# 8279

Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

1

Type of Survey
Field No. T-8279 Office No.
LOCALITY
State Maryland
General locality Eastern Shore
Locality Fairlee
Rock Hall Quadrangle
N3907.5-W7607.5/7.8 194 2
CHIEF OF PARTY
F. L. Gallen
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE June 3,1946

ON Diag. T.

B-1870-1 (1)++

## TOPOGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Topographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. T-8279

#### REGISTER NO.

State	Mary lang	
General	Locality	
Locality	y Fairlee	
Scale :	1:20,000 Date of survey Aug.6, Nov. 10 , 19 42	
V <del>essel</del> .	War Mapping Field Party No. 1	
Chief o	of party F. L. Gallen	
Surveye	ed by Dwight L.Greene, John C. Lajoye, Earl R. Loudon, John R. Smith, C. C. Fryer, Lou Levin	L.G. Chambers,
Inked by	y John C. Lejoye	
Heights	s in feet above M.S.L. to ground te-teps-of-trees	
Contour	r, Appreximate_contour,_Form-line interval _20_ feet	·
Instruc	stions dated August 3 19 42 Supplemental Instructions Aug. 13, 1942	•
Remarks	5;	
<b></b>		

General Procedure in the Production of Topographic Quadrangles for the War Department

This quadrangle, together with similar adjoining maps produced under Project CS-288A, was prepared by the Coast and Geodetic Survey for the War Department under "General Specifications for War Department Mapping Program" issued about December 1941, in which is incorporated the "Standard of Accuracy for a National Map Production Program" issued by the Bureau of the Budget under date of June 10, 1941.

The general procedure in the production of this and the adjoining quadrangles was:

#### PREPARATION OF BASE MAPS

Planimetric maps had been compiled of this area just prior to the war mapping project. These planimetric maps were reduced from their original scale of 1:10,000 and were compiled into quadrangle base sheets by photographic processing. Prints of these quadrangle base sheets were made on cloth-mounted paper for field work and on aluminum-mounted paper for office drafting.

#### FIELD SURVEYS

The field work consisted of a detailed examination of the quadrangle base sheet and the addition of 20 foot contours by planetable methods. All corrections and additions to the planimetry necessary to bring the base sheet up to date of the field work were made by planetable.

Supplementary vertical control for the planetable contouring was established by spirit levels (fly levels) to furnish unmarked elevations at road intersections and numerous other points.

#### PROCESSING IN THE WASHINGTON OFFICE

Review. - The field sheet was examined in the Washington Office for completeness of details and compliance with specifications.

Drafting and Reproduction. - The contours and corrections and additions to planimetry were transferred from the field sheet to the color-separation drawings by means of a map projector. Color-separation drawings were then completed in the usual manner. From these drawings, negatives and printing plates were prepared for reproduction of the finished map at scale 1:31,680.

# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY T-8279 MARYLAND WAR MAPPING PROJECT CS-288-A F.L.Gallen, Chief of Party.

#### INSTRUCTIONS

This work was executed under the Director's Instructions dated August 3, 1942, and supplemental instructions dated August 13, 1942.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF AREA

The south portion of this sheet is comprised of a series of necks and points with several large creeks making in and with a few scattered marsh areas adjacent to these creeks. Cultivated and wooded areas are about equally distributed throughout the area covered by this sheet. Fairlee is the principal town in this vicinity.

#### ORGANIZATION OF WORK

The survey operations on this quadrangle were undertaken in the following order:

- a Supplemental levels
- b Field edit
- c Contours
- d Bridge classification
  - e Horizontal accuracy test
  - f Vertical accuracy test.

Operation "a" was performed by a 4-man party; operations "b" and "c" were conjoined and performed by three 4-man parties; operation "d" by a special 2-man party; and operations "e" and "f" by two special 5-man parties.

#### LEVELS

The supplemental levels were run by Dwight L. Greene, Photogrammetric Aid, August 6 to August 15, 1942.

