

Form 504

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey CHART TOPOGRAPHY

Field No. PH-7001 Office No. TP-00028

LOCALITY

State WASHINGTON

General locality SNAKE RIVER

Locality REVERE BAR

1969-70

CHIEF OF PARTY

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE

USCOMM-DC 5087

	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (2-70) ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMIN. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY	TYPE OF SURVEY			
		KX ORIGINAL	SURVEY T	P. 0002	82
	DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD				
-		REVISED-	JOB P	н. 700	<u></u>
	PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE	FOR REVISED	SUPVEY USE	ONLY	
	Washington Science Center	- TOR REVISED	JOKYET USE	ONLI	_
	Rockville, Maryland 20852		JOB P	н	
	OFFICER-IN-CHARGE	ORIGINAL SURVEY DATA:	DATES:		
	Richard H. Houlder		19	TO 19	
	I. INSTRUCTIONS DATED				
	1. OFFICE	2.	FIELD		
	Chart specifications Sept. 10, 1969		Aug. 8,	1060	
	Aerotriangulation Feb. 10, 1970		Oct. 6,	1969	
	compilation March 11, 1970				
	II. DATUMS				
	I. HORIZONTAL: 1927 NORTH AMERICAN	OTHER (Specify)			
	MEAN HIGH-WATER	OTHER (Specify)			
	2. VERTICAL:	Namual nasil la	7 (05		
1	MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER WEAN SEA LEVEL	Normal pool le	vel 635	reet	MSL.
	3. MAP PROJECTION	4.	GRID(S)		
1		STATE	ZONE		
	Mercator	Washington	Sou	th	
	1:10.000	STATE	ZONE		
1	III. HISTORY OF OFFICE OPERATIONS				
I	OPERATIONS	NAME		DA	-
	1. AEROTRIANGULATION BY	I. I. Saperste	in	May 1	
1	METHOD: Analytical LANDMARKS AND AIDS BY				310
	2. CONTROL AND BRIDGE POINTS PLOTTED BY METHOD: COradi CHECKED BY	P. J. Dempsey		May 1	970
	3. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT PLANIMETRY BY	J. C. Richter-J	. Taylo	r May	1970
	COMPILATION CHECKED BY				
	SCALE: 1:10,000 CHECKED BY	J.C. Richter-J.	Taylor	May	1970
-	4. MANUSCRIPT DELINEATION PLANIMETRY BY	J. C. Richter		June	1970
-	CHECKED BY				
	METHOD: Inked	J. C. Richter		June	1970
	CHECKED BY				
-	scale: 1:10,000 HYDRO SUPPORT DATA BY CHECKED BY				
-	5. OFFICE INSPECTION PRIOR TO FIELD EDIT BY	J. Battley, Jr.		July	1970
	6. APPLICATION OF FIELD EDIT DATA CHECKED BY	J. C. Richter		Mari	1971
		J. Battley, Jr.		Mar.	1071
1	8. FINAL REVIEW BY	J. Battley, Jr.			1971
7	9. DATA FORWARDED TO PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY				- Inde
-	10. DATA EXAMINED IN PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY				
L	11. MAP REGISTERED - COASTAL SURVEY SECTION BY ESSA FORM 76-36A SUPERSEDES FORM C&GS 181 SERIES				
			USC	OMM-DC 46	200-P70

ESSA FORM 76-36b (2-70)			ENVIRONMENTAL	SCIENCE SERVICES	IT OF COMMERCE ADMINISTRATION EODETIC SURVEY
	COM	IPILATION SO	URCES	COAST AND GI	CODE IIC SURVE
1. COMPILATION PHOTOGRAPHY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
CAMERA(S) "L" 6" focal length			HOTOGRAPHY GEND	TIME REFE	ERENCE
TIDE STAGE REFERENCE PREDICTED TIDES		(C) COLOR	MATIC	ZONE	STANDARI
REFERENCE STATION RECORDS TIDE CONTROLLED PHOTOGRAPHY	_]	(I) INFRARE	•	MERIDIAN	□ DAAFICH.
NUMBER AND TYPE	DATE	TIME	SCALE	STAGE OF	
69L(C)2008 thru 2012 6		11:39	1:20,600	Inapplica	
59L(C)1879 thru 1888 5 Corp on E. (P)	Aug 69	12:47	1:10,000	Inapplica	ble.
/70-5-55 thru 66 16	April 70	13:16	1:12,000	Inapplica	.ble
59L(C)1975 thru 1983 6	Aug 69	10:58	1:40,000	Inapplica	.ble
69L(C)1992 thru 2001 6	Aug 69	11:19	1:40,000	Inapplica	ble
	3				
REMARKS					
2. COURCE OF HEAT PICH WATER I IN					
2. SOURCE OF MEAN HIGH-WATER LINE	<u> </u>		 - .	-	
Normal pool level 635	feet MSL		by office i	nterpretati	on from
	feet MSL		by office i	nterpretat1	on from
Normal pool level 635	feet MSL		by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635	feet MSL		by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635	feet MSL		by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635	feet MSL		by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635	feet MSL d Aug. 1	969.	by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635 color photography date	feet MSL d Aug. 1	969.	by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635 color photography date	feet MSL d Aug. 1	969.	by office i	nterpretati	on from
Normal pool level 635 color photography date	feet MSL d Aug. 1	969.	by office i	nterpretat1	on from

