

Form 504

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

State: S.W.Alaska.

613

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT.

4385 120E

Tepographic Sheet No. "

y 4385

LQCALITY:

Cape Fairfield to Cape

Mansfield, Kenai Peninsula.

192 8

CHIEF OF PARTY:

R.R.Lukens.

Topographic Sheet "D"

Note by Chief of Party:

CONTROL Control on this sheet is from the triangulation of 1928 expanded from the base in Day Harbor. It depends on the position of Cape Island 1905.

Due to a misunderstanding, the topography of Horsehead Bay was done on both this sheet and the Day Harbor sheet. The signars as rocated on this sheet were used on the hydrographic sheet.

FORM LINES The country back of the shore line is very precipitous and bady broken up and much of it is not visible from set ups on the beach. It was therefore very difficult to draw in the form lines. The work done by the plane table was supplemented by cuts and sketching from the ship at anchor at various places off the coast.

It is only in very smooth weather that a boat can land along this coast and then it is always dangerous. Orders feasible were given the topographer to push work as rapidly when as feasible landings were possible, and for that reason the detail is not as complete as is desirable. Several boats were capsized on this work and the plane table party nearly got caught with a landslide, but no casualties resulted.

R.R.Lukens.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

To accompany Topographic Sheet "D"

Cape Fairfield to Cape Mansfield, Kenia Peninsula, S. W. Alaska.

Directors instructions dated February 18, 1928.

General Description:

The south side of Cape Fairfield is steep and rocky and the cliffs are eroded and cut up by numerous gulches. There is little or no vegatation except at the top of the cliffs where the hills are thinly covered with pine trees.

From topographic signal Alto to topographic signal East the shoreline is mostly rocky and rises abruptly from the waters edge. At The heads of the two bights the shoreline is composed of small rocks and boulders. The hills and valleys back of this stretch of shoreline are covered with a moderate growth of pine trees.

At the head of Whidby Bay the shoreline is low and sandy and a long valley extends northward to a small manging glacier. Back of the shoreline is a heavy growth of pine trees and a small glacial stream empties into the bay at the west end of the sand beach.

From topographic station Cold to topographic station Fun the shoreline is rocky and precipitous. From topographic station Fun to triangulation station Hansfield the shoreline is rocky and the cliffs are eroded and cuttup by numerous small gulches. There are many rock slides in this vicinity.

The slopes on the west side of Whidby Bay are sparsely covered with pine trees which extend up to about the 2000 foot contour.

Rocks and Dangers:

Four rocks awash lie about 75 meters northwest of triangulation station Foot. A rock which bares 6 feet at mean lower low water lies about 180 meters 235° true from triangulation station Sap. Three rocks lie about 260 meters east of triangulation station 20' rock. Another rock awash lies about 125 meters north of 20'rock.

A rock which bares 10 feet at mean lower low water lies about 310 meters 338° true from topographic station Alto. A rock lies about 100 meters south of the same signal.

Three rocks swash lie about 85 meters eastsoutheast of topographic signal Nat. Three small islands and a rock awash lie about 300 meters 1450 true from topographic signal Ral. Another island with a rock awash lies about 280 meters 3350 true from signal Ral.

Three sunken rocks lie about 50 meters west of topographic signal Bat and a rock awash lies about 50 meters southwest of signal Po.

Two rocks awash lie about 230 meters northeast of signal Got and two rocks awash lie about 170 meters southeast of the same signal.

A rock which is covered at high water lies about 140 meters southeast of topographic signal Fun. Two sunken rocks are about 30 meters southeast of this rock.

Four rocks awash and one sunken rock lie about 200 meters southwest of signal Fil.

A rock high at the water lies about 495 meters 1250 true from triangulation station Mansfield. Another rock bare at low water lies about 230 meters 2210 true from triangulation station Mansfield.

Landmarks:

The only landmark of importance on this sheet is the triangulation station Foot. This is a large Fock 126 feet high lying about 60 meters off Cape Fairfield.

Survey Methods:

This survey was accomplished by the usual plane table methods and the triangulation stations shown furnished control for the work.

The shoreline between triangulation stations Foot and Sap was located by rod readings from these two stations. A traverse was run from triangulation station Sap to triangulation station Mansfield with a closing error of 60 meters which was adjusted. A heavy swell usually sets into Whidby Bay andlandings are difficult except in very smooth weather. On this account rod readings of as much as 1200 meters were sometimes necessary in running the traverse and this probably accounts for the large closing error.

Elevations back of Cape Mansfield were obtained by plane table cuts and vertical angles taken as the traverse proceeded along the east shore of Whidby Bay. Back of Cape Fairfield the following peaks and elevations were transferred from hydrographic sheet #4731

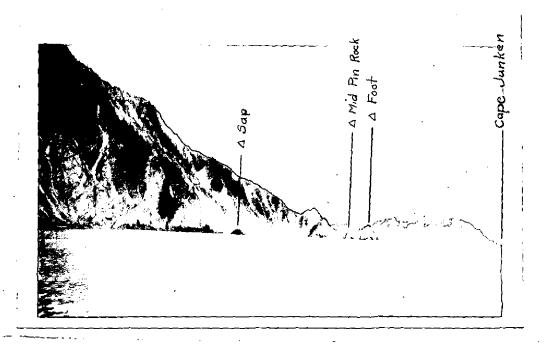
	Elevation	
Field	1700	feet
Pesk "F"	2030	11
Peak "K"	2894	:1
Fai r	3660	7 \$

These elevations were determined by sextent.

The remainder of the elevations back of Cape Fairfield were determined by plane table cuts and vertical angles taken from the shoreline.

Form lines along the shore were sketched as the traverse porceeded along the coast and the form lines farther inland were sketched from the ship.

The magnetic meridien on this sheet was obtained by observations with a compass declinemeter at triangulation station Mansfield.



A view of Cape Fairfield taken from the ship at a point about W. by S. true from triangulation station FOOT.

Statute miles of shoreline .

10.6

Respectfully submitted,

Topographer

Approved and forwarded,

Chief of Party

REG. NO.

4385

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

TOPOGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Topographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. __D.

REGISTER NO. 4385

State Alaska
General locality Kensi Peninsula
Locality Cape Fairfield to Cape Hansfield
Scale_1: 20,000 Date of survey_June, 1928
Vessel Str. SURVEYOR
Chief of Party R.B.Lukens
Surveyed by J.C.Partington
Inked by J.C.Partington
Heights in feet above <u>High water</u> to ground <u>to-tops of tre</u> es
Gentour, Approximate contour, Form line interval 100 feet
Instructions dated February 18 , 1928
Remarks:

G P O