8066

Diag. Cht. No. 78-4 (Insert)

Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Air Photographic (Shoreline)					
Field No. Office No. T-8066					
LOCALITY					
State Virginia					
General locality Nansemond River					
Locality Suffolk					
1941-144					
CHIEF OF PARTY D.E.Sturmer, Chief of Party F.L.Peacock, Balto. Photo. Office					
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES					

DATE March 27,1950

B-1870-1 (1)

7_ 8066

Quadrangle (II): Suffolk, va. 15 min. (U.S.G.S.) Project No. (II): C.S. 283

Field Office:

Chief of Party:

Air Photographic Party No. 2

O.E. Sturmer

Compilation Office:

Chief of Party:

Baltimore Photogrammetric Office

Fred. L. Peacock

Instructions dated (II III);

March 26, 1942 - July 15, 1942 - Sept. 30, 1942 - Report No. T-Nov. 14, 1942 - Nov . 24, 1942

Copy filed in Descriptive Photogramme try Office Files

Completed survey received in office: Nov. 1944

Reported to Nautical Chart Section: Nov. 1944

Reviewed: 30 August 1946. Applied to chart No.

Date:

Redrafting Completeds 11-29-49

Registered: 3-3-50

Published:

Compilation Scale: 1:10,260

Published Scales

Scale Factor (III): 0.97466

Geographic Datum (III): N.A. 1927 Datum Plane (III): Mean See Level

Reference Station (III): SUFFOLK, 1944

Long. 8

36° 44' 00.833" 25.7(1823.8)m 76° 34' 41.56¢" 1031.2

Adjusted

State Plane Coordinates (VI) 8 Va. So. State 5000' 67.3

XS

Ys

Military Grid Zone (VI)

PHOTOGRAPHS (III)

Number	Date	Rastern Standard Time	Scale	Stage of Tide
7718 7721 to7723 inc.	11/26/41	10:15 A.M. 10:28 A.M.	1:10,000	0.4' above M.L.W. 0.3' above M.L

Tide from (III): Predicted tables, reference station - Hampton Roads, Va.
with corrections for Suffolk, Nansemond River, Va.

Mean Range: 3.8'

Spring Range: 4.6'

Camera: (Kind or source) U.S.C. & G.S. nine lens camera (focal length 84")
All negatives are on file in the Washington Office.

Field Inspection by: Lieut. Comdr. Henry O. Fortin and Lieut. Dale E. Sturmer

date: Jan. to Apr. 1944

Field Edit by: None

date:

Date of Mean Rightwater Line Location (III): Date of photographs supplemented by field inspection date obtained in 1944. Season's field inspection reports previously submitted.

Projection and Grids ruled by (III) J.T. (Washington Office) date: 8/10/44

m m checked by: J.T. (Washington Office) date: 8/10/44

Control plotted by: Ruth E. Rudolph - date: 8/15/44 to 8/16/44

Control checked by: Henry P. Eichert date: 8/18/44

Radial Plot by: J.Edward Deal, Jr. & Edward H. Snyder date: 8/24/44

Detailed by: Harold R. Brooks **date:** 9/28/44 to 10/28/44

Reviewed in compilation office by, Henry P. Eichert date: 10/27/44 to 10/30/44

Elevations on Field Edit Sheet _____ date:

STATISTICS (III)

Land Area (Sq. Statute Wiles): This Map Drawing includes shoreline and adjacent planimetric detail only.

Shoreline (More than 200 meters to opposite shore): None

Shoreline (Less than 200 meters to opposite shore): 10.5 statute miles

Number of Recoverable Topographic Stations established: 8

Number of Temporary Hydrographic Stations located by radial plot: None

Leveling (to control contours) - miles:

Roman numberals indicate whether the item is to be entered by, (III) Field Party, (III) Compilation Party, or, (VI) the Washington Office.

When entering names of personnel on this record give the surname and initials (not initials only).

Remarks:

Field Inspection

Pield inspection data for the area of Tell are contained in the "Report on Field Inspection of Air Photographs. James Riv er and Tributaries, Virginia" by Dale 5: Fortin, dated April 5: 1948.
Filed in Division of Photogramms gry, General Files

26 CONTROL:

This Map Drawing includes that portion of shoreline and adjacent planimetry of the Mansemond River in the immediate vicinity of Suffolk, Va.

The following horizontal control stations fall within the limits of the Map Drawing.

