

Diag. Cht. No. 8863-2

Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey	`TOPOGRAPHIC
Field No.	Office No. T-5983
	LOCALITY

State Aleutian Is. - Alaska

General locality Delarof Islands

Locality Kavalga, Ogliuga (western extremity) and other small islands and rocks in their xx proximity.

1944-148

CHIEF OF PARTY C.D.Meaney, Chief of Field Party Div. of Photogrammetry, Wash., D.C.

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES



DATA RECORD

T -5983

Project No. (II):

Quadrangle Name (IV): Ogliuga Island

Ph-34(48)

Field Office (II): Ships SURVEYOR, DERICKSON, Chief of Party: D. D. Meaney

E. LESTER JONES, and PATTON

Officer In Charge Louis J. Reed, Chief, Stereoscopic Mapping Section

Photogrammetric Office (III): Instructions dated (II) (III):

16 April 1943

Copy filed In Division of

19 June 1945 8 April 1948

Photogrammetry (IV)

Office Files

. Method of Compilation (III): Stereoplanigraph

Manuscript Scale (III): 1:20,000

Stereoscopic Plotting Instrument Scale (III): 1:20,000

Scale Factor (III): Photo: Instrument Scale: Plot::27,500: 20,000: 20,000

Date received in Washington Office (IV):

Date reported to Nautical Chart Branch (IV):

Applied to Chart No.

Date registered (IV):

3-29-50

Publication Scale (IV): 1:25,000

Publication date (IV):

Geographic Datum (III):

NA 1927

6/30/49

Vertical Datum (III):

Mean sea level except as follows:

Elevations shown as (25) refer to mean high water Elevations shown as $(\underline{\mathbf{5}})$ refer to sounding datum i.e., mean low water or mean lower low water

LAG, 1944

Reference Station (III): G.P. Vol. 5, p. 204

Lat.:

Long.:

Assistance prostiusted

Plane Coordinates (IV):

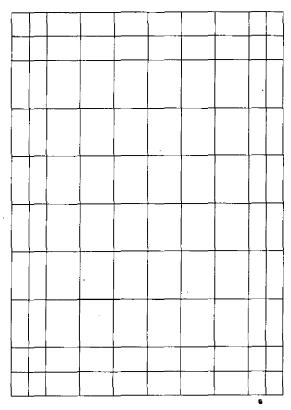
State:

Zone:

Military Grid: Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone No. 1

Roman numerals indicate whether the item is to be entered by (II) Field Party, (III) Photogrammetric Office,

When entering names of personnel on this record give the surname and initials, not initials only,



Areas contoured by various personnel (Show name within area)
(II) (III)

(100g) by Michael G. Misulia on the Stereoplanigraph

DATA RECORD

Field Inspection by (II):

Date:

Oglitga and Skagul Ils.: L. C. Wilder -- July-Aug. 1944

Kavalga

: R.F.A. Studds -- July 1945

Planetable contouring by (II):

Date:

Completion Surveys by (II): None

Date:

Mean High Water Location (III) (State date and method-of-location):

Occasional short stretches of shoreline were located by field inspection and the balance, a majority, was delineated on the stereoplanigraph

Projection and Grids ruled by (IV): Ruling Machine

Date: 10 Feb. 1949

Projection and Grids checked by (IV): Wheatley E. Ward Jr.

Date: 10 Feb. 1949

Control plotted by (III):

Clarence E. Misfeldt

Date: 15 Dec. 1948

Control checked by (III):

John B. McDonald

Date: 18 May 1949

RACIAL MIX Stereoscopic

Michael G. Misulia

Date: 20 April 1949

Control extension by (III):

Stereoplanigraph

Planimetry

elly

Date:

Date:

KWEKKOPK XXXXIII Compilation (III): Michael G. Misulia

9 May 1949

Contours

S Manuscript delineated by ((III):

John B. McDonald

Date: 22 June 1949

Photogrammetric Office Review by (III):

Date:

Elevations on Manuscript checked by (III):

Louis J. Reed

Date: 24 June 1949

. Camera (kind or source) (III): USC&GS "O" Camera, 6" metrogon, cartographic

		PHOTOGRAPHS (III)	
Number	Date	Time	Scale	Stage of Tide
48-0-453			4	
thru		10:00		
48-0-462	19	•		
and	Sept		27:500	1.5! above
48-9-478	1948			MLLW
thru		11:00		
48-0-490				

Diurnal Tide (III) Ratio of Mean | SOMOTO Ranges Range Sweeper Cove Reference Station: Subordinate Station: Ulak Island Subordinate Station: Washington Office Review by (IV): K. N. Maki 10-18-49 Date: Final Drafting by (IV): S. Dean, J. Battley Date: 5-17-50 Drafting verified for reproduction by (IV): Kupiec Proof Edit by (IV): Date: Land Area (Sq. Statute Miles) (III): 13 sq. mi. Shoreline (More than 200 meters to opposite shore) (iII): 43 miles Shoreline (Less than 200 meters to opposite shore) (III): none Control Leveling - Miles (II): none Number of Triangulation Stations searched for (N): (111)13 Recovered: 13 Identified: Number of BMs searched for (II): none Identified: Number of Recoverable Photo Stations established (III): 13 9

