FORM 504

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

State: California ...

1---5613

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT.

Topsgraphia Sheet No. 4185

LOCALITY:

South ern Goast

Newport Bay

1926

CHIEF OF PARTY:

T.J.Maher



REG. NO.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

TOPOGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Topographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. 4186

REGISTER NO.

State California	1
General locality	Southern Coast
Locality Nev	oort Bay
Scale 1:10,000	Date of survey <u>March</u> , 1926
Vessel GUIDE	
Chief of Party	Thos. J. Maher
Surveyed by	Thos. B. Reed
Inked by	Thos. B. Reed
Heights in feet above.	H.W. to ground ************************************
Contour, Approximaters	contourry Formaline interval 20 feet
	January 21, 192 6
Remarks:	

G P O



U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Col. E. Lester Jones, Director.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOUPANY TOPOGRAPHIC

SHEET, NEWPORT BAY, CALIFORNIA.

Surveyed, March, 1926.

U.S.C.& G.S.S GUIDE 1926. 'Thos. J. Maher, Commanding, Chief of Party.

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DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY TOPOGRAPHIC SHEET

NEWPORT BAY , CALIFORNIA, MARCH 1926.

Instructions.

This work was done under instructions dated January 21, 1926.

Extent.

This sheet includes the topography from approximately one mile east of Hewport Entrance to four miles west of the entrance, and extends northward to the northern end of the Bay.

Control.

Control for this sheet consisted of sixteen recovered triangulation stations. Several stations established by the U.S. Engineers in 1912 and shown on the blue print accompanying the topographic sheet, were computed on North American datum and used as control points in conjunction with the triangulation stations. The positions of the recoverable U.S. Engineers' stations in this vicinity are shown on page 3 of this report. All U.S. Engineers' stations were checked by plane table before being used as control points.

Survey Methods.

This entire survey was done by the usual plane table method, being done almost entirely by three point fixes. The few traverses run were short, and all closed well within allowable limits.

Description.

westward?

From Newport Entrance eastward the coast line consists of high rocky cliffs and is very rugged. This cliff turns northward at the entrance and

See letter attached

follows along the north shore of the Bay to its northern end. The high cliffs on both sides of Newport Bay are surmounted by a mesa which on the eastern side leads back into low grass-covered hills, and on the western side is quite flat and is largely under cultivation. Dividing the Bay from the ocean on the south is a low sand peninsula on which are built the towns of Newport and Balboa.

The towns of Newport, Newport Heights, Balboa, Balboa Island and Corona Del Mar are all chartered under the name of Newport Beach. Newport Beach has a winter population of about 6,500 and a summer population of about 12,000. Costa Mesa is a small town, the center of a farming and fruit growing community.

All streets, roads, railroads, piers, docks, etc. are shown on the sheet as they actually existed at the time of the survey. More streets will undoubtedly be laid out in the near future, especially around Corona del Mar.

Newport Bay is at present a summer resort and is the headquarters of a large number of pleasure yachts and small boats of all kinds. The bay has at present practically no commercial importance, but if plans which are underway for building another jetty and dredging the extrance to 25 feet, go through, this district will undoubtedly develop into a commercial port.

The low water line around the entrance was carefully rodded in at low water. However, the entrance and bar change considerably with every storm, so that it is quite likely the entrance will be different from that shown by the time the chart is made.

The Santa Anna River has been diked off and an outlet cut through to the ocean about a mile to the westward of the limits of this sheet, so that the Santa Anna River no longer flows into Newport Bay.

LIST OF RECOVERABLE OBJECTS LOCATED BY U.S. ENGINEERS
SURVEY OF 1912.

No.	Name.	Lat.	D.H.	Long.	D.P.	Description.
· 1	ORIGIN	33-36	1483.4	117 53	1308.8	4-inch vitrified pipe buried and signaled.
3		33-36	1329.6	117 54	190.7	6" x 8" iron-bound redwood
4	BRIDGE	33-3 6	1245.1	117.53	538.7	property line pole. 4" vitrified pipe buried and
25		3 3 – 35	824.3	117 52	267.2	signalled. 6" x8" iron-bound redwood
.50	CANAL	33-37	721.4	117 56	455.9	property line post. 4" vitrified pipe and signal.
51		33-37	725.2	117 56	253.7	6" x 8" iron-bound redwood.
55	ROCK SPU	JR 33-37	125.9	117 55	125.9	proprty line post 4" vitrified pipe and signal.
60	FIRST BEND 2	33–37	609.5	117 53	1359.6	4" vitrified pipe and signal.
. 63		33 3 8	290.3	117 53	767.1	6" x 8" iron-bound redwood
64	NARROW	33 3 8	583.5	117 53	611.7	property line post. 4" vitrified pipe and signal.
68	Square	33 39	39.2	117 53	630.5	4" vitrified pipe and signal.
73	HUNT	33 38	1701.0	117 52	734.4	S.W. corner pit in dyke.
75	STAKE	33 38	815.6	117 53	141.3	4" x 4" stake, vitrified
76	ROAD	33 37	1460.8	117 53	143.5	pipe and signal. 4" vitrified pipe and signal.
77	RANCH	3 3 3 7	518.6	117 53	584.6	4" vitrified pipe and signal.
78	CONEY	33 37	302.9	117 53	789.2	4" vitrified pipe and 1" x 3"
79		33 37	289.1	117 53	1067.5	pole. 6" x 8" iron-bound redwood
80	cox	33 37	79.0	117 53	1358.0	property line post. 4" vitrified pipe and 1" x 3" pole.