S. FINAL JUNCTIONS

NORTH

EAST

TP-00029

REMARKS

SOUTH

WEST

TP-00027

SURVEY NUMBER

DATE(S)

4. CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS (List only those surveys that are sources for photogrammetric survey information.)

SURVEY COPY USED

SURVEY NUMBER

DATE(S)

SURVEY COPY USED

ESSA (2-70)	FORM	76-36c
(2-70)		

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HISTORY OF FIELD OPERATIONS

I. XX FIELD INSP	ECTION OPERA	NOIT.	FIELD	EDIT OP	ERATION			
	OPE	RATION				NAME	DAT	ΓE
1. CHIEF OF FIEL	D PARTY				. Mel		Nov.	1969
2. HORIZONTAL C	CONTROL	RECOVERED ESTABLISHED PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED	вү	R.B <u>.</u> 1	Melby	E. Pursel Jr	July	1969
3. VERTICAL COM	NTROL	RECOVERED ESTABLISHED PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED	ВΥ	R. B	. Mel	by	Aug.	1969
4. LANDMARKS AI AIDS TO NAVIG	ND	OVERED (Triangulation Stations) LOCATED (Field Methods) IDENTIFIED	BY	R. B	. Mel	by	Aug.	Sept
5. GEOGRAPHIC N INVESTIGATION		TYPE OF INVESTIGATION COMPLETE SPECIFIC NAMES ONLY NO INVESTIGATION	вч	R. B	. Mel	by	March	1970
6. PHOTO INSPEC	TION	CLARIFICATION OF DETAILS	ву	R.B	. Mel	ру	Aug.	1970
7. BOUNDARIES A		SURVEYED OR IDENTIFIED	вү				_	
II. SOURCE DATA		T.E.E.D.		0 1	1611 66	TOOL IDENTIFIES		
I. HORIZONTAL C	ONTROL IDEN	FIFIED		Z. VERT	ICAL COI	NTROL IDENTIFIED		
PHOTO NUMBER	, 44	STATION NAME		рното і	NUMBER	STATION DESI	GNA TION	
59-L-1975	Schmidt	5, 1946		69-L-2 69-L-2 69-L-2	2008 2010	VP-07 A, VP- VP-08 VP-10 A, VP- XVP-10 A, XV VP-12	10 B,	3,
3. PHOTO NUMBE	RS (Clarification	of details)						
4. LANDMARKS A	ND AIDS TO NA	VIGATION IDENTIFIED						
	of Eng	ineers Photograph	ns					
PHOTO NUMBER		OBJECT NAME		PHQTO	NUMBER	OBJECT N	IAME	
w70-5-61 w70-5-65		GOOSE RESERVOIR 3 4						
5. GEOGRAPHIC		REPORT NONE		6. BOUN	DARY AN	D LIMITS: REPOR	T	ONE
7. SUPPLEMENTA Cof E Map		LANS Wings, C. G. prop	pose	ed Aio	d site	e drawings		
8. OTHER FIELD	RECORDS (Sket	ch books, etc. DO NOT list data s	ubmitt	ed to the (Geodesy D	ivision)		
ESSA FORM 76-360							OMM-DC 46	200- P70

		RECO	RD OF SURVE	Y USE	•	
I. MANUSC	RIPT COPIES					
	CO	PILATION STAGE	S		DATE MANUSCR	IPT FORWARDED
···-	DATA COMPILED	DATE	RI	MARKS	MARINE CHARTS	HYDRO SUPPORT
bathym	ine, planimetry, etric contours ntours	Mav 1970): ·
and co	ntours.	May 1910				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
II. LANDA	ARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGA	TION				
1. REP	ORTS TO MARINE CHART DI	VISION, NAUTICAL	DATA BRANCH			
NUMBER	CHART LETTER NUMBER ASSIGNED	DATE FORWARDED			REMARKS	
					 	
