

00426

00426

NOAA FORM 76-35

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Coastal Boundary

Job No. PH-7113 Map No. TP-00426

Classification No. Final Edition No. 1
Field Edited Map

LOCALITY

State Florida

General Locality ... Chicken Key

Locality South Miami to Cutler

1971 TO 1975

REGISTRY IN ARCHIVES

DATE

NOAA FORM 76-36A (3-72)		U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN.	
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD TP-00426		TYPE OF SURVEY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL <input type="checkbox"/> RESURVEY <input type="checkbox"/> REVISED	SURVEY TP. 00426 MAP EDITION NO. (1) MAP CLASS Final JOB PH. 7113
PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE Rockville, Maryland		LAST PRECEDING MAP EDITION TYPE OF SURVEY <input type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL <input type="checkbox"/> RESURVEY <input type="checkbox"/> REVISED	
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE Commander James Collins		JOB PH. _____ MAP CLASS _____ SURVEY DATES: 19__ TO 19__	
I. INSTRUCTIONS DATED			
1. OFFICE General Instructions-OFFICE-NOS Cooperative Coastal Boundary Mapping, Job PH-7000, December 9, 1975 Supplement I, November 4, 1974 Supplement III, October 24, 1974 NOTE: Office and field edit instructions (1975) incorporate applicable prior operational instructions.		2. FIELD Aerial photography 9/2/69 Supplement I, 1/28/70 Supplement II, 3/26/70 Supplement III, 8/10/72 Field Edit (PH-7000 General Instructions for Florida Coastal Zone Mapping) 1973	
II. DATUMS			
1. HORIZONTAL: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1927 NORTH AMERICAN		OTHER (Specify)	
2. VERTICAL: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MEAN HIGH-WATER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MEAN LOW-WATER <input type="checkbox"/> MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER <input type="checkbox"/> MEAN SEA LEVEL		OTHER (Specify)	
3. MAP PROJECTION Transverse Mercator		4. GRID(S) STATE Florida ZONE East	
5. SCALE 1:10,000		STATE ZONE	
III. HISTORY OF OFFICE OPERATIONS			
OPERATIONS		NAME	DATE
1. AEROTRIANGULATION BY V. McNeel 6/74 METHOD: LANDMARKS AND AIDS BY Inapplicable			
2. CONTROL AND BRIDGE POINTS PLOTTED BY R. Robertson 6/74 METHOD: CHECKED BY Inapplicable			
3. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT PLANIMETRY BY Inapplicable COMPILATION CHECKED BY			
INSTRUMENT: CONTOURS BY Inapplicable SCALE: CHECKED BY			
4. MANUSCRIPT DELINEATION PLANIMETRY BY J. Keating 11/74 Shoreline: Graphic CHECKED BY J. P. Battley, Jr. 12/74 METHOD: Interior: Orthophotomosaic XXXXXXXXXX J. Taylor 8/74 CHECKED BY J. P. Battley, Jr. 8/74 SCALE: 1:10,000 HYDRO SUPPORT DATA BY Inapplicable CHECKED BY			
5. OFFICE INSPECTION PRIOR TO FIELD EDIT BY D. Brant 2/75			
6. APPLICATION OF FIELD EDIT DATA BY P. Gibson 5/75 CHECKED BY C. Lewis 7/75			
7. COMPILATION SECTION REVIEW BY C. Lewis 8/75			
8. FINAL REVIEW BY D. Brant 2/77			
9. DATA FORWARDED TO PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY			
10. DATA EXAMINED IN PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY D. Brant 2/77			
11. MAP REGISTERED - COASTAL SURVEY SECTION BY <i>J. L. Moore</i> 7-79			

NOAA FORM 76-36B
(3-72)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

COMPILATION SOURCES

TP-00426

1. COMPILATION PHOTOGRAPHY

CAMERA(S) Wild RC-8 E,K, and L 6" Focal Length		TYPES OF PHOTOGRAPHY LEGEND (C) COLOR (P) PANCHROMATIC (I) INFRARED		TIME REFERENCE	
TIDE STAGE REFERENCE <input type="checkbox"/> PREDICTED TIDES <input type="checkbox"/> REFERENCE STATION RECORDS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TIDE CONTROLLED PHOTOGRAPHY				ZONE Eastern	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> STANDARD
				MERIDIAN 75th and 60th	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DAYLIGHT
NUMBER AND TYPE	DATE	TIME	SCALE	STAGE OF TIDE	
73E 9035-9036R	16 Jan 73		1:40,000	The stage of the tide is inapplicable for the color photography	
73E 9029-9030	16 Jan 73		1:40,000		
71L 8516-8520R	6 Aug 71		1:30,000	Refer to the following page for tidal information	
71L 8571-8573R	7 Aug 71		1:30,000		
71K 5852-5854R	2 Mar 71		1:30,000		

REMARKS

2. SOURCE OF MEAN HIGH-WATER LINE:

The source of the MHW line is the tide-coordinated, black-and-white infrared photography listed in Item 1. The rectified color photography was used as an aid for interpreting culture features and compiling the limits of shoal and shallow areas for nautical charts.

Where the shoreline is obscured by vegetation such as mangrove, the apparent shoreline is mapped.

The map was field edited in 1975.

3. SOURCE OF MEAN LOW-WATER OR MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER LINE:

The source of the MLWL is the tide-coordinated, black-and-white infrared photography listed under Item 1.

4. CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS (List only those surveys that are sources for photogrammetric survey information.)

SURVEY NUMBER	DATE(S)	SURVEY COPY USED	SURVEY NUMBER	DATE(S)	SURVEY COPY USED

5. FINAL JUNCTIONS

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
TP-00424	TP-00427	TP-00429	No contemporary survey

REMARKS

Final junctions will be made in the Coastal Mapping Section

NOAA FORM 76-36B(1)
(7-75)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

TIDE - COORDINATED PHOTOGRAPHY

TP - 00426

LOCATION AND PHOTOGRAPHY	TIDE STATIONS (In operation at time of photography)	STAGE OF TIDE	MEAN RANGE
<u>BISCAYNE BAY</u> 71K 5852-5854R 71L 8516-8520R 71L8571-8573R	CUTLER, BISCAYNE BAY	+0.00 MHW +0.11 MLW -0.12 MHW	2.00 Ft.

REMARKS:

NOAA FORM 76-36C
(3-72)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

HISTORY OF FIELD OPERATIONS

TP-00426

I. ☒ FIELD INSPECTION OPERATION* March 1971 ☒ FIELD EDIT OPERATION March 1975

OPERATION	NAME	DATE
1. CHIEF OF FIELD PARTY	R.R. Wagner	
2. HORIZONTAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY R.R. Wagner ESTABLISHED BY Inapplicable PRE-MARKED OR IDENTIFIED BY Inapplicable	3/75
3. VERTICAL CONTROL	RECOVERED BY R.R. Wagner ESTABLISHED BY Inapplicable XXXXXXXXXXXX IDENTIFIED BY R.R. Wagner	3/75
4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION	RECOVERED (Triangulation Stations) BY R.R. Wagner LOCATED (Field Methods) BY IDENTIFIED BY	3/75
5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES INVESTIGATION	TYPE OF INVESTIGATION <input type="checkbox"/> COMPLETE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPECIFIC NAMES ONLY BY <input type="checkbox"/> NO INVESTIGATION	R.R. Wagner 3/75
6. PHOTO INSPECTION	CLARIFICATION OF DETAILS BY R.R. Wagner	3/75
7. BOUNDARIES AND LIMITS	SURVEYED OR IDENTIFIED BY Inapplicable	

II. SOURCE DATA

1. HORIZONTAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

2. VERTICAL CONTROL IDENTIFIED

PHOTO NUMBER	STATION NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	STATION DESIGNATION
	Refer to Field Report	71E9542	SC 33 (DWC), C 318, D 318
		71E9544	J 318
		71E9589	K 318
		73E9030R	L 317
		Plot	NACO

3. PHOTO NUMBERS (Clarification of details)

73E9029R, 9030R, 9035R

71L8516R, 8517R, 8519R

4. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION IDENTIFIED

Landmarks and nonfloating aids were either located or verified during field edit.