These levels were controlled from Geological Survey, Army Engineers, and Coast and Geodetic Survey bench marks, and preceded the second order levels mentioned in paragraph 13 of the instructions for this project.

A wye level, with 16 foot rods graduated in feet and tenths, was used. Elevations were read to the nearest hundredth. Elevations were taken along the centerline of all principal roads at intervals of one fourth mile intersections with other roads, hedges, fences, etc. These points were identified on a copy of the map assembly and furnished to the topographer for the control of contours.

All supplemental level lines were closed lines except for a few spur lines of less than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles in length, and along roads where the second order levels were to be later run. Level lines whose closures exceeded one foot were re-run; minor level lines (not used for the control of other lines) were not adjusted if the closing error was less than 3/10 foot. Temporary bench marks were set along the main level lines for the control of minor level lines. Elevations to the nearest 1/10 foot were furnished to the topographer.

Level ties were made with the 1942 second order bench marks by John R. Smith, Engineering Aid, October 9, 1942, after the supplemental levels had been run. There were no discrepancies in the supplemental levels over 0.27 feet.

All supplemental level elevations have been inked in black on the sheet to the nearest 1/10 foot and will be of value should five foot contours be added at a later date. All level elevations on this sheet were checked against the original level records by John C. Lajoye, Senior Photogrammetric Aid, November 16.1942.

#### CONTOURING

This sheet was contoured by John C. Lajoye, Senior Photogrammetric Aid, September 23, to November 10, 1942, except for one portion at Latitude 39°13' to 15', longitude 76° 07'.5 to 14', which was done by Earl R. Loudon, Assistant Photogrammetric Aid, October 23 to November 10,1942, and another portion east and southeast of State Highway 446, which was done by Lou Levine, Assistant Photogrammetric Aid, November 2 to November 10, 1942. The contours by Earl R. Loudon and Lou Levine were done independent of this topographic sheet on copies of the map assembly and then transferred to this sheet and checked.

The contouring was done directly on a 1:20,000 scale map assembly of the planimetric maps by standard planetable methods, except that planetable positions were located and orientations obtained from the topographic detail shown on the map assembly. Only a few short planetable traverses were run, and in each case, it was used to carry elevations for a plane table set-up.

No undue attempt was made by the topographer to secure a greater degree of accuracy in the contours than the instructions specifically called for.

U. S. Geological quadrangle maps were consulted also, and where discrepancies existed they were noted in the field. Since the Geological Survey quadrangle maps were on a much smaller scale than the work on this project, only a visual comparison was made. In general, the contours of the two surveys were in close agreement. The following are the larger discrepancies:

- (1) A small closed 20-foot contour was found at Rockhall, the Geological Survey does not show any.
- (2) The continuous 20-foot contour at the south portion of this sheet was found to extend further south than the Geological Survey showed it to.
- (3) A large closed 80-foot contour was found around Fairlee; the Geological Survey shows two smaller ones.

All planetable elevations obtained in the field have been inked in brown on the sheet, except where the elevations were on or very close to the contour, in which case, they were left off the sheet. These elevations will be of value should five foot contours be added at a later date. Useful elevations such as are shown by the Geological Survey were obtained in the field, but no selection was made during the inking of the sheet.

The magnetic meridians shown on the sheet were obtained from orienting along State Highway 445, October 1, 1942, and along State Highway 446, November 2, 1942, by John C. Lajoye, Senior Photogrammetric Aid, and Lou Levine, Assistant Photogrammetric Aid, respectively. The magnetic meridian used by Earl R. Loudon, was in agreement with the meridian used by John C. Lajoye. However, there is a slight variation between the two meridians shown on the sheet.

#### FIELD EDIT

This sheet was field edited by John C. Lajoye, Senior Photogrammetric Aid, except for one portion at latitude 39°13' to 15', longitude 76°07'.5 to 14', which was done by Earl R. Loudon, Asst. Photogrammetric Aid, and another portion east and southeast of State Highway 446, which was done by Lou Levine, Asst. Photogrammetric Aid, The field edit was done by the topographers while contouring.