				<u>.</u>		
	,					
		·				
ļ						
	REPORT TO MARINE CHART REPORT TO AERONAUTICAL					
	RAL RECORDS CENTER DAT		, AERONAOTICA	2 DATA SECTION	ON. DATE TORREDED.	
1	BRIDGING PHOTOGRAPHS; CONTROL STATION DENTI SOURCE DATA (except for GACCOUNT FOR EXCEPTION	FICATION CARDS; eographic Names Re	X FORM Car	GS 567 SUBMITT		
4. [DATA TO FEDERAL RECOR	IDS ÇENTER. DAT	E FORWARDED:			_
IV. SURVI	Y REVISION (This section sh	all be completed wh	en a revised surv	ey is registered.	.)	
	SURVEY NUMBER	JOB NUMBE		REMARKS		
FIRST REVISIO	N DATE OF PHOTOGRAPH	(2) PH	ELD EDIT	_		
	SURVEY NUMBER	JOB NUMBE	R	REMARKS		
SECONE REVISIO		(3) PH-	ELD EDIT			
	SURVEY NUMBER	JOB NUMBE	R	REMARKS		
THIRD REVISIO		(4) PH -	ELD EDIT .	-		ı
L				<u> </u>		

Summary to Accompany Descriptive Reports TP-00028 through TP-00035 PH-7001 March 1971

This project consists of eight chart topography manuscripts, covering the Little Goose Dam and Pool area on the Snake River, Washington. The manuscripts were compiled at a scale of 1:10,000 to provide the base for a new small craft route chart, (684-SC), scale 1:20,000.

The Little Goose Pool was formed by impounding the water behind Little Goose Dam east to Lower Granite Dam. PH-6804 (683-SC) junctions this project at the Little Goose Dam (TP-00027).

Field operations prior to bridging included the premarking of horizontal control, selecting, photo-identifying, and determining elevations of photogrammetric vertical control points, identifying and determining the elevation of features critical for charting and geographic names investigation. This was completed in November 1969.

Bridging of the entire Pool area was completed in May 1970, by the analytical aerotriangulation method. Two strips of 1:40,000 scale color photography were bridged, providing control for five strips of 1:20,000 scale color plates. Some of the pre-marked stations also appeared on the 1:20,000 scale compilation photography.

1:10,000 scale color was available to more accurately contour a few flat areas. Field vertical control points were located in some instances on this photography.

Compilation was accomplished in the Washington Office in May - June 1970. Compilation photography was the bridged 1:20,000 scale color taken August 5, 1969, prior to the flooding of the pool area. Project specifications at the start of compilation indicated a planned normal pool level for the area to be 638' above MSL, with a maximum level of 646.5'. B-8 instrument compilation soon revealed that this would result in the new railroad bed being underwater in several places. This was confirmed in consultation with the Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District, and a revised normal pool level of 635' above MSL was established with a maximum level of 638 feet. (See



Field Edit Instructions, paragraph 6, dated July 28, 1970.) The river level for the area prior to flooding was approximately 540 feet above MSL in the vicinity of Little Goose Dam, to 610 feet in the vicinity of Lower Granite Dam. The area between the prescribed normal pool level and the prior river level was contoured on the B-8 stereoplotter at intervals compatible with required depth curves, (3', 6', 9', 12', 18', etc.), and were supplemented with spot elevations (soundings), to define shoals, gentle slopes and deep water. Rigid vertical and horizontal accuracy was maintained during compilation to comply with project requirements. Along with this bathymetry, the required chart compilation features were compiled above the 635' shoreline. This included the 700 foot contour for use by marine charts in correlating the compilation with existing maps and to indicate areas of change.

Field edit was completed in September 1970, and encompassed the verification and/or location of aids to navigation, the identification of landmarks, a facility survey and verification of compiled features.

The application of field edit revisions and additions was completed in January 1971, for the entire project. 1:12,000 scale C of E panchromatic photography was submitted with field edit data. These photographs were taken after the pool area was filled, and were used to verify compilation and position flights. Final review was completed in March 1971.

1:20,000 scale reductions were supplied to the Marine Charts Division prior to final registration. The facilities located during field edit were coded to the Facilities Report on these copies, and the report submitted with the reductions. Areas where the originally compiled contours, (Hydrography), are suspect due to new construction were pin-pointed for Marine Charts disposition. (See the Review Reports).

A Registration Manuscript Copy of the maps will be registered in the Bureau Archives under their respective TP numbers.

Submitted by:

Jeter P. Battley, Jr.

