	outermost	rock, abou	ut 10 feet	high, near	shore lin	s at foot	of bluff	Yes	
ıp	081	824	28	669	Top of	eastern a	nd lower o	f two large	rocks on	point			Easily	
ine	081 081		281 281	494 573		ck at toe r near sho				)			Easily Yes	
ine ige	081		281	394	Boulde	r near sho	re east si	de of bight		<u> </u>	<u>L</u> :		Yes	
ab	081	161	271	904	Top of	ledge awa	sh at high	tide				'	Yes	
y w	071		27 1 27 1	478 120		ear shore			oi straam	1 . ;	1	1	Yes Yes	
yp :	071			8	A defile	k rock							Yes	
in	071	1670	26	596	West s	ide of whi		<u>L,</u> ,	1.7.	,	<u></u>	<u> </u>	Yes	
ıg n	07' 08'	1816 73	26 ' 26 '	193		peak about t point of							Easily Easily	
st				153	Whitew	ash on lar	ge outer r	ock 100 met	ers off no	stheast po	int		Possibly	
ght	081	616	271	33	Rock h	alí a mile	off shore	1,000 met	ers west r	northwestwa	rd of nort		Unmistakeab	ble
ter	081			168 45		rock, awas						. <b>.</b>	Easily Yes	
il	071	1423	261	257	Foot o	f northern	and narro	wer of two			T .		Unmistakeab	ble
ip	071			349		ack rock i							Yes	٠
oot		784 751		456 354		side of fo							Yes Easily	
1	071	-2 <u>6</u> 0-	<b>-26'!</b>	-320-	Large	yellow-roc	k-in-heavy	shingle-b		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	Yes	·
e t	061		261	io	Top of	outer of harp, curv	two large	rocks	nimmana =	Day Cham-	mell f	N or G	Yes Unmistakeak	h? =
an l	061		25' 26'	945 176	Top of	end of sm	all projec	ting point	possibly	30 Keet hi	gh		Yes	<del>.</del>
een	Q6 t	800	261	628	Sharp	top of 200	foot hill	rough fa	e to east	ard, green	slope on	other side		
74	-		-26·!	-443-	Top-of	-big-pinna ittent gas	cle	5 foot h2-1	at 2-2-	of norther	n of total		Easily	
21t	06 ' 59°	400	261 151°	854	krags	at southea	st point o	f the islan	àd		<b>!</b>		Unmistakeah	ble
ım	061		26	774	Toe of	white vei	n at end o	f small po	int beneath			de.	Easily	
ır	061	294	26!	835 20		white vei				the island	!		Unmistakeah Yes	ble
g vin	06.t		-27-1- 26 '	29- 928	rne-bi Southe	g-rock-on- rn of twin	krage sou	theast noi	t E. Chugad	h Id. 300	feet high		Unmistakeab	ble
ec k	06,1	536	27	<u>`</u> 185	Pinnac	le rock ab	out 50 fee						Yes	
x			27 t	308 807		ck middle t point in							Yes	
or ande			_27!_	723-		_big_rock_		feet_high_		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Yes	
ar	061	1140	271	874	Top of	waterfall	1.	1	:	,		1	Unmistakeal	ble
tar	061	1012	28! 28!	295 . 554		rock abou orner whit		nign,		1		1 1	Easily Easily	
ar   uff	061	1410	281	834	West s	ide of foo	t of wide						Easily	
hite	061	1683.	_29!_	_273.	Large	white_rock	_in_water_	near_the_e	nd_of_white			<del>                                     </del>	Easily	h? a
oat			29 t	577 774		t point of white rock						) :	Unmistakeah Yes	пте
and		794		36		pping whit							Yes	
up	07	647	301	296	Top of	large roc	<b>k</b> ,						Easily	
or at	071	729_		752 79	Top of	large roc pinnacle	krock 25 fe	et hion		<del> </del>	<del></del>		Yes Easily	
at ab	071	1042	31:	511	Flat t	opped rock	in heavy	shingle be	ach				Possibly	
ye	071	1631	31	862	Big bo	ulder just	off Rain			l			Yes	
ain	071		31' _31 <u>'</u>	838 _726_	Pinnac	le rock at	foot of r	lage which	slopes wes	st from Chu	gacn I.Hig 	n Pk.	Easily Easily	
at_	081	283	31'	651	Pinnac	le rock ha	lf way bet	ween two s	nall stream	ns		<u> </u>	Easily	
зер		427	31'	704		wash at hi	gh tide 10	O meters o	ff shore				Yes	
-		1		1				}					}	
	1 1				• : •			•	L	1				
$\cdot \top$				1	The asser	tions conc	erning the	recoverab	ility of th	hese positi	ons			
1		- {			aro made) with a ph	with the a	i the topo	graphic sh	pemrond. W. et.	be equi	eppea	1	•	
		1		; [ ]						1				
_	<del> </del>							<u> </u>	ļ	ļ.,i	<del> </del>			
-	*					· . '	:		1	1 1	,		,	
		1						'						
ļ			•	.			1							
$\dashv$							<del></del>	<del></del>	ļ	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
	1				1 .						-		•	
						1		j	'.		] -			
				. [		1 1	' ;					,		
				+		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>			<del> </del>			
							,				1	1		
		-												
		,		. [		, , ,		<b>[</b>						
		ĺ		l	·								, .	
		-		-				<b> </b>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		
	1	1						466						
		1.				•	1							-