U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY SECOND ORDER TRIANGULATION STATIONS:

· CHURCH, 1918, r. 1934

OBICI, 1934 PERRY, 1944 (F.I.P. Per)

· PIPE, 1934

* SUFFOLK, 1944

U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY INTERSECTION TRIANGULATION STATIONS:

SUFFOLK, NANSEMOND FIRE LOOKOUT TOWER, 1944 SUFFOLK, SPIRE, W. END BAPTIST CHURCH, 1944

. SUFFOLK, W.T. COLUMBIAN PEANUT CO., 1944

U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY PRECISE TRAVERSE STATION:

shade, 1918, r. 1919, r. 1944

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY TE PORARY TRAVERSE STATIONS: (not shown)

Wooden Bridge Over Tracks

Northeast End Of Bridge A.D. 20.3 Over Swamp

Road Crossing, North Rail, A.

Road Crossing, North Rail, B.

Road Crossing, North Rail, C.

Road Crossing, North Reil, D.

Road Crossing, North Rail, E.

Road Crossing, East Rail

Road Crossing, West Rail

Suffolk, Northeast Corner Of Intersection Of Madison And Main Streets, At Stone Crosswalk.

Suffolk, In Yard Of Courthouse At S.W. Corner Of County Clerk's Office, Iron Post Starped "Prim. Trav. Sta. No. 5P, 1918"

N. & W. R.R. Crossing Route 58

Road Crossing, Near Yard Limit Sign.

Suffolk, 5 Feet East And 15 Feet North Of Intersection Of Buck And Main Streets.

Norfolk And Western and The Atlantic Coast Line R.R. Crossing, Centerline of The N.&.W., S.Or E. Bound Track

Suffolk, Junction Of Atlantic Coast Line And Southern Reilroads, Centerline Of Southern Ry. And East Rail Of Atlantic Coast Line R.R.

Suffolk, Crossing Of Madison Street.

Suffolk, 1 Mile East Of, North Rail Of Southern Ry, At Overhead Crossing Of East Track of Virginian Ry.

Centerline Of S. Or E. Bound Track Of The N.&.W. R.R. Opposite Milepost N-22

Suffolk Depot, 1 Mi'e East Of, On The N.&.W. R.R. At Overhead Bridge Crossing U.S. Route 460, 20 Ft. S, Of S. Rail On E. bound Track Directly Over Centerline Of U.S. Route 460 In S. Abutment Of The Bridge; Standard Tablet Stamped "TT29T,1933".

Centerline Of S. Or E. Bound Track Of The N.&.W. R.R. Opposite Semaphore 208.

Centerline Of Trestle Of S. Or E. Bound Track Over Jericho Ditch Which Is 46 25' E. Magnetic Bearing.

The following horizontal control stations fall just outside the limits of the Map Drawing.

U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY SECOND ORDER TRIANGULATION STATIONS:

BUFNFTTS, 1934, r. 1944 (F.I.P. Bur) PINTER, 1934, r. 1944 (F.I.P. Pin)

U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY INTERSECTION TRIANCULATION STATION:

SUFFOLK RADIOMAST STATION WLPM, 1944

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY TEMPORARY TRAVERSE STATIONS:

Russell Flag Station, Road Crossing And Blind Side Track At. Road Crossing.

Norfolk And Western Ry. Span Bridge Over Tracks Of Virginian Ry.

The above horizontal control stations, including the United States Geological Survey temporary traverse stations were used during the running of the radial plot. Therefor all horizontal control stations mentioned were held with satisfactory accuracy when establishing photograph centers, secondary control points, and detail points.

27 RADIAL PLOT:

The radial plot for the Map Drawing is part of the Combined Radial Plot for Surveys Nos. T-8053, T-8054, T-8063, T-8064, T-8065, and T-8066, the descriptive report for which was submitted to the Washington Office on September 15, 1944. Filed in Division of Photogram metry General Files.

28 DETAILING:

The shoreline and immediate adjacent planimetric detail of the part of the Nansemond River and its tributaries shown on this Map Drawing have been detailed in accordance with the Director's Letters dated March 26, 1942; July 15, 1942; and September 30, 1942 pertaining to Project No. C.S. 283.

Positions of minor detail points and recoverable topographic stations were determined by the usual radial line method.

The stereoscope was used to verify the shoreline field inspection data furnished the Compilation Office by the Field Inspection Unit. These data were transferred to the office photographs and then detailed on the Map Drawing. In general, the field inspection data were satisfactory.

Portions of the Mean High-Water Line and Marsh Line along the Wansemond River and its tributaries which could not be definitely identified by the Field InspectionUnit were shown on the field inspection photographs with dashed, red lines for the Mean High-Water Line and with dashed, green lines for the outer limits of marsh. The portions of these undetermined sections of Mean High-Water Line and Marsh Line which could not be accurately determined by careful stereoscopic examination of the office photographs have been shown on the Map Drawing with a feshed, heavy-weight acid ink line for the undetermined Mean High-Water Line and a dashed, light-weight acid ink line for the undetermined Marsh Line.

into the Nansemond River and its tributaries has been detailed. In instances where the drainage was obscured by overhanging trees or brush and could not be accurately determined by stereoscopic examination of the photographs, this indefinite drainage was shown on the Map Drawing with a light-weight, deshed, acid ink line.