Number of Temporary Photo Hydro Stations established (III): none

Remarks:

 e^{i2k}

Summary to Accompany T-5983

Topographic map T-5983 is one of 40 similar maps in Project Ph-34(48). It covers all of Kavalga Island except its western extremity, the west end of Oglinga Island and other small islands and rocks in their proximity. Field inspection was done on 1934 Navy five lens photographs and consisted of the identification of control points. Shoreline inspection was limited to a small section on the southwest tips of Oglinga Island. Field operations for Kavalga and Oglinga Islands were carried out by parties operating from the U.S.C. & G.S. Ships SURVEYOR and PATTON.

A radial plot was not required. Compilation was performed in the Washington Office on the stereoplanigraph using a contour interval of 50 feet supplemented by a contour interval of 25 feet. The manuscript was compiled on acetate ruled with a polyconic projection at 1:20,000 scale on the North American 1927 Datum. A Military Grid, one thousand meter universal transverse mercator, was also ruled on the manuscript. Photography for the instrument was taken with the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey 6" Cartographic ("0") camera. Instrument delineation was supplemented in part by 1944 and 1945 Graphic Control and Hydrographic Surveys.

Depth curves and critical soundings were applied to the manuscript by the Division of Charts.

A cloth-backed lithographic print at compilation scale will be registered with the Descriptive Report in the Bureau archives.

After publication, a cloth-backed color print at I:25,000 scale will also be registered.

K. N. Maki 10/18/49

Field Inspection Report

1. Description of the Area:

This report covers the east central islands of the Delarof Group which is located just east of the international date line between Amchitka and Tanaga in the Aleutian Islands. Specifically, it covers Kavalga, Ogliuga, and Skagul, plus several small rocky islands near by.

In general, the islands have rocky shorelines with many off-lying rocks; bluffs rise from the beaches and the tops are relatively flat, comparatively low in elevation, and are grass covered. The surrounding waters are kelp chocked which extends outward from the shore as far as 1000 feet.

For a detailed description of each island see field reports listed in paragraph 29, this report, "Supplemental Data".

1-25.

Field inspection was accomplished during World War II by field parties from several Coast and Geodetic Survey Ships as a part of the hydrographic work in the area. The work is not considered adequate by present standards but a report of it is to be found in six different field reports as listed under "Supplemental Data", paragraph 29, this report, three Hydrographic Surveys and three Graphic Control Surveys. All six reports filed in the Bureau Archives graphic control report with H-7052

COMPILATION REPORT T-5982, T-5983, T-5984

26. Control:

See triangulation stations on manuscript. All were plotted on the single work sheet covering the three quadrangles. In addition, all the topo and hydro stations shown on the three graphic control sheets were transferred to the work sheet. During the instrument compilation work it was found that two topo stations as photo-identified did not conform to the control network and therefore were not held to. The two stations were PINNACLE and WEE and are located near the center of Kavalga Island. In addition, many topo stations that were not photo-identified were not held to.

Vertical control was based primarily on the surface of the sea. A few field elevations on established control were available and used for checking purposes. An elevation was read for each on the plotting instrument and all fell within the required limits of accuracy.

28. <u>Detailing</u>:

Topography and planimetry was accomplished on the stereoplanigraph, therefore, eliminating the need for a radial plot. Field inspection furnished on Navy 1934 5-lens photographs was barely adequate because the quality of the photography was so poor.

All field inspection data were applied to instrument compilation on the manuscript. This compilation is to supersede that previously reported in descriptive report "Photogrammetric Shoreline", T-8005, 1946, which report is filed in the Bureau Archives.

Distortions were present on the edges of most of the models in this area. These distortions were compensated wherever possible by making use of similar areas in the adjoining models. If this was not possible the distorted areas were isolated from the rest of the model and worked independently.

29. Supplemental Data:

(a) Hydrographic Surveys:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Ship</u>	. <u>No.</u>	<u>Scale</u>	Area Covered
1944	C.D.Meaney	SURVEYOR	H-7039	ŕ	Inshore around Skagul, Ogliuga, and E.half of Kavalga

1945 C.D. Meaney SURVEYOR H-7033 1:10,000 Pass between Skagul and Ogliuga

29. Supplemental Data: (continued)

Scale Area Covered Ship No. Date Name SURVEYOR H-7052 1:20,000 Inshore, Kavalga 1945 C.D. Meaney and Unalga

(b) Graphic Control Surveys:

No. Scale Area Covered Name Ship Date 1944 L.C.Wilder DERICKSON T-6980 1:20,000 Skagul & Ogliuga Is T-6976 1:20,000 Ogliuga Island 1945 C.D.Meaney SURVEYOR T=69992 1:20,000 Kavalga Island

Most register of 1/51

Report with N-782 1945 R.F.A. Studds PATTON

Mean High-Water Line: 30.

The mean high-water line was delineated on the compilation base sheets using the plotting instrument except in a few places where the details which had been obtained from the field inspection were compiled from the photographs by graphic methods.