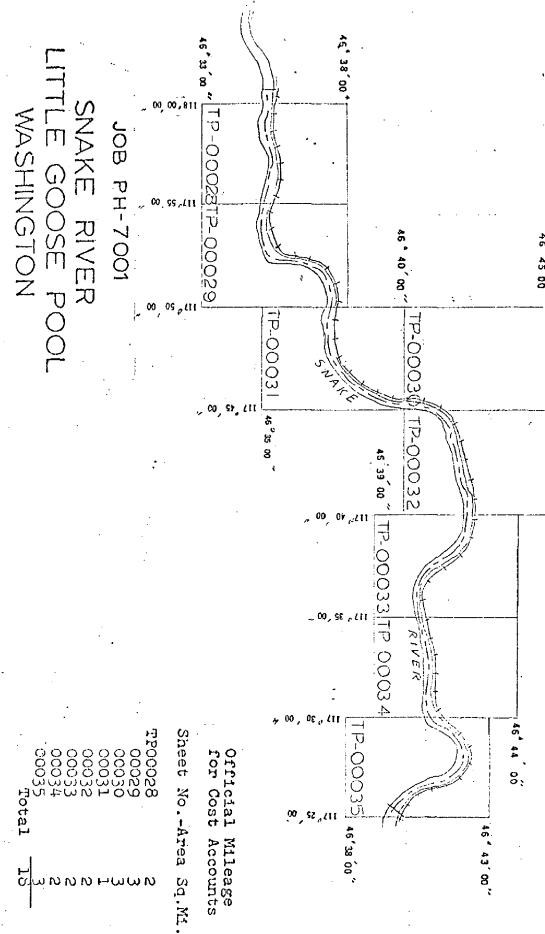


CHART TOPOGRAPHY SCALE 1:10,000

X

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

Project PH-7001

Little Goose Pool, Snake River, Washington September - November 1969

2. Areal Field Inspection:

The project area is a section of the Snake River that will be impounded by the Little Goose Dam, forming a navigable pool and the lands adjacent to the pool.

The river passes through a generally steep, rocky gorge with numerous basaltic bluffs. The tops of the bluffs give way to open, rolling prairies which in a large part are cultivated, dry land grain fields.

The area is sparsely populated, except for an occasional railroad station or farmhouse.

The area is traversed by a line of the Camas Prairie Railroad, along the north shore of the river. The old Central Ferry highway bridge is being replaced by a newer and higher span.

3. Horizontal Control

Horizontal control requirements consisted of paneling of preselected triangulation stations. The panels were the conventional, white, opaque, polyethylene material, cut to conform to the specifications for the premarking of control stations. All of the stations paneled were bureau triangulation stations. At the request of several of the property owners the panels were removed after the completion of the aerial photography. All of the panels were still in place and in good condition when the field personnel revisited each station site to remove the paneling material. It was not necessary to establish any additional horizontal control.

Form 152, Control Station Identification cards were submitted for each station paneled. All of the paneled stations were in open areas and no difficulty should be encountered due to trees or shadows caused by bluffs.

4. Vertical Control

Vertical control consisted of the determination by the usual field methods of the elevations of preselected, photogrammetric, vertical control points. These points are indicated on the field photographs with the prefix "VP" and numbering system, coinciding with the last two digits of the aerial photograph number, with a sketch of the feature on the reverse side of the photographs.

Critical elevation features, such as rocks, boulders, hilltops, etc., that are found in the range of 510 to 548 feet above mean sea level in the proposed pool area were identified on the field photography and their elevations were determined by field methods. In some instances, the field elevations of suspected critical elevation features did not fall within the critical range. Nevertheless they were photo-identified and their elevations inked on the photography.

The critical elevation features were indicated on the field photography with the prefix "C.E.P.-" a sequential number, field determined elevation and a brief description.

Several supplemental elevations were determined in preselected areas that are generally flat or with a gentle gradient at or near the proposed high water line. These supplemental elevations were designated on the field photographs with the "X.V.P.-" prefix, a sequential number, a field elevation, and a sketch on the reverse side of their respective photograph.

All leveling was based on bench marks established by the Coast & Geodetic Survey, Corps of Engineers, and the U. S. Geological Survey. The elevations of all bench marks used as the basic control, has been previously established by differential, spirit leveling by the respective agencies.

5. Contours and Drainage

Contours only applicable to the compilation of depth curves for underwater topography, based on the field determination of preselected photogrammetric vertical control points.

7. Alongshore Features

The project instructions did not require field inspection, although four overhead power transmission line crossings have been indicated on the field photography.

13. Geographic Names

Geographic names are the subject of a separate report. As of this date (November 1969), the field investigation of geographic names had not been completed, so the report will be submitted at a later date.

14. Special Reports

The method of leveling used by the field party was the conventional trigonometric leveling with the Wild TIA theodolite and a stadia rod with a rod bubble to insure the verticality of the rod. The U.S. Geological Survey "Stadia Tables for Obtaining Differences in Elevations 9-1163" was used to compute the trigonometric differences in elevations.

In the more remote areas where the usual trigonometric leveling would be laborious and slow, the distance was determined by Electronic Distance Measuring Instruments (Electro chains) and observing reciprocal vertical angle observations between the points as well as to a nearby eccentric or auxilliary point to afford an elevation check.

The major difficulty encountered in the field was access to working grounds. There were few roads and this combined with the usual clearing of the pool area of obstructions and cultural features posed some hindrance to field operations.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert B. Melby Chief, PMC Photo Party

11/25/69

Photogrammetric Plot Report Job PH-7001 Snake River, Little Goose Pool Washington

June 1970

21. Area Covered

This report covers the area of Little Goose Dam and Pool on the Snake River, consisting of eight (8) 1:10,000 scale sheets, TP-00028 through TP-00035.