All symbols used during the field edit are standard topographic symbols, except that a green "x" was used for the deletions and a tick mark was used to indicate the limits of deletions, and also, the points of change in the road classification. A list of abbreviations used during the field edit is contained in the back of this report.

#### A. Boundaries

The boundaries of the political districts were drawn on this sheet from maps furnished by the Washington office, after they were verified locally.

#### B. Buildings

All farm buildings except dwellings, have been classified as "b" (barns). This includes large substantial sheds, chicken houses, etc.

The buildings on this sheet were located by a combination of planetable methods and tape distances. All buildings are shown in their relative size, except where individual buildings were so close that they could not be shown on this scale, in such cases, the buildings were slightly reduced in size. Where buildings were attached to each other then solid blocks of buildings were shown.

In general, there were a few additions or deletions of the buildings.

#### C. Bench Marks

The descriptions for the second order bench marks established during 1942, by Clerence Symns, Jr., Associate Geodetic Engineer, While operating as an independent party, will be submitted by that party directly to the Washington Office.

All of the above 1942 bench marks, which fall on this sheet, have been shown.

Tidal bench marks, 1, 2, 3, and 4 at Tolchester Beach, tidal bench marks 1, 2, and 3 at Shipyard Creek Landing, tidal U. S. E. bench marks 1 and 2 at Rockhall, and bench mark Balto 78 in Fairlee were recovered and descriptions for these bench marks are submitted with this report; the positions of tidal bench marks 2, 1, and 2, and Balto 78, respectively are shown on the sheet.

Bench mark Balto 24 at Edesville was found to be destroyed and a description to that effect is submitted.

There are no other permanent bench marks, except as stated above on this sheet.

#### D. Bridges

Bridge classifications were made by C. C. Fryer, Photogrammetric Aid, while operating as a special 2-man field party. The classifications are in accordance with the instructions from the War Department dated July 23, 1942, and have been shown in "key" on the sheet.

Culverts (span of 20 feet as classified by the U. S. Bureau of Public Roads) have not been indicated on the sheet unless they were not capable of supporting normal loads. In which case, they have been labeled "weak culv" on the sheet.

There were no weak culverts on this sheet.

#### E. Field Culture

All field culture, such as wire fences, brush along fence lines, field ditches, field lines, and wagon tracks have been deleted from the map manuscript. There were no stone fences on this sheet.

#### F. Geographic Names

In accordance with the instructions, no special investigation of geographic names was made. However, the party was on the alert for name discrepancies and new names. The following new names were found:

- McCleans Corner. This Corner is located about
   1.5 miles southwest of Fairles.
- (2) Georgetown. This small settlement is located about 1 mile west of Fairlee.
- (3) Sharpstown. This small settlement is located east of Rockhall.

N. B. The list of names were verified in each instance by various local residents.

The roads on this sheet do not, in general, have local names. No road names were found.

#### G. Drainage

Mumerous streams (shown by a full hime on the map assembly) were reclassified as intermittent streams. There was a tendency on the air photograph survey to over extend the streams, especially in cultivated fields. These have been deleted where necessary.

#### H. Shoreline

There were no shoreline changes or temporary docks noted on this sheet.

#### I. Power and Telephone Lines

Power lines were treated in accordance with the standard practice of the Geological Survey, i. e. only trunk power transmission lines were shown, except where the lines were located in less developed rural areas and not along principal highways.

Telephone lines were treated in accordance with the Supplemental Instructions from the Director, dated August 13, 1942.

There were no power or telephone lines falling in the above cate-

· NA H.

gories on this sheet.

#### J. Roads

All roads have been classified and shown in accordance with instructions from the Army War College dated January 12. 1942.

#### K. Woods

The wooded areas have been classified for concealment, types of trees, and density. A key to the classification is contained in the back of this report.