32. Offshore Details:

Offshore details were compiled by graphic methods and reconciled with the previous and contemporary hydrographic and topographic surveys of the area.

37. Hydrographic Data:

Hydrographic data are to be added to this compilation to the limits of the three manuscripts by the Nautical Chart Branch. It is recommended that the east edge of T-5984 be extended to include longitude W1780 301 - W1780 291 which will permit showing the ten fathem curve east of Ugidak Island. "History of Hydrographic Information" attached.

40. Quality of Contours:

All contours on these manuscripts conform to the national standards of map accuracy for a contour interval of 50 feet; in areas where the supplemental 25 foot contour is shown, the accuracy conforms to the 25 foot interval requirement.

Chief, Stereoscopic Mapping

Section

	Survey No. T-5	983	/x	\.015 th	diagr.	(i) .05	Mag	,\ `\^\\	Hall		²/
	,	//	Chor	The of	S. Word	or ded to	or to de la trop	O Guide of	MOO MENDI	2. Jagar	/
	Name on Survey	A	B	, 4 ₀ C 0,	/D	E	o' F	``	H	/K	
						<u> </u>					
	<u> </u>		 -		(for t	<u>itle)</u>					1
	~Aleutian Islands	V	-	<u> </u>	170		·	-			2
	Delarof Islands	-	<u> </u>		11						3
	Pacific Ocean	. •	 -			 			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4
	Bering Sea	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	 					USC	5
	Oglinga Island		 -		<u></u>		ļ				6
	Kavalga Islam	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ <u>.</u>	7
	Ogliuga Pass		ļ ·	ļ		ļ	-				8
,											9
					_						10
•					Names appro	under	lined 7-7-49	in red			11
					appro		5-17-	•	2-LJ.		12
•		,	*					,			13
	,			. ,					~		
	,		 							-	14
					-						15
		<u> </u>	-					 			16
		·	ļ								17
			 -		· 			<u> </u>	::		18
			-				·		<u></u>		19
•			 - -		<u> </u>						20
			 	<u> </u>							21
	•	·	<u> </u>		•						22
											23
<u>.</u> .							· 	•			24
							,	,			25
				-							
	•		l .							1 1	26

62. Comparison with Registered Topographic Surveys

T-6978	1:20,000	1945
T-6980	1:20,000	1944
#=6999 Not registered	1:20,000	1945

These surveys are superseded for nautical charting purposes by T-5983.

64. Comparison with Contemporary Hydrographic Surveys

H-7038	1:40,000	1945
H-7039	1:20,000	1945
H-7050	1:40,000	1945
H-7051	1:40,000	1944-45
H-7052	1:20,000	1945

These surveys were compared with T-5983 and they are in agreement.

65. Comparison with Nautical Charts

8863 1:300,000 1945 corr. to 3/7/49

66. Adequacy of Results and Future Surveys

This map, T-5983, is a complete topographic map and has been compared and reconciled with all hydrographic and topographic surveys of record in this Bureau and becomes, therefore, the most authoritatively complete and accurate topographic map of record for the area sovered of Kavalga and Oglinga Islands as of the date of this report.

There is no security classification designated for this area.

Adequate photo coverage, adequate horizontal control and instrument compilation methods ensure that this map meets the National Map Accuracy Standards.

No vertical accuracy tests have been made in the area of this map. See item 40 of the Compilation Report for accuracy statement on contours.

67. Recoverable Topographic Stations. Form 524 cards have been submitted on the following marked recoverable topographic stations and are filed in the Division of Photogrammetry General Files:

Page 2. Review Report T-5983

Trot	1945	
Shag	1945	
Punt	1945	
Rush	1945	
Cook	1945	
Bump	1945	
Gull	1945	
Azimuth	1945	(U.S.E.)
Cove	1945	

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

Chief, Review Section Division of Photogrammetry

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch Division of Charts

Chief, Div. of Coastal Surveys

HISTORY OF HYDROGRAPHIC INFORMATION

T-5983

Kavalga Island and west end of Ogliuga Island, Delarof Islands, Aleutian Islands

Hydrography was applied to this topographic manuscript in accordance with general specifications of May 18, 1949, issued by the Division of Photogrammetry; and with detailed specifications by A.M.S., "Technical Memorandum No. 35, XVII".

The soundings and depth curves are expressed in fathoms referred to mean lower low-water, and originate with the following surveys by this bureau:

H-7052	(1945)	1:20,000
H-7039	(1945)	1:20,000
H-7050	(1945)	1:40,000
H-7051	(1944-4	5) 1:40,000
H-7038		1:40,000

The reliability of these surveys is considered good and complete except in large areas adjacent to the shore and in several detached areas in depths less than 10 fathoms where development was prevented by dangerous rocks and dense growth of kelp.

The depth curves were drawn at 1, 3 and 5 fathoms wherever developed, and at 10 fathoms. The danger curve was detailed from the photographs.

Hydrography applied by R. E. Elkins and verified by G. F. Jordan.

R. E. Elkins Nautical Chart Brench December 8, 1949