22. Method

Seven (7) strips of photography were bridged using analytical aerotriangulation methods. Strips 1 and 2 at a scale of 1:40,000 were bridged and used to control the entire project. Strips 3, 4, 6, 8 and 9 (1:20,000 scale color photography) were bridged using control located from Strips 1 and 2. Compilation points were dropped on Strips 4A and 5 from Strips 4 and 6 to control the models both horizontally and vertically. The 1:20,000 scale photography is to be used for compilation. The attached sketch of the strips bridged shows the placement and closure of triangulation used in the final strip adjustments. All bridge points are on Washington South Zone plane coordinates and converted to Mercator values.

23. Adequacy of Control

All horizontal control was premarked and was adequate to control the 1:40,000 scale bridges. Some of the premarked control also appeared on the 1:20,000 scale photography. The field party furnished elevations to vertically control each strip of 1:20,000 photographs and proved adequate.

24. Photography

The definition and quality of the RC-8 "L" camera photography were good. No difficulty was encountered in the bridging of any strip.

Respectfully submitted,

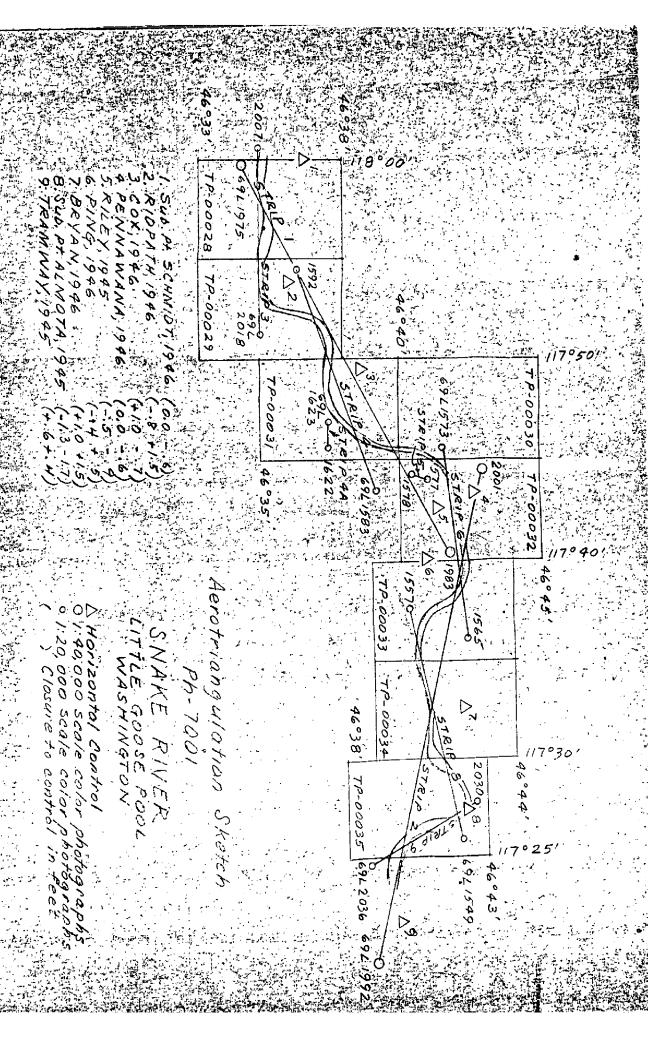
I. I. Saperstein

Approved and forwarded,

Henry P. Eichert

Chief, Aerotriangulation

Section



COMPILATION REPORT TP-00028

This is one of eight manuscripts covering the area from Little Goose Dam (compiled on manuscript TP-00027 of Lower Monumental Dam) to Lower Granite Dam on the Snake River that will be used to construct chart No. 684-SC.

31. Delineation

Color photography scale 1:20,000, dated August 1969, were bridged and used for delineation on the B-8 Stereoplotter at 1:10,000 scale. The normal pool level is compiled at 635 feet M.S.L. A cronaflex copy and ozalid copies were ordered for this manuscript for field edit use. After field edit is applied, $\frac{1}{2}$ reductions will be made for chart compilation at 1:20,000 scale.

32. Control

All horizontal control was premarked and adequate in density and placement. Vertical control was of prime importance for this project, as the area contoured is to be used for bathymetry (depth curves, soundings, etc.). Excellent vertical accuracy was achieved in the bridge from numerous field identified vertical points. (See photogrammetric plot report.)

33. Supplemental Data

Corp of Engineers photographs at scale 1:12,000, dated April 1970, after the pool was filled, were used for comparison. A few minor differences were noted, but the pool elevation was 637 feet at the time of photography. U.S. Coast Guard Engineering Drawings were also available, indicating proposed positions of aids to navigation.