PHOTO NUMBER	OBJECT NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	OBJECT NAME
73E9035R	3 Stacks Fla. Power & Light		

5. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: ☐ REPORT ☒ NONE6. BOUNDARY AND LIMITS: ☐ REPORT ☒ NONE

7. SUPPLEMENTAL MAPS AND PLANS

8. OTHER FIELD RECORDS (Sketch books, etc. DO NOT list data submitted to the Geodesy Division)

1 Page from sketch book.

* the field report is bound with this Descriptive Report.

NOAA FORM 76-36D
(3-72)U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

RECORD OF SURVEY USE

TP-00426

I. MANUSCRIPT COPIES

COMPILATION STAGES			DATE MANUSCRIPT FORWARDED	
DATA COMPILED	DATE	REMARKS	MARINE CHARTS	HYDRO SUPPORT
NO MAP COPIES WERE FURNISHED TO MARINE CHARTS PRIOR TO FINAL REVIEW.				

II. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION

1. REPORTS TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, NAUTICAL DATA BRANCH

NUMBER	CHART LETTER NUMBER ASSIGNED	DATE FORWARDED	REMARKS
		11/17/75	3 Forms 76-40 submitted to the Marine Chart Division as final report.

2. ☒ REPORT TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, COAST PILOT BRANCH. DATE FORWARDED: 11/17/753. ☐ REPORT TO AERONAUTICAL CHART DIVISION, AERONAUTICAL DATA SECTION. DATE FORWARDED: _____

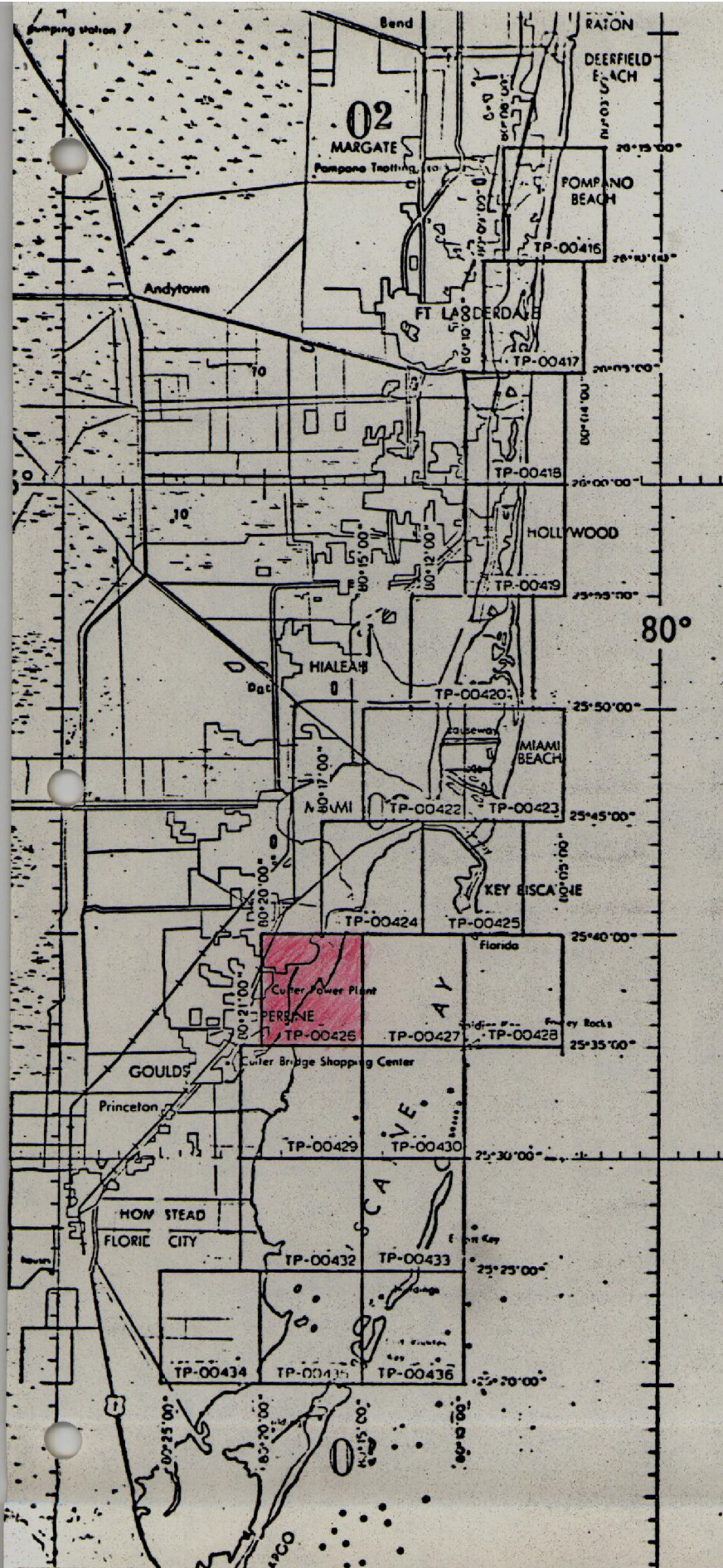
III. FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER DATA

1. ☒ BRIDGING PHOTOGRAPHS; ☒ DUPLICATE BRIDGING REPORT; ☒ COMPUTER READOUTS.
 2. ☒ CONTROL STATION IDENTIFICATION CARDS; ☒ FORM NOS 567 SUBMITTED BY FIELD PARTIES.
 3. ☒ SOURCE DATA (except for Geographic Names Report) AS LISTED IN SECTION II, NOAA FORM 76-36C.
 ACCOUNT FOR EXCEPTIONS:

4. ☐ DATA TO FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER. DATE FORWARDED: _____

IV. SURVEY EDITIONS (This section shall be completed each time a new map edition is registered)

SECOND EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER TP - _____ (2)	JOB NUMBER PH - _____	TYPE OF SURVEY <input type="checkbox"/> REVISED <input type="checkbox"/> RESURVEY MAP CLASS <input type="checkbox"/> II. <input type="checkbox"/> III. <input type="checkbox"/> IV. <input type="checkbox"/> V. <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL
	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	
THIRD EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER TP - _____ (3)	JOB NUMBER PH - _____	TYPE OF SURVEY <input type="checkbox"/> REVISED <input type="checkbox"/> RESURVEY MAP CLASS <input type="checkbox"/> II. <input type="checkbox"/> III. <input type="checkbox"/> IV. <input type="checkbox"/> V. <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL
	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	
FOURTH EDITION	SURVEY NUMBER TP - _____ (4)	JOB NUMBER PH - _____	TYPE OF SURVEY <input type="checkbox"/> REVISED <input type="checkbox"/> RESURVEY MAP CLASS <input type="checkbox"/> II. <input type="checkbox"/> III. <input type="checkbox"/> IV. <input type="checkbox"/> V. <input type="checkbox"/> FINAL
	DATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY	DATE OF FIELD EDIT	