LIST OF RECOVERABLE PLANE TABLE POSITIONS.

	Name	L	at.	D.H.	Lo	ng.	D.P.	Description.
	HIGH	33	37	1728	117	5 6	3 35	High water tank on steel tower. Height 125 ft. above surface of ground.
	LONE	33	37	284	117	56	408	South gable of small lone house on beach.
	BLACK	33	37	61	117	56	235	South gable of black house with two white
	COT /	33	37	580	117	55	1155	windows in front. High brick chimney on power plant.
	WOH	33	37	660	117	55	. 628	Center of large white house.
	STACK	33	37	310	117	55	00	Tall black stack.
	POLE /	33	3 6	1356	117	5 5	1356	Flagpole on south gable of high green house.
	SCHOOL	33	36	680	117	55	123	Flagpole on cupola of red brick school.
	CHIN /	33	3 6	507	117	54	1104	Red brick chimney on south end of brown
	GREEN	33	3 6	400	117	54	587	house. South gable of green house.
	TOWER	33	36	953	117	53	.877	Tower on top of house shaped like light-
	WAT	33	36	699	117	53	1269	house. Red water tank on Balboa Island.
	BAL	33	36	516	117	53	406	Tower on red house.
	BLUE	33	36	29	117	53	1111	South gable of small blue house.
	CENT	33	3 5	1628	117	53	696	Center of south side of large grey stucco
	PINK	33	35	1811	117	53	537	house. Yellow aerial pole on top of pink house.
	DUTCH	33	35	1570	117	53	216	Real estate office shaped like Dutch wind-
	SAM	33	37	644	117	53	275	mill. Wooden water tank on tower near farmhouse.
	HILL	33	37	80	117	53	1356	Large electric light pole on small hill.
	TALL	33	36	1555	117	53	491	Telephone pole.
	FLAG	33	3 8	1191	117	53	742	White flag.
)	BUSH	33	39	296	117	53	297	Small bushy tree on side of hill.
	BIG	33	3 8	517	117	53	83	Northernmost of two large trees.
	TREE	33	38	397	117	53	140	Southernmost of two large trees.
	TANK	33	3 6	691	117	52	1507	Red tank on tower, height 50 ft. above surface of ground.
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LIST OF RECOVERABLE PLANE TABLE POSITIONS (cont'd)

	Name	L	at.	<u>D.M.</u>	Lo	ng.	D.P.	Description.
	West	33	36	428	117	52	1496	West end of small grey concrete building, at side of road.
	<u>ត្</u> សា	33	36	222	117	52	1163	Steel tower of U.S. Weather Bureau.
-	YEL	53			117			Center of tower on yellow house.
	srm <						1031	South flagpole on pavilion.
•	BRICK V	33	35	1229	117	52	605	Brick chimney on prominent white house.

LIST OF PROMINENT OBJECTS TO BE SHOWN ON CHART.

	Name.	Lat.	D. M.	Long.	<u>D. P.</u>	Description.
	HIGH	33 37	1728	117 56	33 5	High black water tank on steel tower. Height 125 feet above surface of ground.
0	HOW	33 37	660	117 55	628	Center of prominent white house on bluff.
0	STACK	33 37	310	117 55	QQ.	Black stack, height 40 ft. above surface of ground.
0	WAT	33 36	699	117 53	1269	Red water tank on tower, height 50 ft. above surface of ground.
0	TANK	33 36	691	117 52	1507	Red water tank on tower, height 50 ft. above surface of ground.
0	TOW	3 3 3 6	222	117 52	1163	Steel tower of U.S. Weather Bureau.
0	BRICK	33 35	1229	117 52	605	Brick chimney on prominent white house.
Δ	CUP	33 36	322.3	117 53	1389.1	Cupola on Balboa pavilion.