34. Contours and Drainage

Color photography at 1:20,000 scale was bridged by analytic methods and used in the B-8 Stereoplotter for contouring. Photography taken in August 1969, before the pool area was flooded, is of good quality, and contours within the required accuracy were obtained. In some areas, construction was not completed, and some of the contours will probably change when construction is completed. Contours were drawn at prescribed intervals from the old river shoreline to 635 feet M.S.L. (New shoreline.)

Drainage - no comment.

35. Shoreline and Alongshore Detail

The shoreline was delineated from color photography of August 1969, and compared with Corp of Engineer photographs, 1:12,000 scale, after the pool was filled, and is in good agreement, except for new construction.

36. Offshore Detail

No comment.

37. Landmarks and Aids

U.S. Coast Guard Civil Engineering blueprints were furnished for location of Aids to Navigation, but at the time of compilation, no aids could be located, and will be located by field edit or later photography.

Landmarks to be located by field edit.

38. Control for Future Surveys

None

39. Junctions

Junction was made to the West with PH-6804, TP-00027. To the East with TP-00029.

40. Horizontal and Vertical Accuracy

Refer to paragraph No. 23 of Photogrammetric Plot Report, and paragraph No. 32 of this report.

41. through 45.

Inapplicable

46. Comparison with Existing Maps

Comparison has been made with U.S.G.S. Quadrangle, Hay, Washington, Edition of 1952, scale 1:62,500, contour interval 40 feet. Compilation instructions state that all detail and the 700 foot contour that have been changed above the 635 ft. pool level should tie into the existing Quadrangle. In a few areas, the 800 and 900 ft. contour has also changed. They were compiled where the changes occurred.

47. Comparison with Nautical Charts

No chart exists in this area. This is a new chart compilation for chart 684-SC.

48. Geographic Names List

Camas Prairie
Flagge Gulch
Hanger Gulch
Snake River

Respectfully submitted:

Approved and forwarded:

K. N. Maki, Chief Compilation Section GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-7001 (Washington)

TP-00028

Camas Prairie Railroad Hanger Gulch Snake River

Approved by:

A. Joseph Wraight Chief Geographer

Prepared by:

Frank W. Pickett
Cartographic Technician

FIELD EDIT REPORT CHART TOPOGRAPHY LITTLE GOOSE POOL, SNAKE RIVER, WASHINGTON August-September 1970 Map Manuscripts TP-00027 through TP-00035

This report covers the portion of the Snake River impounded by the Little Goose Dam and entirely within the State of Washington.

The entire shoreline was inspected by small boat. The shoreline and alongside features were compared with the field edit copies of the map manuscripts (discrepancy prints) and/or the Corps of Engineers, field, contact photographs.

The field edit copies (discrepancy prints) of the map manuscripts were used as the index for the field corrections and cross-referenced to the field photography.

Adequacy of Compilation:

The extent and accuracy of the maps appear to be reasonably complete.

As the river passes through a definite gorge, cliffs and bluffs are in evidence throughout the project area.

There are so few buildings along the shoreline, that nearly every shoreline cultural feature is of landmark value. Two small communities are found along the north shore of the river, Central Ferry and Almota. They are the residences of railroad maintenance personnel and grain storage and barge loading facilities.

Several recreation areas are found along the shoreline and are in various stages of development. Usually they consist of a parking area, surfaced small boat launching ramp and comfort facilities.

The entire north shore at the river is traversed by a line of Camas Prairie Railroad. At Central Ferry a state highway crosses the river and except for a few secondary roads that terminate at the river's edge, there is limited access to the river.

All fixed aids to navigation were field checked and photo identified on the Corps of Engineer photography when possible. Aids that did not appear on the photography were located by sextant/theodolite fix or from the Corps of Engineers ground survey control. Only the bases of the towers of the fixed aids were in place at the time of the photo-field edit. The lighting mechanism and batteries were installed prior to the leaving of the field area by the field edit personnel.

All aids to navigation are listed on a field copy of form 567.

All landmarks were investigated and listed on a field copy of form 567.

Purple ink was used to indicate corrections on the discrepancy prints. Green ink was used to indicate deletions.

Rocks and shoals were investigated and the elevations of the tops of these features were determined by the field editor. Certain "humps" or "mounds" were compiled and contoured. The Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District, stated all of the stockpiles of sand/gravel, etc., were removed to the normal ground elevation. If any of these areas still remain in doubt, it is suggested the Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District be contacted as they probably have photography and/or contoured map sections of the areas in question prior to the flooding by the dam. This special photography was used to determine the progress and the amount of clearing performed by the clearing contractors.

Information pertinent to each manuscript will be discussed under each listed manuscript number.

TP-00027

Several "humps" of crushed rocks were reported to have been moved prior to the flooding by the Corps of Engineers. The airstrip east of the Little Goose Dam is still in operation. It was reported to have been constructed for use by the Corps of Engineers and construction contractors. It is unattended as of this date. The water tank located about 700 feet south of the west end of the airstrip has been removed. A surfaced boat ramp is found in the vicinity of the airstrip.