JOB PH-7113
HILLSBORO INLET to CARD SOUND
FLORIDA
SHORELINE MAPPING
SCALE 1:10,000

MILEAGE FOR COST ACCOUNTS

Sheet No.	Sq. Miles
TP-00416	3
TP-00417	3
TP-00418	3
TP-00419	8
TP-00420	10
TP-00422	4
TP-00423	6
TP-00424	4
TP-00425	6
TP-00426	4
TP-00427	1
TP-00428	1
TP-00429	4
TP-00430	1
TP-00432	4
TP-00433	3
TP-00434	1
TP-00435	5
TP-00436	5

Total 76

REVISED 5-1-75
Revised 7-11-74

SUMMARY
For
TP-00426

Coastal Zone Map TP-00426 is one of nineteen (19) 1:10,000 scale maps in Job PH-7113. Maps TP-00416 through TP-00420 and TP-00422 through TP-00426 are published maps in three colors. The interior of these maps is shown with an orthophotomosaic. Maps TP-00427 through TP-00430 and TP-00432 through TP-00436 are mapped as shoreline type maps and will not be published. The interior of these shoreline type maps is limited to a narrow zone of planimetry usually back from the shoreline to and including the first road.

A layout of the maps (revised since the aerotriangulation operation) will show the location of the individual maps. A copy of this layout is included in this Descriptive Report.

The maps are intended for planning purposes for the State of Florida and for the construction and maintenance of NOS nautical charts.

The area is covered by aerial photography taken in 1971 and 1973 on color and black-and-white infrared film. The infrared film was tide-coordinated.

The field operations consisted of the following:

1. Premarking of horizontal control for aerotriangulation.
2. Establishment of tidal datums.
3. Field edit.

Horizontal control was extended by analytical aerotriangulation methods using the STK stereo comparator.

The shoreline and alongshore details were compiled on both types of maps from tide-coordinated, black-and-white infrared photography using a B-8 stereoplotter and/or graphic methods.

All line work is scribed, approved symbols are shown in the marginal data of the map.

A registration copy of each type map is prepared. It shows additional offshore details such as shoal and shallow lines, useful to the Marine Chart Division, but not required on the Coastal Zone Maps. This copy of the map is labeled "Registration Copy" in the title block and will be registered in the NOS Archives.

The following items for map TP-00427 will be registered in the NOS Archives:

1. A plastic copy of the published map
2. A stable base positive copy of the Registration Copy
3. A continuous tone negative of the orthophotomosaic
4. The Descriptive Report

All negatives are filed in the Reproduction Division.

All field records such as field edit sheets, discrepancy prints, field edit data, foreshore profiles, and control forms are filed in the National Archives.

FIELD REPORT

JGBS PH-7010 and PH-7113

In accordance with Instructions - FIELD - PH-7010, Aerotriangulation Control, and Instructions - FIELD - Job PH-7113; Horizontal Control for Aerotriangulation and Field Support for Aerial Photography; Coastal Boundary Mapping, Florida, the following report is submitted.

1. HORIZONTAL CONTROL

The two jobs are treated as one for report purposes, targets on Job PH-7010 being replaced in approximately the same positions as they were in November 1970.

Twenty-one stations were premarked for 1:30,000 scale color photography. Where feasible, Array No. 1 was used, being a 9-foot triangle with 3 runners or wing panels of 2 x 20 ft. dimensions. Several variations were used as the area is highly developed, particularly in the southern part, and space was not always available. The GSI cards are believed to be adequate to explain the variations but some discussion is in order.

From north to south the first 8 stations are Array No. 1 with varying degrees of angle between the wing panels.

POMPANO 1928 was marked by a triangle painted on the macadam (station is in a parking area) over the station mark. Paint used was Pittsburg fluorescent TANGERINE (very close to what we call fire orange) and should show well on the color photographs. (This paint was used on two other stations and we would be interested to know how it turns out.) In addition, a white 9-ft. triangle was placed on top of a nearby flat-roofed building approximately 10 feet high, which is a sub-station.

2.

HALLAND 1928 was marked by a painted target substation placed on the light brown sand of a public beach. We used a white plastic target and painted it. No room was available for wing panels at this small beach.

CAPE FLORIDA OLD TOWER FINIAL 1883 was marked by a single white triangle. No room was available for wing panels.

CAUSEWAY 1934 was marked by a painted triangle placed on the west end of a bridge under construction. The bridge is real white and the color should show "like a light".

PAN AMERICAN 1935 was marked by 2 white triangles placed on the lower level of the 3-level, flat-topped building, one on the east side and one on the south. They are approximately 18 to 20 feet above ground. Two triangles were used "to be sure".

BLACK POINT 3 and NARROW POINT are in the water and approximately 50 feet offshore. Triangles were built over the station marks and about 3 feet above estimated mean high-water level. 8-foot squares were used as wing panels believing these would withstand more wind. The Commander of ESSA 88 reported these targets in good condition at time of bridging photography, only one wing panel being damaged.

All targets were taken up after photography except the two in the water. All were found in good condition, although we had to make repairs to a few during the period they were on the ground due to wind damage. Only station CLOISTER was vandalized and it was not bothered after it was replaced. This is rather remarkable considering some of the locations.

USGS quad maps showing approximate locations of targets have been submitted.

We were advised by the Commander of aircraft that Line 30-1, Job PH-7113, was photographed February 24 and the other lines on both Jobs on March 8.

2. TIDE COORDINATED PHOTOGRAPHY

As directed by telephone, the following nine tide

3.

stations were manned.

- (1) Lake Worth, Atlantic Ocean
- (2) Andrews Avenue Bridge, Fort Lauderdale
- (3) Bahia Mar Yacht Club, Fort Lauderdale
- (4) Port Everglades
- (5) Biscayne Creek, North Miami
- (6) Biscayne Bay, Miami
- (7) Biscayne Bay, Cutler
- (8) Biscayne Bay, Turkey Point
- (9) Card Sound

Photography obtained was based on the first seven gages. Lines 30-5 and 30-6 would have been based on TURKEY POINT and CARD SOUND. These lines were not photographed. Also, high-water only was obtained for line 30-4, based on CUTLER.

Recordings entered in the tide volumes, Form 277, were at 5 minute intervals near and during photography; otherwise 15 minute interval. Wet staff readings--crest, trough and mean--were recorded while photography was in progress. Tolerances of ± 0.3 ft. for mean high-water and ± 0.1 ft. for mean low-water were observed. Eastern Standard Time was used.

Photography was obtained on 2 days: Low-water February 24 and high-water March 2. Lines 30-1, 30-2 and 30-3 were flown at low-water. Lines 30-1, 30-2, 30-3, and 30-4 were flown at high.

Low-water photography Feb. 24. (Time furnished by Photographer.)

(1) Segment of Line 30-1 approximately 4 miles north and 4 miles south of Port Everglades inlet (or entrance) 1201 to 1210 hrs. based on PORT EVERGLADES staff reading of 1.7 ft.

(2) Line 30-1, based on LAKE WORTH PIER, photographed in its entirety from 1228 to 1241 hrs. when the tide reading was 1.4/1.3 ft.

(3) An 8 mile segment of line 30-1, based on BAHIA MAR YACHT CLUB, was photographed at 1444 to 1449 hrs. when the tide staff read 1.7 ft.

4.

(4) An 8 mile segment of line 30-1, based on ANDREWS AVENUE BRIDGE was photographed at 1511 to 1515 hrs., when the staff read 1.6 ft.