#### JUNCTI ONS

This sheet joins quadrangle T-8283, on the north, T-8280 on the east, T-8273 on the south, and T-8278 on the west.

The junctions, both field edit and contours, with quadrangles T-8278, T-8273, and T-8280 have been checked by John C. Lajoye, Senior Photogrammetric Aid, and were found to be in agreement.

The junction with T-8283 will have to be discussed in the report of this sheet, if and when work is commenced on this sheet.

#### STATISTICS:

Supplemental levels, statute miles .......49.9 Contours, square statute miles .......50.0 Field Edit, square statute miles ........51.5

#### TESTS

#### HORIZONTAL ACCURACY

Horizontal accuracy tests for this quadrangle is attached to this report.

#### VERTICAL ACCURACY

The vertical accuracy test for this sheet (latitude 39°10°.5, longitude 76°13°.3) was done by L. Levine, Asst.Photogrammetric Aid, November 2, 1942. Three separate contours were run, i. e. 15, 20, and 25-foot contours. The section of the contour tested on this sheet is within the required limits of accuracy as set forth in the instructions and 5-foot contours intervals can be added at a later date.

These test contours are shown on the sheet with orange lines connected to black dots; the black dots indicate the elevations on the contour ascertained in the field. (Sheet is filed in the Division of Philogrammetry)

The test contours were run independently of this topographic sheet on a copy of the map assembly and then transferred to this sheet and

checked.

#### REMARKS

This sheet was inked by John C. Lajoye, Senior Photogrammetric Aid, November 10th to November 16,1942.

This sheet is complete, and requires no further field work.

The field work on this sheet was supervised by Lieut. E. L. Jones, and the report compiled by Charles Hanavich, Senior Photogrammetric Aid.

Submitted by

Charles Hanavich,

Senior Photogrammatric Aid

Approved

F. L. Gallen,

Chief of Party

### ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

## FIELD EDIT ON MAP MANUSCRIPTS

# TESTS FOR HORIZONTAL ACCURACY QUADRANGLE NO. T-8279 PROJECT 288-A

This test consists of a traverse between Triangulation Station CLOUGH (1895) and Triangulation Station STEEL TOWER NO. 13 (Ecc.)(1933). The traverse is 6.68 statute miles in length and contains 18 test points, 15 of which are within the boundaries of this quadrangle. The traverse closure is one part in 6,350 and the closing discrepancy was distributed through the traverse. The test points are referred to in the computations as P. P. No. (photograph point number) and the test points as scaled from the map manuscript are referred to as M. M. No. Tests No. one through fifteen are tabulated for this report:

#### TABULATION OF TEST POINTS

Description of Point	Test Point Number	Let.	Long.	Difference in mm.
Inter. road and road 90°	P. P. No. 1 M. M. No. 1	39-12- 342.1 39-12- 342.1	76-11- 210.4 76-11- 211.7	
Inter. 5 roads Less Well-defined	P. P. No. 2 .M. M. No. 2	39-11-1658.6 39-11-1648.0	76-11- 593.6 76-11- 594.1	
Inter-road & trail 70°	P. P. No. 3 M. M. No. 3	39-11- 663.3 39-11- 661.0	76-11- 839.3 76-11- 838.5	
Inter-road & road 25°	P. P. No. 4 M. M. No. 4	39-11- 88.4 39-11- 87.0	7 <del>6-11-</del> 978.3 76-11- 981.7	
Inter-road & stream 450	P. P. No. 5 M. M. No. 5	39-10-1666.6 39-10-1664.4	76-11-1045-1 76-11-1047-4	
Inter. road & road 80°	P. P. No. 6 M. M. No. 6	39-10-1623.6 39-10-1618.5	76-11-1055.4 76-11-1059.6	.330 mm
Inter-road & road 80°	P. P. No. 7 M. M. No. 7	39-10- 866.5 39-10- 865.1	76-11-1203.2 76-11-1211.1	•401 mm
Inter-road & road 90°	P. P. No. 8 M. M. No. 8	39-10- 852.3 39-10- 842.1		.527 mm
Center face of house.	P. P. No. 9 M. M. No. 9	<b>39-10-</b> 862.4 <b>39-10-</b> 856.1	76-12- 502.6 76-12- 504.8	•333 mm
Inter.road & field line 80°	P. P. No.10 M. M. No.10	39-10- 798.3 39-10- 792.9	76-12-1154.5 76-12-1155.6	.276 mm
Inter-road & road 900	P. P. No.11 M. M. No.11	39-10- 935.6 39-10- 934.0	76-13- 345.0 76-13- 344.6	.083 mm