TP-00028

Two aids to navigation were located on this sheet.

TP-00029

Shoreline changes are reflected on Corps of Engineers photograph W70-5-76, in the vicinity of Light 5, also on photograph W70-5-82 about 3000 feet east of Light 8. The railroad relocation appears on the Corps of Engineers photography. The minutes of latitude along the west edge of the sheet are 10 minutes in error.

TP-00030

A feature compiled as a tower was deleted as the structure was of a temporary nature. The railroad has been relocated and construction is complete.

TP-00031

Near the west edge of the sheet are found several rectangular features that were former stockpiles of crushed rock, gravel, etc. The Corps of Engineers reported these stockpiles were removed prior to flooding. A public facility is found on photo W70-5-90. This feature is still under construction, but the ramp boat basin and comfort facilities have been completed. A new fixed span highway bridge has been constructed over the Snake River at Central Ferry. The old bridge located parallel to and along the downstream side of the new bridge was demolished in place and the steel structure was dumped into the river between the blown piers. See reports of demolition of the bridge by Corps of Engineers and U. S. Coast Guard with attached drawings, showing the elevations of the old piers and sunken steel bridge sections.

Two new grain storage and barge loading facilities are found on this sheet. Construction of these two facilities had commenced at the date of photography. Plot plans, ground survey and photo locations can aid in the location of the two facilities. Overhead Power Line clearances are submitted in the form of Corps of Engineers permits.

TP-00032

Shoreline changes are reflected on the Corps of Engineers photography. Specific photo numbers are referenced on the discrepancy print. The railroad has been relocated and it is presently in service. A surfaced boat launching ramp is found at the mouth of Penawawa Creek. All aids to navigation were photo-identified.

TP-00033

Shoreline changes have been indicated on the Corps of Engineers photography. Aids to navigation have been photo-identified. The railroad relocation and construction have been completed.

TP-00034

The two possible shoal areas have been reported by the Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District, to have been graded to an elevation of 617 feet. See referenced Corps of Engineers drawings on Reservoir clearing. Shoreline changes have been indicated on the Corps of Engineers photography.

TP-00035

At the west edge of the sheet, a shoal area was reported to have been graded to an elevation of 617 feet by the Corps of Engineers, Walla Walla District. See U.S. E. Reservoir clearing drawing. At Almota, a new grain storage and barge loading facility has been constructed. See

TP-00035 (Continued)

referenced photograph for location of the facility and other changes in the area. The boulder jetties protecting Boyer Marina have been constructed. The positions of Boyer Lower Range and Boyer Upper Range were determined by ground survey methods from existing Corps of Engineers horizontal control. The positions should be considered of third order accuracy or less. The airstrip is in operation, but unattended. Its use is mainly for the use of Corps of Engineers and construction personnel. At present the airstrip is scheduled to remain in operation after the completion of Lower Granite Dam and become part of an recreational complex in the area of Boyer Marina. Construction has resumed on the Lower Granite Dam and frequent shoreline and cultural changes will be evident in its vicinity.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert B. Melby

Chief, Field Party, PMC

Review Report TP-00028 Chart Topography April 1971

61. General Statement

(See Summary in preface.)

Comparison With Registered Topographic Surveys

None

63. Comparison With Maps of Other Agencies

Comparison was made with U.S.G.S. Quadrangle, Hay, Washington, 1952 Edition, scale 1:62,500, contour interval 40 feet. Corps of Engineer Drawings LGG 1-0-9/16 to LGG 1-0-9/29, scale 1:8333, dated 1957, contour interval 10 feet, were compared during compilation and review for accuracy of contours compiled.

Comparison With Contemporary Hydrographic Surveys

None

65. Comparison With Nautical Charts

None

66. Adequacy of Results and Future Surveys

This map complies with the project instructions and will provide an excellent base for new chart 684-SC.

The map complies with the National Standards of Accuracy.

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

Charles Theurer

Chief, Photogrammetric Branch

FORM C&GS-164 (4-88) USCOMM-DC 50318-P68

MAP TP 00028

PROJECT NO.