(5) Line 30-2, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI, and flown south to north, was photographed at 1259 to 1305 hrs., when the staff read 2.2 feet.

(6) Line 30-3, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI and BISCAYNE CREEK, NORTH MIAMI, flown south to north, was photographed at 1319 to 1324 hrs, when the BISCAYNE Bay, Miami staff read 2.1 and the BISCAYNE CREEK staff read 3.1, both ends of the line being within tolerance.

(7) Line 30-2 was then photographed again, based on BISCAYNE CREEK, NORTH MIAMI, and flown from north to south at 1330 to 1336 hrs when the staff reading was 3.1.

This ended the low-water photography.

High-water photography, March 2.

(1) Line 30-1, based on LAKE WORTH PIER, was photographed at 1039 to 1055 hrs., when the gage reading was 4.2 feet. However, we were advised that parts of this line were re-photographed at approximately 1144 to 1149 hrs. in the Miami Beach area and at 1242 to 1245 hrs. in the Hollywood area. Tide was within tolerance at all times.

(2) A segment of line 30-1, based on ANDREWS AVENUE BRIDGE (as well as BAHIA MAR and PORT EVERGLADES) was photographed at 1103 to 1106 hrs. with the camera end overlap setting at 80%.

(3) Line 30-2, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI and BISCAYNE CREEK, NORTH MIAMI, was photographed at 1254 to 1300 hrs. when the BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI reading was 4.6 ft. and the BISCAYNE CREEK staff read 5.6 ft.

(4) Line 30-3, based on the same stations, was photographed at 1305 to 1311 with the staff readings unchanged from line 30-2.

(5) Line 30-4, based on BISCAYNE BAY, MIAMI and BISCAYNE BAY, CUTLER, was photographed at 1319 to 1325, when the MIAMI staff read 4.5 and CUTLER read 4.8 ft.

This ends the high-water photography.

5.

3. FORESHORE PROFILES

Ten planetable beach profiles were run within the limits of Job PH-7113. They cover a linear distance of approximately 40 miles. The northerly one is at triangulation station POMPAHO and the southernmost one is near the Cape Florida lighthouse on Key Biscayne. Mr. Phil Walbolt ran 7 of the 10 during the period of photography, basing tide stage on a nearby tide gage. The other 3 were similarly accomplished two or three days after photography, with information as to tide level being obtained from the Weather Service's remote recorder in Miami Beach via telephone, in 2 instances.

The procedure was to drive a stake to water level near shore and obtain the tide gage reading at that time by radio from a nearby gage. This elevation thus became the bench mark to determine the horizontal position of mean high- and mean low-water lines from a planetable setup. Points occupied were triangulation stations or recoverable photo-topo points. The planetable was oriented to magnetic north with an azimuth to an identifiable point. One variation from this is at profile No. 7 where no distant azimuth was visible and the profile was laid out to parallel a beach groin that should be clearly visible on the low-water photographs.

No profiles were run in Job PH-7010 since the infrared photography was obtained several months ago.

In addition to sketches at some of the occupied points, USGS quad maps show the approximate locations of the profiles along with premark target locations.

Submitted 3/25/71

William H. Shearouse

William H. Shearouse
Chief, Photo Party 60

Photogrammetric Plot Report
Hillsboro Inlet to Card Sound, Florida
Job PH-7113
and
Card Sound to Plantation Key, Florida
Job PH-7119

21. Area Covered

This report covers an area on the east coast of Florida immediately south of Hillsboro Inlet to the southwestern end of Plantation Key. Job PH-7113 and Job PH-7119 are combined in this one report because the southern portion of Job PH-7113 is included in the block adjustment of Job PH-7119.

Job PH-7113 consists of twenty (20) 1:10,000 scale sheets: TP-00416 through TP-00420, and TP-00422 through TP-00436.

Job PH-7119 consists of twelve (12) 1:10,000 scale sheets: TP-00444 through TP-00455.

Subsequent to the initial bridging in this area, three small areas were re-bridged using new photography. The reports are attached:

- (1) Port Everglades, Florida
- (2) Miami to Mangrove Point, Florida
- (3) Hollywood to Miami Beach, Florida

22. Method

Eleven (11) strips of photography were bridged using aerotriangulation methods. Tie points were made between strip No. 1 of PH-7113 and strip No. 2 of the Jupiter Inlet to Hillsboro Inlet, Florida report to the north of this area.

Due to the placement of control in relation to flight lines and due to large areas of water coverage, two block adjustments were made. Strip No. 2, No. 3, and No. 4 comprised one block. Strip No. 7, No. 9, No. 10, and No. 11 comprised the other block. Attached is a sketch showing the location of the strips and the blocks.

Image points were located to rectify photographs for orthophoto, nautical, and small craft charts. All points were drilled by the PUG method. Closure to control has been noted on the read-outs. A sketch is attached which shows the control used in the strip and block adjustments. All points were plotted on the Florida East Zone Plane Coordinate System using the Coradomat Plotter or the Calcomp Plotter.

Ratio points were located on twenty-eight (28) strips of infrared contact prints. Additional ratio points were located on contact prints which have a large portion of water coverage so that they could be individually enlarged to scale. A sketch showing the location of the infrared photographs is attached.

23. Adequacy of Control

The control was adequate. Horizontal control was pre-marked on strip No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6. Because of the placement of flight lines in relation to control, it was necessary to extend Strip No. 5 one model past its terminal control station in order to have an area of common coverage with strip No. 6. Tie points were located in this area and tie point 544801 was used as a terminal control point for strip No. 6.

Most of the horizontal control for Strip No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, and No. 11 was pre-marked for color photography which was flown on August 4, 1971, and August 11, 1971. This photography was not used for bridging. The positions of the pre-marked control stations were transferred, using PUG methods, to color infrared photography which was flown on March 5, 1973, and March 18, 1973.

The following control station positions were transferred from photographs 71L(C)8370 through 71L(C)8382:

Irving 1971

Mangrove (USE) 1930 Sub Point A

Sands Cut RM2, 1849-1947 Sub station

The following control station positions were transferred from a roll of color photography which was not indexed (Spot No.100-691A) LC-20:

Rubi, 1930-1948 Reset

Man, 1930

Angelfish Key RM3, 1853

Narrow Point, 1854

Long Sound 1961

Snipe Pt., 1934, substation

Knowlson, 1935, substation

Hull Key, 1852

Rock Harbor 2, 1961

Lower Sound Point, 1853 substation

Sub Station, Key Largo Cable Visions Inc., Taller Mast, 1961

Largo, 1962

Low 2, RM2, 1934

Planter 2, RM4

The following control station positions were transferred from photographs 72L(C)8691R thru 72L(C)8698R:

Tavernier 1935
Snake 1934 Sub. Sta.

Turkey Pt. 2, RM2 was transferred from photograph 71E(C)9595.

Cape Florida Old Tower Final Sub Station A was transferred from photograph 71E(C)9201.

Lower Sound Point 1853 sbu. station was not used in the adjustment because the field party advised that it was questionable and should be used with caution. Sub. station Key Largo Visions, Inc., Taller Mast, 1961, could not be used because one of its azimuth stations (Key Largo Cable Visions, Inc. Shorter Mast) appears to have a bad published position. To date, this has not been resolved by the Geodesy Division. Turkey Point 2, RM2 was a very poor point to transfer, and, therefore, it was not used as control in the block adjustment in that area.

Part-way through the compilation phase of this project, it was determined that the published control positions in the area of this report were in error approximately - 4 feet in X and -10 ft. in Y. Therefore, Strip No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, and No. 8 are adjusted to the old published control positions. This area includes T-sheets TP-00416 through TP-00420 and TP-00422 through TP-00432.