# TABULATION OF TEST POINTS (continued)

Description of Point	Test Poir Number	it Lat.	Lat. Long.				
Inter. road	P. P. No. 1	39-10-1085.1	76-13- 968-5				
& road 80°	M. M. No. 12	39-10-1083.7	76-13- 967.9	•079 mm			
Inter-road &	P. P. No. 12	39-10-1375-5	76-14- 106.9				
road 450	M. M. No. 13	39-10-1373.3	76-14- 104-6	•159 mm			
Inter-road &	P. P. No. 14	39-10-1410.0	76-14- 497-3				
road 90°	M. M. No. 14	39-10-1405-0	76-14- 493.9	.302 mm			
Inter-road &	P. P. No. 15	39-10-1398.0	76-14-1361-1				
road. 80°	M. M. No. 18	39-10-1393.0	76-14-1361.4	.250 mm			

All test points are considered well-defined points, except No. 2, which, I believe, should be considered a less well-defined point since it consists of an intersection of five roads. Only one other point, No. 8, exceeds the limit for well-defined points. The map manuscript error of over 90% of the test points is less than .5 mm.

Submitted By

E. H. Kirsch

Lieut U. S. C. & G. Survey

Approved by

F. L. Gallen

Chief of Party.

Remarks.

Decisions

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1		391761	
2	Comegys Creek-not Back Cr. Mr. Heck 9/19 43	n	
3	Pending with USGB: apply Back Creek in awaiting	17	:
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8	May be off south limit of sheet	n	USCB
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		FAIRLEE quadrangle No. 1	/5	Tho. Or	20. /S	7. No.	OF NOTES	200	O.Gu	and Mr	25.7	
		Name on Survey	/ A,	/ B,	/c,	0	E	F	G	/ H	/ K	
-	ı	Quaker Neck										1
	·	Back Creek										2
/	L	Deep Point										3
1	· ·	Wann Cove			1,0		12.7					4
	·	Cacaway Island										5
	v	East Fork										6
~	·	Hawbush Point										7
/		Kings Creek Shows	in	T-82	73		V					8
~		Philip Ceek										9
V	U	Lovely Cove										10
V	v	Broad Neck										11
r	4	Longmarsh Point										12
V	L	Weir Cove										13
~	L	Island Point										14
1	L	Flat Point										15
V	4	Deep Point										16
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Remarks

Decisions

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м 234		

		GEOGRAPHIC NAMES Survey No. <b>T-</b> 82 <b>79</b>		/	digital of	J. S. Wald	all a s	, lad	Cinde	Was While	ALIDS TE	3
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~	·	Millstone Point	/									2
	ı	Shippard Landing	1									3
-	L	Shipyard Creek				* 2						4
1	-	Sinai Cove										5
1	v	Langford	1									6
/	v	Poplar Neck										7
V.	-	Sandy Bottom										8
~	/	McCleans Corner										9
1	· v	Rock Hall										10
V	-	Rock Hall Harbor										11
~	U	The Haven										12
1	v	Tavern Creek										<sup>2</sup> 13
	1	Swan Creek										14
~		Eastern Neck Mow	1 in	T-8:	273							15
V	v	Deadman Point										16
V	L	Sharpstown										17
V.	-	Edesville										18
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. 1	V	Mitchell Bluff										22
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#### REC ORDS