PH-7001

SNAKE RIVER - LITTLE GOOSE POOL WASHINGTON

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT CONTROL RECORD

SCALE OF MAP

1:10,000 SCALE FACTOR South Zone

L.S.	CANYON, 1946		cox, 1946		RIDPATH, 1946		PENNAWAWA, 1946		Sub Pt SCHMIDT, 1946		SCHMIDT, 1946		RILEY, 1945		Sub. Pt. AIMOTA, 1945		ALMOTA, 1945		TRAMWAY, 1945		PING, 1946		BRYAN, 1946		STATION
DATE 2/20/70	Pg 227		Pg 226		Pg 226		Pg 226		Comp		Pg 226		Pg 226		Comp		Pg 225		Pg 225		Pg 224	PC's	Pg 224	PC 's	SOURCE OF INFORMATION (INDEX)
_	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	1927	NA	DATUM
KED BY	482,014.05	2,618,340.11	488,348.82	2,671,405.97	475,475.41	2,654,958.47	513,745.31	2,697,371.96	476,538.99	2,628,223.28	476,617,77	2,628,288.07	504,851.72	2,697,743.28	513,948.68	2,760,350.10	514,006.72	2,760,290.49	500,160.17	2,783,651.30	503,788.50	2,710,722.92	516,107.52	2,741,343.50	LATITUDE OR Y COORDINATE LONGITUDE OR X COORDINATE
DATE 2/24/70																									N.A. 1927 - DATUM DISTANCE FROM GRID OR PROJECTION LINE IN METERS (1 Ft. = 3048006 motor) FORWARD (BACK)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

NONFLOATING AIDS ORCHANDMARKSXFORXCHARTS

TO BE CHARTED STRIKE OUT TWO TOCKER DECKETED STRIKE OUT TWO

Seattle, Washington

September 2, 19 70

charted on (deleted from) the charts indicated. I recommend that the following objects which have (have not) been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks be

77

Melby

										C	hief of	Chief of Party.
BIATE		· ·		_	POSITION			METHOD		IART	CHART	
	washington		LATE	LATITUDE *	LONGITUDE *	#3du		LOCATION	DATE			CHARTS
CHARTING NAME	DESCRIPTION		•	D.M.METERS	D.P	P. METERS	DATUM	SURVEY NO.	LOCATION	HARBO IMSHO	0778H	ATTRONEO
				10.2		1.8	N.A.	TP-00027			\dashv	
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 2	1969 13	46 35.2	314.0	118 004 2			PHOTO	8-18-70		189	ի ՏC
	The second secon			25.0		5.1		8200041 <u> </u>			-	- 1
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 3	1969 15	46 35.4	771.0	117 594 53	35.0	1927	PHOTO	8-18-70		684	‡ SC
				11.0	Γ	0.5	N.A.	[P-00028]		_		
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 4	1969 17 46 35.3		L	117 560			PHOTO	8-18-70		684	4 SC
	í					·		IP-00029				
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 5	1969 19 46	35.4	643.0	117 5491004.0	_		PHOTO	8-18-70		684	DS +
	:					_	N.A.	[62000au				
	[Little Goose Reservoir Light 6	1969 21	46 35.2	35.2 409.0	117 5291200.0		1927	PHOTO	8-18-70	_	168	1 SC
				34.2	ı	L	N.A.	IP-00029				
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 7	1969 22	46 35.6	055.0	117 533 2	122.0	1927	PHOTO	8-18-70		684	ՏC
		`		25.8		<u> </u>	N.A.	[P-00029])		}	
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 8	1969 23	46 36.5	796.0	117 525 "	1	1927	PHOTO	8-18-70		684	+ SC
	,			17.8		1	N.A.	[P.0029])			
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 9	1969 25 46	37.3		117 522 260.0		1927	PHOTO	8-18-70	L	1 89	4 SC
		\		22.8	<i>о</i> Г		N.A.	[P-00029]))		· · ·	
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 10	1969 27 46	37.4		117 5%01196.0	96.0	1927	PHOTO	8-18-70		684	+ SC
		\ \ \		1	59.4	59.4	N.A.	P00029)	_	<u>}</u>	
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 11	1969 29 46	46 37.7	312.0	717 2XOTS	ſ	1927	PHOTO	8-18-70		189	+ SC
				18.1	<u>م</u>	59.7	N.A.	1E00041	· ·		_	
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 14	1969 31	46 37.3	559.0	21084 21T			PHOTO	8-18-70	_	1684	+ SC
				0.7		Ĺ.,		TP-00031	•			
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 17	1969 33	46 39.0	22.0	117 462 7			PHOTO	8-18-70		684	+ SC
				1/2	<u>8</u> 57.6	1		IP-00031)	
	Little Goose Reservoir Light 18	7969 35 46	46 38.91	0.T9J.	TICOP LIT	Ĺ	1927	PHOTO	07-01-0	L	00°	+ SC
	ì.	21.7	5	\perp	; -	L		IP-00030) 1 1))
	<u> Little Goose Reservoir Light 20</u>	1969 37	46 40.4	L	117 4551 632.0	ß	1927	OLOHA	8-14-70	L	φ 600	684 SC
ļ												

This form shall be prepared in accordance with Hydrographic Manual, pages 800 to 804. Positions of charted landmarks and nonfloating sids to navigation, if redetermined, shall be reported on this form. Revisions shall show both the old and new positions. The data should be considered for her charts of the area and not by individual field survey sheets. Information under column heading should be given.

1

SECONDS AND METERS