Strip No. 7, No. 9, No. 10, and No. 11 are adjusted to new preliminary control positions which were furnished by Geodesy on May 29, 1974. Geodesy Division stated this preliminary control will be within one (1) foot of the final adjustment. They also said to base non-main scheme stations on the nearest main scheme stations. This was approved by the Coastal Mapping Division.

Since stations established in 1971 and later have positions which were determined by a different adjustment than stations which were established before 1971, it was necessary that the corrections for non-main scheme stations of 1971 and later be based on the new preliminary control of the nearest main scheme stations of 1971 and later. In like manner, pre-1971 non-main scheme stations are based on the amount of change of the nearest pre-1971 main scheme station.

The compiler was advised to make a graphic adjustment on TP-00430 so it will junction well with TP-00433. Also, TP-00432 should be graphically adjusted so it will junction well with TP-00433, TP-00434, and TP-00435.

A listing of closures to control is included on an attached sheet of control stations. The station with the largest residual is Narrow Point 1854, with 1.808 feet in X and 1.267 feet in Y.

24. Supplemental Data

USGS Topographic Quadrangles and NOS Nautical Charts were used to obtain vertical control for bridging.

25. Photography

The following RC-8 color photography was used for bridging:

1:20,000 scale

Strip No. 4 71E(C)9201-9215
Strip No. 8 73L(C)2871-2884R
Strip No. 9 73L(C)2893-2924R

1:30,000 scale

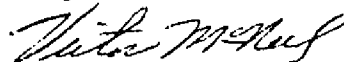
Strip No. 1 71E(C)9120-9135
Strip No. 2 71E(C)9562-9574
Strip No. 3 71E(C)9576-9586
Strip No. 5 71E(C)9536-9545
Strip No. 6 71E(C)9588-9602

1:40,000 scale

Strip No. 7 73L(C)2935-2945R.
Strip No. 10 73L(C)2952-2968R
Strip No. 11 73L(C)2785-2797R

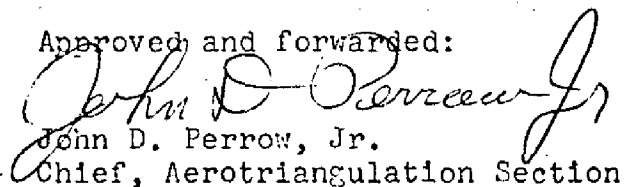
The quality and definition of the photography was adequate.

Respectfully submitted,



Victor McNeel

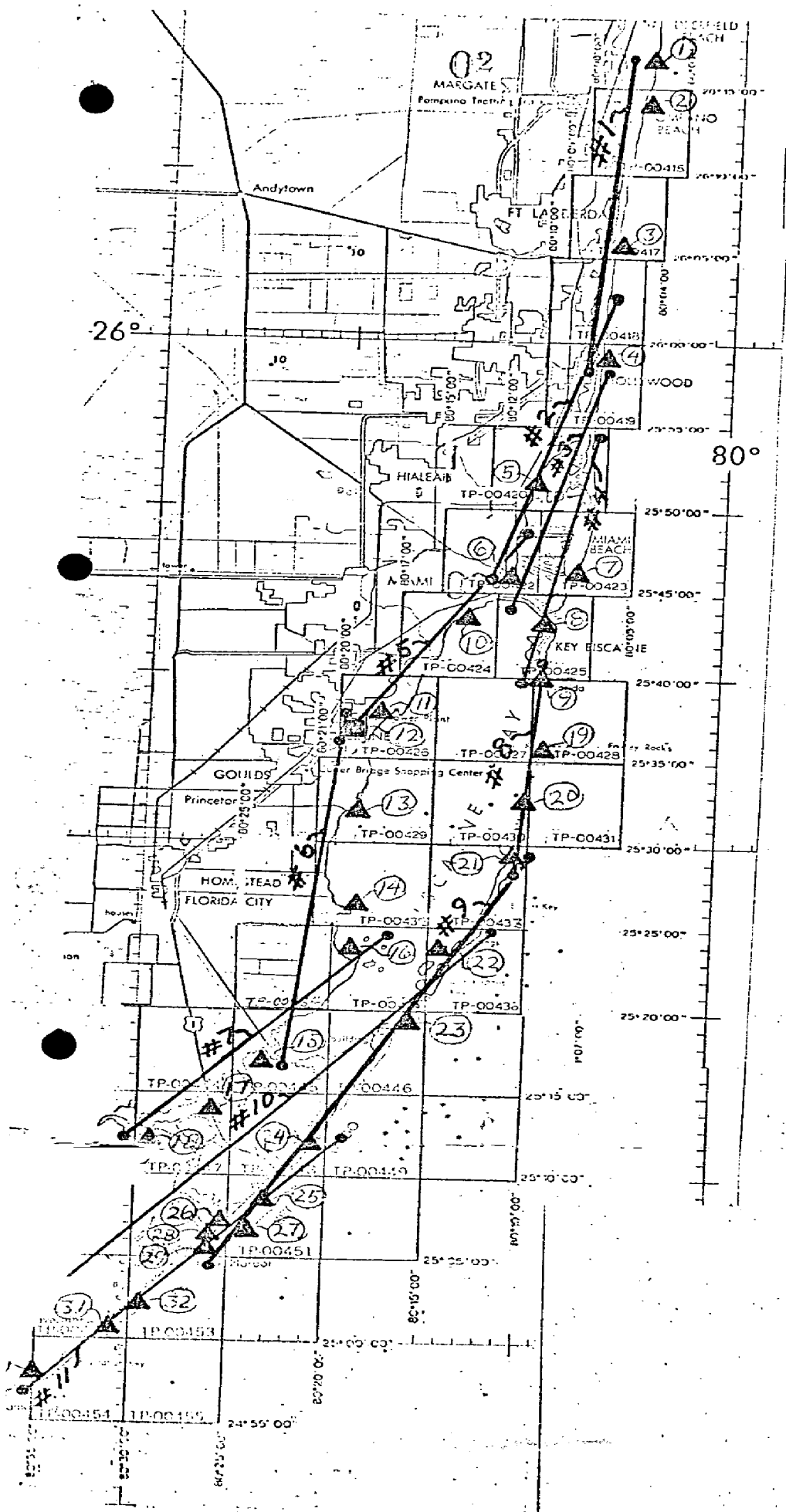
Approved and forwarded:



John D. Perrow, Jr.
Chief, Aerotriangulation Section

CONTROL STATIONS

			<u>residuals in ft.</u>	
1.	(027100)	Turtle 1929	-0.706	-0.115
2.	(023102)	Pompano, 1928, subpoint B	1.488	-0.229
3.	(029100)	South Jetty, 1938	-1.134	0.176
4.	(034101)	Halland, 1928	0.317	-0.007
5.	(567101)	Causeway, 1934	0.027	-0.012
6.	(562101)	Point View, 1934	0.000	-0.181
7.	(207100)	Base, 1934	0.112	0.142
8.	(204100)	Key Biscayne North Base, 1849	-0.158	0.033
9.	(201101)	Cape Florida Old Tower Finial, subpoint A	-0.156	0.002
10.	(538102)	Pan American, 1935, Target 2	0.000	0.000
11.	(534101)	Naco 1934, subpoint A	0.000	0.000
12.	(544801)	Tie point from strip #5 used as control for strip #6	-0.157	0.025
13.	(591100)	Black Point 3	0.351	-0.066
14.	(595101)	Turkey Point No. 2, 1930, RM No. 2	-0.229	0.073
15.	(940100)			
	(602100)	Narrow Point 1854	-1.808	1.267
16.	(944100)	Man 1930.	0.222	-0.009
17.	(960100)	Long Sound, 1961	-0.168	-0.075
18.	(936101)	Snipe Point, 1934, sub- station	-0.215	-0.201
19.	(878101)	Irving, 1971, substation	0.687	-0.080
20.	(875102)	Mangrove (USE), 1930, subpoint B	-0.826	0.125
21.	(872101)	Sands Cut RM 2, 1849-1947 substation	0.296	-0.049
22.	(901100)	Rubi, 1930-1947, reset	-0.192	-0.134
23.	(905101)	Angelfish Key RM 3, 1853	-0.303	-0.242
24.	(914101)	Knowlson, 1935 substation	0.153	-0.155
25.	(919100)	Hull Key, 1852	-0.053	0.103
26.	(922100)	Rock Harbor 2, 1961	0.364	-0.284
27.	(022101)	Lower Sound Point, 1853 substation **		
28.	(923101)	Sub Station Key Largo Cable Visions Inc., Taller Mast, 1961 **		
29.	(924100)	Largo, 1962	-0.210	0.103



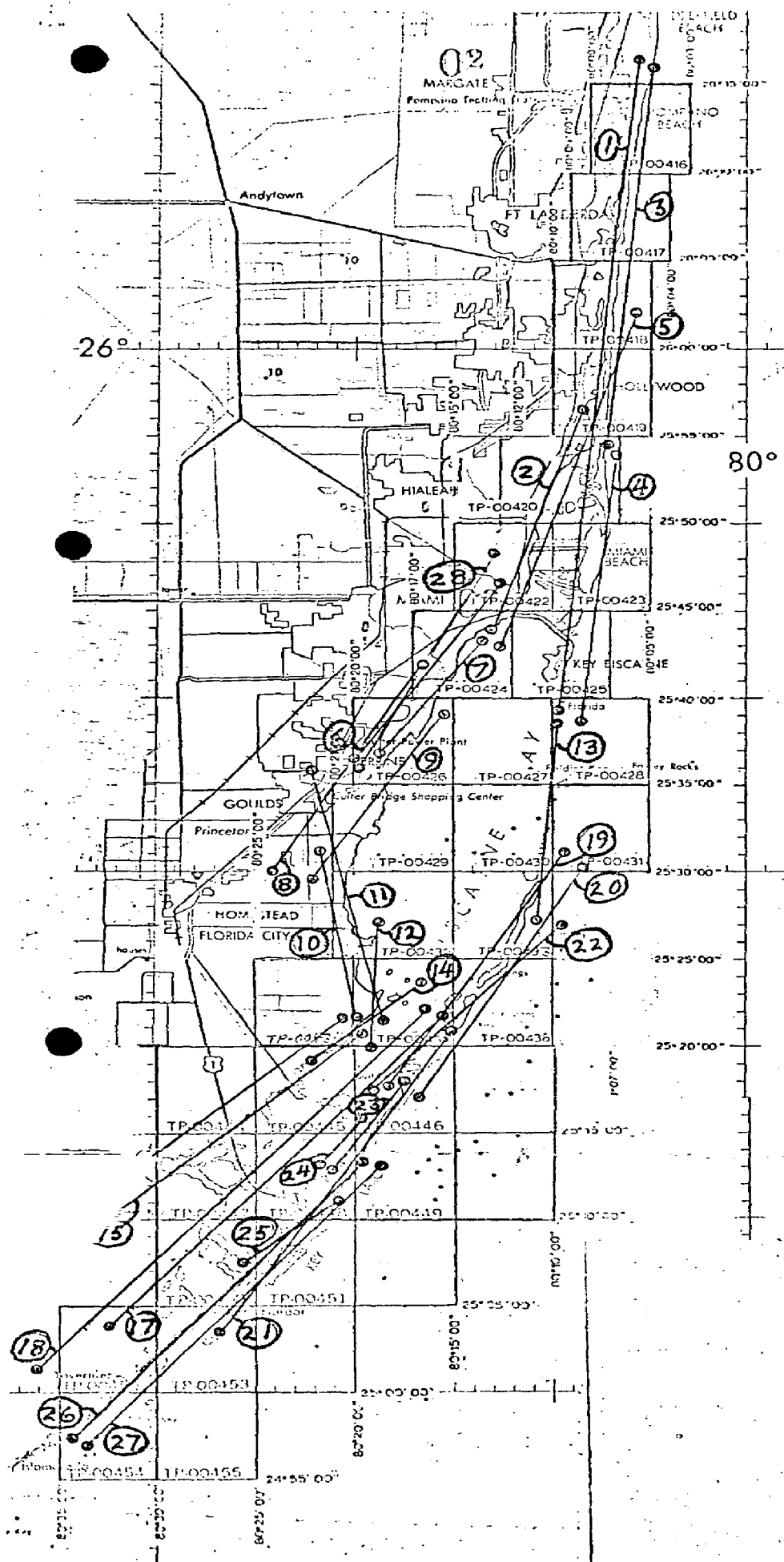
JOB PH-7113
AND
JOB PH-7119

HILLSBORO INLET
TO
PLANTATION KEY,
FLORIDA

CONTROL STATIONS
USED IN THE
ADJUSTMENTS

30.	(967101)	Low 2, RM 2, 1934	0.042	0.215
31.	(692100)	Tavernier, 1935	0.308	-1.325
32.	(793101)	Planter 2, RM 4	-1.476	1.087
33.	(695101)	Snake, 1934, subpoint	0.128	0.174

** means not used in adjustments



JOB PH-7113
AND
JOB PH-7119

HILLSBORO INLET
TO
PLANTATION KEY,
FLORIDA

INFRARED CONTACT
PRINTS RATIOED FOR
COMPILATION

INFRA-RED CONTACT PRINTS

1. 71K 5632R - 5660R MLW
2. 71K 5662R - 5672R MLW
3. 71K 5750R - 5766R MHW
4. 71K 5795R - 5806R MHW
5. 71K 5815R - 5829R MHW
6. 71L 8501R - 8509R MLW
7. 71L 8512R - 8520R MLW
8. 71L 8571R - 8580R MHW
9. 71L 8523R - 8530R MLW
10. 71L 8783R - 8791R MHW
11. 71L 8584R - 8593R MHW
12. 71L 8532R - 8537R MLW
13. 71L 9067R - 9080R MLW
14. 71L 8337R - 8341R MHW
15. 72K 6287R - 6298R MHW
16. 72K 6572R - 6584R MLW
17. 72K 6546R - 6563R MLW
18. 72K 6311R - 6330R MHW
19. 71L 8544R - 8559R MLW
20. 71L 8648R - 8662R MLW
21. 72K 6480R - 6499R MHW
22. 71L 8697R - 8705R MHW
23. 72K 6344R - 6350R MLW
24. 72K 6253R - 6255R MLW
25. 72K 6420R - 6423R MHW
26. 72K 6501R - 6515R MHW
27. 72K 6368R - 6382R MLW
28. 71K 5847R - 5856R MHW