Between January, 1942 and July, 1944, this Bureau completed 323 quadrangles. These maps have been published, or are in the process of being published on scales of 1:31,680 or 1:25,000. This series of quadrangles includes a land area of approximately 15,000 square miles. Incident to this work, a considerable volume of survey records and data has accumulated which will be filed for future reference. This material is filed as follows:

#### Registered and Filed in the Vault

Cloth-mounted copy of the published quadrangle.

published quadrangle at 1:20,000 scale
Black and white cloth-mounted copy of the map
manuscript. This copy is filed to preserve
original survey detail shown on the manuscript
at 1:20,000 scale which may not have been shown
on the published sheet. For political boundaries,
woodland, marsh, and swamp limits, refer to the
published quadrangle for the finally adopted
positions.outlines.

Descriptive Report.

# Division. Filed in the Photogrammetric Section - Surveys Branch

Field inspection photographs.

Contoured photographs (on which planetable contouring work was performed.)

Field edit sheet.

Descriptions of recoverable topographic stations (Form 524), filed in Reviewing Unit. Section.

Supplementary traverse and level records.

Field notes, computations, lists of positions, and tabulations of results of horizontal and vertical accuracy tests.

Reproduction proof.

Correction sheet (copy of quadrangle showing in red changes to be made when next printed.)

Check lists of work performed on each sheet in the Washington Office during review, drafting, edit, and reproduction.

Original map manuscript- ozalid cloth-backed copy.

Copies of specifications and all instructions to field parties and field offices.

## Filed in Reproduction Branch

Glass negatives of the color separation drawings.

#### Filed in the Library

Special report on field work by Commander K. T. Adams, 1944.

Special report on office work by B. G. Jones, 1944.

Season's report on field work by Commander F. L. Gallen, 1944.

Season's report on field work by Commander R. L. Schoppe, 1944.

# Delivered to the Army Map Service in accordance with the contract

Film negatives and film positives of the color separation drawings.

All color separation drawings.

Original celluloid manuscript.

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A correction sheet consisting of a copy of the first edition of the quadrangle with notes in red indicating changes desirable at the next printing.

#### DIVISION OF CHARTS

#### SURVEYS BRANCH

#### REVIEW OF AIR PHOTOGRAPHIC SURVEY T-8279

### ROCK HALL QUADRANGLE

This quadrangle manuscript has been examined for completeness, accuracy, and conformity with the specifications. It is adequate for smooth drafting, reproduction and publication. Revisions found to be necessary in this office are discussed on the next page.

#### Horizontal and Vertical Accuracy

A horizontal accuracy test was run in this quadrangle and found to be satisfactory. The test is inclosed in this Descriptive Report.

A vertical accuracy test was run in this quadrangle and found to be satisfactory. See page 6, item Tests, inclosed in this Descriptive Previous Surveys

This manuscript has been compared with the following previous topographic surveys of this Bureau and other agencies. This map is satisfactory to supersede the previous surveys over the common area.

See descriptive reports T-5695, T-5696, T-5698 and T-5699 for comparison of details with previous topographic surveys.

## Comparison with Nautical Charts Nos. 548, 549, & 1226

The manuscript has not been applied to the charts at the date of this review. The following comments are pertinent to the compilation and correction of nautical charts:

See descriptive reports T-5695, T-5696, T-5698, and T-5699 for comparisons.

The following revisions of the map manuscript were found to be necessary and were accomplished as a part of this review:

Only changes of a minor nature were necessary during the review of this map manuscript.

Reviewed gaw. 8, 1943 By W. W. Belling under direction of D. H. Benson (per 10.74)

Inspected by B. G. Jones 39. Jones 3/46

Examined and approved:

Chief, Surveys Branch
Division of Photogrammetry

Chief, Topography Section

Chief, Div. of Charts

Nautical Chart Branch

Chief, Div. of Coastal Surveys