Roads were not classified by the Field Inspection Unit and have been shown according to the Compiler's interpretation from the nine lens office photographs after comparison was made with available tonographic quarangles.

Tree areas, not classified in the field, were interpreted by the Compiler from the nine lens office photographs after a comparison with classified areas of similar appearance. These unclassified areas have been detailed and shown with conventional symbols.

All buildings immediately adjacent to the shorelin have been detailed.

The number of nine lens photographs covering the area of this survey was sufficient to adequately compile this Map Drawing. Their scale was in good agreement with the scale of the Map Drawing Projection.

A list of abbreviations used on the Map Drawing, accompanied by explanatory notes, has been shown in the right hand margin.

29 SUPPLETE TAL DATA:

A copy of the Suffolk, Va. 15 minute quadrangle of the U.S. Geological Survey was furnished the Compilation Office and was used to supplement the photographs.

30 MEAN HICH-WATER LINE:

The conventional full, heavy-weight and light-weight, black acid ink lines have been used to differentiate between the Mean High-Water Line and the outer limits of marsh bordering the Mean High-Water Line respectively. The light-weight line is an indication of low, wet land at Mean High-Water and is not considered to be the Mean High-Water Line. It is referred to in this descriptive report as the Marsh Line. (Also see paragraphs 4 and 5 of section #28-Detailing, of this descriptive report.)

31 LOW-WATER AND SHOAL : INES:

No Year Low-Water Line has been shown on the Map Drawing, and none was indicated by the field inspection.data, or was visible on the nine lens photographs.

Several are: s, identified by the Field Inspection Unit as

mud areas are believed to be shoul areas, as the Field Inspection Report identified the dashed lines bounding these areas as shoul lines. They have been shown on the Map Drawing bounded by a short, dash, light-weight, black acid ink line with the word "Shoal" (mud) lettered within the area.

32 DETAILS OFFS FORT FROM THE FIGH-WATER LINE:

Piling rross, stake areas, stumps, logs, and trees in water were identified by the Field Inspection Unit and have been detailed accordingly. Pertinent notes are shown near each of these of shore details.

33 WHARVES AND STORELINE STRUCTURES:

Numerous riers, remains of old wherves, catwalks, and retaining wells were identified by the Field Inspection unit on the field photographs. These were detailed on the Map Drawing accompanied by appropriate notes.

34 LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION:

No objects were recommended for charting as "Landmarks" by the Field Inspection Unit.

There are no fixed aids to navigation within the area covered by this Map Drawing.

35 HYDROGRAPHIC CONTROL:

The Compilation Office was furnished the identification of eleven (11) recoverable topographic stations. These were identified on the 1:10,000 field photographs by either number or name and are believed suitable for use as partial hydrographic control. These stations were transferred to the office photographs and radially plotted on the Map Drawing.

Three of the recoverable topographic stations, for which the Field Inspection Unit furnished Forms 524, have become triangulation stations since they were originally selected. They are:

ELFV. TANK, COLUMBIA PEINUT CO. (No. 22) STFEPLE, WEST END BAPTIST CHURCH (No. 24) SUFFOLK FIRE TOWER

Four of the other eight stations could be seen on only two photographs. These stations are designated on the Map Drawing by red circles around the standard symbol. On two of the stations the radials formed a definite intersection and these points were pricked. These stations are:

EMENATED TANK, SUFFOLK SCRAP IRON AND METAL COMPANY (No.21)
LIGHT COLORED BRICK STACK AT THE PLANTERS PRACT PLATF(No.23)

The other two stations were established on the two radials obtainable by proportioning the distance from the center of one photograph to the object in relation to the distance between the centers of the two photographs. These stations are:

BRICK STACK, SUFFOLK PEANUT CO. (No. 19) ELEV. TANK, SUFFOLK PEANUT CO. (No. 20)

Rour of the recoverable topographic stations were satisfactorily radially plotted. They are:

BAS CITY GAS TANK

SEA

N. GABLE OF A TWO-CTORY BRICK HOUSE WITH WHITE TRIM AND THREE BRICK CHIMVEYS

Two of these four stations namely: BAS and SEA, were previously radially plotted and Forms 524 were submitted during the compilation of War Mapping Map Manuscript for Survey No. T-8294. A comparison between the scaling from the Map Manuscript and the scaling from the Map Drawing reveals a slight disagreement. Due to good identification on the 1:10,000 photographs it is believed that the radially plotted position as shown on the Map Drawing is more accurate than that shown on the Map Manuscript.