FLORIDA- NOAA Coastal Boundary Mapping Program

23

Horizontal Control

Map TP- 00426

Station	NOS Geodetic Data Reference for Description, Positions, Coordinates and Azimuths
CUPOLA, CUTLER 1930	Book 424, P.8, 29 GPs Fla. Vol.1 P.991 PL.Fla. East Zone P.169 ³⁸⁸ 101
NACO 1934	Book 424, P.1, 11, Quad. 250801, P.38 GPs Fla. Vol.1 P.137 PL. Fla. East Zone P.13
SHOAL POINT 2 1930	Book 424, P.1, 28 GPs Fla. Vol. 1 P.387 PL Fla. East Zone P.100

FLORIDA - NOAA Coastal Boundary Mapping Program

Vertical Control - Geodetic

Map TP-00426

Geodetic Bench Mark	Elevations (feet)	Condensed Description
	SLD 1929	
X SC 33 (DWC)		Dade Co. Engineer's brass plug stamped DWC BM SC 33; set on top of SE Br. walkway over Snapper Cr. Ca., 15.8 ft. SE of Old Cutler Rd. centerline, 1 ft. NE of EW end of walkway.
X NACO		C&GS disk stamped NACO 1934; 50 ft. N of Dr. centerline, 45 ft. W of Rd. centerline, 63 ft. NW of intersection centerline, 17.5 ft. SW of SW cor. of 3 ft. sq. stone post.
X C 318		C&GS disk stamped C 318 1970; set on top of E end of concr. seawall at house No. 780, 7 ft. SE of large palm tree, 1 ft. W of E end of seawall.
X D 318		C&GS disk stamped D 318 1970; 17 ft. NW of Rd. E bound lane centerline, 25.6 ft. SE of Rd. W bound lane centerline, set in top of catch basin.
X J 318		C&GS disk stamped J 318 1970; 65 ft. N of approx. Dr. centerline at abandoned FP&L sub-sta.
X K 318		C&GS disk stamped K 318 1970; set on top of a mass of Co. Rk., 39.5 ft. SE of Rd. centerline, 37 ft. S of Rd. leading E centerline, 18.5 ft. SW of power pole, 7.6 ft. S of concr. right-of-way post.
X L 317		C&GS disk stamped L 317 1970; set in top of a bulkhead, 38.7 ft. S of SW corner of a small deck.

Compilation Report

TP-00426

November 1974

31. Delineation

The tidal datum lines were delineated from the black-and-white, tide-coordinated infrared photography by graphic methods. This photography was controlled by map points determined by aerotriangulation and planimetric features compiled from the orthophotomosaic.

The land area on this map is shown by an orthophotomosaic. The orthophotomosaic was assembled from the rectified prints of the color infrared photography. The orthophotomosaic was controlled by points determined by aerotriangulation.

32. Horizontal Control

Refer to the Photogrammetric Plot Report.

33. Supplemental Data - None34. Contours and Drainage

Contours are inapplicable. Drainage is depicted by the orthophotomosaic.

35. Shoreline and Alongshore Features

The photography was adequate for the delineation and interpretation of the shoreline and alongshore details. There were no specific features or areas called to the attention of the field editor for verification.

36. Offshore Detail

No unusual problems were encountered in compiling the offshore detail. If the area "Black Ledge" on Chart 848 bares MLW, it is beyond photo coverage and should be checked by field edit.

37. Landmarks and Aids to Navigation

Two landmarks were located during compilation and will be verified by field edit. The images of other charted objects will be identified or located by field methods.

38. Control for Future Surveys - None39. Junctions

Refer to Form 76-36B

40. Horizontal Accuracy

This map complies with the accuracy requirements for the Florida Coastal Zone Mapping Program as outlined by the project instructions, PH-7000.

41 thru 45. Inapplicable.

46. Comparison with Existing Maps

USGS Quad South Miami, Florida	1:24,000	Photorevised 1969
USGS Quad Perrine, Florida	1:24,000	Photorevised 1969

No significant differences were noted.

47. Comparison with Nautical Charts

848 14th Edition dated April 1973 1:40,000

Differences were noted in the shoreline just south of the finger canals, north of Shoal Point and south of Snapper Creek Canal.

Submitted by:

Joseph W. Keating Jr.
Joseph Keating, Jr.

Approved and Forwarded:

Jeter P. Battley, Jr.

J. P. Battley, Jr.
Chief, Coastal Mapping Section

FIELD EDIT REPORT, MAP TP-00426 JOB PH 711351. METHODS

The shoreline was inspected from a small boat while cruising just offshore. Notes regarding apparent or fast shoreline and other along shore details were made on the rectified photographs.

Three triangulation stations were recovered.

Five bench marks were identified on the 1971 rectified photographs and one bench mark was identified on the 1973 rectified photographs. Triangulation station WACO 1934 is also a bench mark.

* One tide gage, Cutler falls within this manuscript. The gage was not in place at the time of field edit and therefore it could not be identified on the photographs.

One aid, Cutler Channel Light 2 was located by intersection with sextant cuts. Three aids, Homestead A.F.B. Crash Boat Station Daybeacons 2, 4, and 6 were located by planetable on photograph 73E9035R. There is a pile at the charted position of Daybeacon 8, but it does not have a pointer or name. The C.O. at the crash station did not know if this pile is Daybeacon 8. There are additional piles and markers in this channel.

One name, "GABLES BY THE SEA" is recommended for charting.

Field edit notes will be found on the discrepancy print, field edit sheet and the rectified photographs.

52. ADEQUACY OF COMPILATION

Adequate after application of field edit.

53. MAP ACCURACY

No test required.

54. RECOMMENDATIONS

None

55. EXAMINATION OF PROOF COPY

Not required.

Submitted 3/5/75

Robert R. Wagner
Robert R. Wagner
Chief, Photo Party 60

* CUTLER TIDE GAGE PLOTTED
USING SKETCH FURNISHED
BY OPERATION'S BRANCH, E
TIDES. SKETCH ATTACHED.
C.F. LEWIS
9/3/75

Review Report
Coastal Zone Map TP-00426
June 1979

61. General

The Class III map for Coastal Zone Map TP-00426 was inspected prior to field edit. This inspection comprised an examination of the manuscript, photography discrepancy print, and report.

The review for this map consisted of an examination of the Class I manuscript, the field edit and its application, the reproduction negatives, and descriptive report.

The proof copy was edited by the Quality Control Group prior to publication. This edit comprised a thorough inspection of map details to verify the accuracy of reproduction. In addition, the proof copy was examined by the following sections:

Coastal Mapping - Map Details
Staff Geographer - Geographic Names
Coastal Surveys - Horizontal and Vertical Control

62. Cartographic Comparison

Comparison was made with the following Geological Survey maps and Nautical Charts:

South Miami, Florida, 1956 photo revised 1969
Perrine, Florida, 1956 photo revised 1973

No significant differences were found.

Comparison was made with Chart 11467, 1:40,000 scale, 19th Edition, dated July 1978.

No significant differences were found.

63. thru 65. - Inapplicable

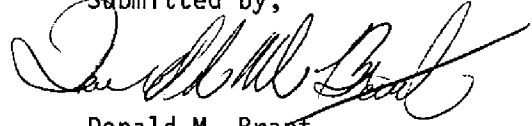
66. Adequacy of Results and Future Surveys

Coastal Zone Map TP-00426 complies with the instructions for NOS Cooperative Coastal Boundary Mapping, Job PH-7000 and the National Standards of Map Accuracy.