POSITIONS OF LIGHTS AND BEACONS.

Name.	/ Lat.	<u>D. M.</u>	Long.	D. P.	Description.
LIGHT ON OUTER END OF JETTY.	, 33 3 5	762	117 52	1205	Lighted. Fl. W 6.
INNER LIGHT ON JET!	PY 33 35	1197	117 52	1317	Leaning over and not lighted at present due to
OUTER RANGE LIGHT	33 35	1525	117 52	1073	undermining of jetty. Fixed white light, with shade showing on black tri- angle.
INNER RANCE LIGHT	3 3 3 5	1570	117 52	1039	Fixed white light with shade showing on white triangle.
RED LIGHT	3 3 3 5	1568	117 52	1129	Fixed red.
BEACON NO.4	33 36	12	117 52	1466	One pile beacon with number. Not lighted.
MID BEACON	33 36	90	117 53	368	One pile red-and-black beacon. Not lighted.
BEACON NO. 6	33 36	176	117 53	406	One pile beacon with humber. Not lighted.
BEACON NO.1	33 36	408	117 53	1281	One pile beacon with number. Not lighted.
MID BEACON	33 36	93 4	117 54	361	One pile red-and-black beacon. Not lighted.
BEACON NO. 1	33 36	773	117 54	530	One pile beacon with number. Not lighted.
BEACON NO. 2	33 36	692	117 54	707	One pile beacon with number. Not lighted.
RED BEACON	33 36	723	117 54	890	One pile with barrel on top, painted red.
BEACOH NO. 3	33 3 6	1292	117 54	759	One pile beacon with number. Not lighted.
BEACON NO. 5	33 3 6	1606	117 54	1325	One pile beacon with number. Not lighted.

Respectfully submitted,

Lieutenant, (j.g.)

Approved and forwarded:

Chief of Party.

POST-OFFICE ADDRESS: U. S. C. & G. S. S. OCEANOGRAPHER, Norfolk, Virginia.

TELEGRAPH ADDRESS:

EXPRESS OFFICE:

1930 MAY - 16 - AH 11: 15 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

May 15, 1930.

To:

The Director,

U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.

From:

Thos. B. Reed, Lieut. (j.g.)

U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Subject: Topographic Sheet No. 4186.

Reference: Director's letter of May 7, 1930, No. 3-VEC.

You are respectfully advised as follows regarding the . interpretation of notes and symbols on Topographic Sheet No. 4186 between Arch Rock and the Entrance to Newport Harbor, California:

The shore line consists of rocky cliffs with a large number of detached boulders of various sizes on the beach between the high and low water line, with a few bare at low tide just outside the low water line. The three notes would better show conditions if they were changed to "Rocks bare at various stages of the tide".

I am unable to state definitely as to conditions around Arch Point, but as I recall it, the large rock or islet off triangulation station Arch Rock is connected to the shore at low water except for small channels five or six feet across between the boulders.

The elevation of the point at triangulation station Arch Rock is shown as 45 feet on the photostat instead of 24 feet as stated in your letter. This, as well as all other elevations on this sheet, was determined by the usual plane table methods.

Lieut. (j.g.) C. & G. Survey.

Thos BRe

Fred. S. Vencore Fred. L. Peacock,

Commade. Str. OCEANOGRAPHER.

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Service Se

13y 7, 1000.

To: Licut. (J.g.) T. B. Reed, U. S. Coast and Geodetic Ourvey, Norfolk, Virginia.

Through: Correnting Officer,

U. C. Coast and Goodotic Survey, Ship COTANGERAMER, C Footmentor,

Borfolk, Virginia.

Fron:

The Director, U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Subject: Topographic Short No. 4136.

On the inclosed copy of a section of Tepographic (heet No. 4186 surveyed by you in 1936 thore is an inconsistency between symbols and notes applying to the rocks or islets lying between Arch Rock and the entrance to Resport Parbox, California. The symbols indicate islets or rocks not covered at high mater while the note states "Amagh at log tide."

In connection with some litigation the question has arisen whether the inlet off arch Rock is detached at low rater, and the inherpretation of these symbols has an important bearing on this question.

Please subsit a statement regarding the interpretation which should be put on those symbols and notes. If you have any recollection regarding conditions around Arch Point a statement would be useful.

The elevation of the point on which the station Arch Rock is located is given as 24 feet. It is presumed that this elevation was determined by the usual plane table method, but if any more accurate method was used, please describe the method.

(Signed) R. 2 Pattor.

Inclosure.

Director.



Photographed from Topographic Sheet No. 4186 in the archives of the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Surveyed in 1926. Scale, 1:10,000. Washington, D. C., May 5, 1930.