Filed in Division of Photogram metry General Files
Form 524 is being submitted for eight of the eleven stations
mentioned above. Form 524 is not being submitted for the three
triangulation stations. Stations that were identified by number
were described in a field sketch book (Form 274) under a corresponding number. A description for each of the eight recoverable
topographic stations has been lettered on the Map Drawing near
the station to which it refers.

36 LANDING FIELDS AND AERONAUTICAL AIDS:

The Compilation Office was not furnished any data concerning landing field or aeromautical aids within the limits of the Map Drawing and none was visible on the office photographs.

37 JUNCTIONS:

To the north-a complete and satisfactory junction was made with Map Drawing for Survey No. T-8065.

To the east, south, and west-there are no contemporary surveys.

38 GEOGRAPHIC NAMES:

As instructed, no geographic names investigation was furnished the Compilation Office by the Field Inspection Unit. The geographic names shown on this Map Drawing were taken from the following available sources: U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey Chart No. 509 dated March 6, 1944. U.S. Geological Survey, Surfolk, Va. 15 min. cuadrangle surveyed in 1918, edition of 1919.

A list of these names, which are believed by the Compilation Office to be undisputed, is being submitted with this descriptive report.

39 HORITONTAL ACCURACY:

The probable error in the positions of detail points, the Mean High-Water Line and well-defined objects is believed to be within the limits of satisfactory accuracy.

40 RECOM ENDATIONS FOR FUTURE SURVEYS:

This rough draft, Map Drawing for Survey No. T-8066 is believed to be complete in all details for charting and no other surveys are deemed necessary.

44 COMPARISON WITH EXISTING TOP/CRAPHIC QUADRANGLES:

Due to difference in scale, only a visual comparison could conveniently be made with the U.S. Geological Survey, Suffolk, Va. 15 min. quadrangle, scale 1:62,500, surveyed 1918, edition of 1919. All common planimetric detail was in fair agreement.

45 COMPARISON WITH MAUTICAL CHARTS:

Comparison was made with the U.S. Loset and Geodetic Survey Chart No. 529, published September, 1940, issue of March 6, 1944, scale 1:40,000. Due to scale difference only a visual comparison could conveniently be made. All common planimetric detail was in fair agreement except for a pond shown on the chart midway between the Nansemond River and the Virginian Railroad. This pond is not visible on the office photographs and, therefore, does not appear on the Map Drawing. Also the N.&S.R.R. shown on the chart is called the N.&W.R.R. by the Field Inspection Unit. The latter name has been used on the Map Drawing.

Respectfully submitted: October 26, 1944

Harold R. Brooks
Senior Lugineering Aid

Commilation and Descriptive Report Peviewed Py:

Henry P. Michert

Jr. Photogrammetric Engineer

Compilation of Map Drawing Supervised By:

Edward Deal, Jr.

Asst. Photogrammetric Engineer

Approved and Torwarded October 31, 1944

Fred. L. Pescock

Chief of Part, C&G Survey

Officer-in-Charge

Baltimore Field Office

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES (Undisputed)

- · Buzzard Island
- . Nansemond River
- . N. &W. R.R. (Norfolk and Western R.R.)
- Pitch Kettle Creek
- . Shingle Creek 🗸
- · Soroco 4
- S.R.R. (Southern R.R.) *
- Suffolk //
- . Walkers Island /
- , U.S. 460
- . Va 642
- . U.S. 58

Names Preceded by are approved 11-28-49 L. Hear

DIVISION OF PHOTOGRAMMETRY

REVIEW REPORT OF

PLANIMETRIC SURVEY MANUSCRIPT NO. T-8066

Paragraph numbers not used in this review have been adequately covered in other parts of this report.

27. Radial Plot.

No check of the radial plot was made during this review, as the office photographs for this Project are no longer available.

44. Comparison With Existing Topographic Quadrangles.

The following surveys have been compared with Survey T-8066 and they are superseded in all common areas by that survey for charting purposes:

T-1352, dated 1874, scale 1:10,000 T-6421, " 1934, " "

45, Comparison With Nautical Charts.

This survey has not been applied to nautical charts.

Reviewed by:

H.R. Brooks

Photogrammetrist 30 August 1946

Approved by:

T

M. Joves 3/50
Technical Assistant to the

Chief, Division of Photogrammetry

Chief. Division of Photogrammetry

Reviewed under the direction of:

Chief, Review Section

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch

Chief, Division of Coastal Surveys