TP-00426

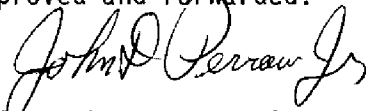
2

Submitted by,

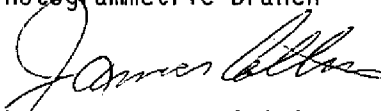


Donald M. Brant

Approved and Forwarded:



Chief, Photogrammetric Branch



Chief, Photogrammetry Division

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-7113 (Biscayne Bay, Florida)

TP-00426

Biscayne Bay

Black Ledge

Chicken Key

Cutler Channel

Cutler

Florida East Coast (RR)

Gables by the Sea

Howard

Kings Bay

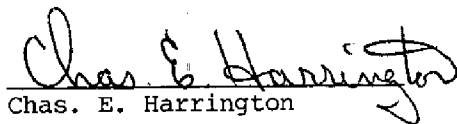
Paradise Point

Shoal Point

Snapper Creek Canal

South Miami

Approved by:



Chas. E. Harrington
Staff Geographer-C51x2

[illegible]

RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL		ORIGINATOR
TYPE OF ACTION	NAME	
OBJECTS INSPECTED FROM SEAWARD		<input type="checkbox"/> PHOTO FIELD PARTY <input type="checkbox"/> HYDROGRAPHIC PARTY <input type="checkbox"/> GEODETIC PARTY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (Specify)
POSITIONS DETERMINED AND/OR VERIFIED	R. Wagner	FIELD ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE
FORMS ORIGINATED BY QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP AND FINAL REVIEW ACTIVITIES	J. Keating Copy checked after typing - D. Brant	OFFICE ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE <input type="checkbox"/> REVIEWER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE
INSTRUCTIONS FOR ENTRIES UNDER 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION' (Consult Photogrammetric Instructions No. 64.)		
<div> <div> OFFICE I. OFFICE IDENTIFIED AND LOCATED OBJECTS Enter the number and date (including month, day, and year) of the photograph used to identify and locate the object. EXAMPLE: 75E(C)6042 8-12-75 </div> <div> FIELD I. NEW POSITION DETERMINED OR VERIFIED Enter the applicable data by symbols as follows: F - Field L - Located V - Verified 1 - Triangulation 2 - Traverse 3 - Intersection 4 - Resection 5 - Field Identified 6 - Theodolite 7 - Planetable 8 - Sextant A. Field positions* require entry of method of location and date of field work. EXAMPLE: F-2-6-L 8-12-75 *FIELD POSITIONS are determined by field observations based entirely upon ground survey methods. </div> </div> <div> FIELD (Cont'd) B. Photogrammetric field positions** require entry of method of location or verification, date of field work and number of the photograph used to locate or identify the object. EXAMPLE: P-8-V 8-12-75 74L(C)2982 II. TRIANGULATION STATION RECOVERED When a landmark or aid which is also a triangulation station is recovered, enter 'Triang. Rec.' with date of recovery. EXAMPLE: Triang. Rec. 8-12-75 III. POSITION VERIFIED VISUALLY ON PHOTOGRAPH Enter 'V-Vis.' and date. EXAMPLE: V-Vis. 8-12-75 **PHOTOGRAMMETRIC FIELD POSITIONS are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods. </div>		

[illegible]

RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL		ORIGINATOR
TYPE OF ACTION	NAME	
OBJECTS INSPECTED FROM SEAWARD	R. Wagner	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PHOTO FIELD PARTY <input type="checkbox"/> HYDROGRAPHIC PARTY <input type="checkbox"/> GEODETIC PARTY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (Specify)
POSITIONS DETERMINED AND/OR VERIFIED	R. Wagner	FIELD ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE
FORMS ORIGINATED BY QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP AND FINAL REVIEW ACTIVITIES	J. Keating	OFFICE ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE
Copy checked - D. Brant INSTRUCTIONS FOR ENTRIES UNDER 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION' (Consult Photogrammetric Instructions No. 64,		<input type="checkbox"/> REVIEWER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE
FIELD (Cont'd) 8. Photogrammetric field positions** require entry of method of location or verification, date of field work and number of the photograph used to locate or identify the object. EXAMPLE: P-8-V 8-12-75 74L(C)2982		
OFFICE I. OFFICE IDENTIFIED AND LOCATED OBJECTS Enter the number and date (including month, day, and year) of the photograph used to identify and locate the object. EXAMPLE: 75E(C)6042 8-12-75		
FIELD I. NEW POSITION DETERMINED OR VERIFIED Enter the applicable data by symbols as follows: F - Field P - Photogrammetric L - Located Vis - Visually V - Verified 1 - Triangulation 5 - Field Identified 2 - Traverse 6 - Theodolite 3 - Intersection 7 - Planetable 4 - Resection 8 - Sextant A. Field positions* require entry of method of location and date of field work. EXAMPLE: F-2-6-L 8-12-75 *FIELD POSITIONS are determined by field observations based entirely upon ground survey methods.		
III. POSITION VERIFIED VISUALLY ON PHOTOGRAPH Enter 'V-Vis.' and date. EXAMPLE: V-Vis. 8-12-75 **PHOTOGAMMETRIC FIELD POSITIONS are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods.		

PE OF ACTION		RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL		ORIGINATOR	
NAME		NAME		NAME	
OBJECTS INSPECTED FROM SEAWARD				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PHOTO FIELD PARTY	
				<input type="checkbox"/> HYDROGRAPHIC PARTY	
				<input type="checkbox"/> GEODETIC PARTY	
				<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (Specify)	
POSITIONS DETERMINED AND/OR VERIFIED		R. Wagner		FIELD ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE	
		R. Wagner		OFFICE ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE	
		J. Keating		<input type="checkbox"/> REVIEWER	
FORMS ORIGINATED BY QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP ACTIVITIES		Copy checked after typing		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE	
		D. Brant			
INSTRUCTIONS FOR ENTRIES UNDER 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION'					
(Consult Photogrammetric Instructions No. 64,					
OFFICE		FIELD (Cont'd)			
1. OFFICE IDENTIFIED AND LOCATED OBJECTS		B. Photogrammetric field positions** require entry of method of location or verification, date of field work and number of the photograph used to locate or identify the object.			
Enter the number and date (including month, day, and year) of the photograph used to identify and locate the object.		EXAMPLE: P-8-V			
EXAMPLE: 75E(C)6042		8-12-75			
8-12-75		74L(C)2982			
FIELD		II. TRIANGULATION STATION RECOVERED			
1. NEW POSITION DETERMINED OR VERIFIED		When a landmark or aid which is also a triangulation station is recovered, enter 'Triang. Rec.' with date of recovery.			
Enter the applicable data by symbols as follows:		EXAMPLE: Triang. Rec.			
F - Field		8-12-75			
L - Located		8-12-75			
V - Verified		8-12-75			
1 - Triangulation		8-12-75			
2 - Traverse		8-12-75			
3 - Intersection		8-12-75			
4 - Resection		8-12-75			
5 - Field identified		8-12-75			
6 - Theodolite		8-12-75			
7 - Planetable		8-12-75			
8 - Sextant		8-12-75			
A. Field positions* require entry of method of location and date of field work.		Enter 'V-Vis.' and date.			
EXAMPLE: F-2-6-L		EXAMPLE: V-Vis.			
8-12-75		8-12-75			
*FIELD POSITIONS are determined by field observations based entirely upon ground survey methods.		**PHOTOGRAMMETRIC FIELD POSITIONS are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods.			

National Archives Data
for
TP-00426

1 Discrepancy print (paper copy)
1 Field Edit sheet (stable base copy)
5 Forms 76-40 (Nonfloating Aids and Landmarks for Charts)
1 Form 76-36C (History of Field Operation)
Field notes (page from sketch book)
Field photos (portions)
71 E 9202
9542 & 9544
9589
71 L 8519R
73 L 9030 & 9035