11963

FORM C&GS-504

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Shoreline (Photogrammetric)

Field No. Office No. T-11963

LOCALITY

State Hawaii

General locality Molokai

Locality Kaluaha

1964-1966

CHIEF OF PARTY

H.J. Seaborg, Honolulu District Office
M.J. Tonkel, Baltimore District Office

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE ________

11963
**PROJECT NO. (III):**

PH-6201

**FIELD OFFICE (III):**

Honolulu District Office

**CHIEF OF PARTY:**

H. J. Seaborg

**PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE (III):**

Baltimore District Office

**OFFICER-IN-CHARGE:**

M. J. Tonkel

**INSTRUCTIONS DATED (III) (IV):**

- II April 25, 1962
- III May 31, 1962
- III December 14, 1962 Amendment 1

**METHOD OF COMPILATION (III):**

Kelsh Plotter

**MANUSCRIPT SCALE (III):**

1:5,000

**STEREOSCOPIC PLOTTING INSTRUMENT SCALE (III):**

1:5,000

**DATE RECEIVED IN WASHINGTON OFFICE (IV):**

**DATE REPORTED TO NAUTICAL CHART BRANCH (IV):**

**APPLIED TO CHART NO.:**

**DATE:**

**DATE REGISTERED (IV):**

**GEOGRAPHIC DATUM (III):**

Old Hawaiian Datum

**VERTICAL DATUM (III):**

High Water

Mean Sealevel Except As Follows:

Elevations Shown As (25) Refer To Mean High Water

Elevations Shown As (3) Refer To Sounding Datum

I.e., Mean Low Water Or Mean Lower Low Water

**REFERENCE STATION (III):**

MAPULEHU, 1925

**LAT.:**

**LONG.:**

X ADJUSTED

✓ UNADJUSTED

**PLANE COORDINATES (IV):**

Y = 267,686.74

X = 452,877.68

Hawaii

2

**STATE ZONE**

**AN NUMERALS INDICATE WHETHER THE ITEM IS TO BE ENTERED BY III FIELD PARTY, III PHOTOGROOMMETRIC OFFICE, IV WASHINGTON OFFICE. WHEN ENTERING NAMES OF PERSONNEL ON THIS RECORD GIVE THE SURNAME AND INITIALS, NOT INITIALS ONLY.
# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD

**FIELD INSPECTION BY** (III):

Leonard F. Van Scoy  
**DATE:** Jan-Oct 1962

**MEAN HIGH WATER LOCATION** (III) (STATE DATE AND METHOD OF LOCATION):

1961 Photography with field inspection.

**PROJECTION AND GRIDS RULED BY** (IV):

F. E. Buck  
**DATE:** July 1962

**PROJECTION AND GRIDS CHECKED BY** (IV):

W. Masula  
**DATE:** July 1962

**CONTROL PLOTTED BY** (III):

H. R. Rudolph  
**DATE:** July 1962

**CONTROL CHECKED BY** (III):

J. Steinberg  
**DATE:** July 1962

**RADIAL PLOT OR STEREOSCOPIC CONTROL EXTENSION BY** (III):

**DATE**

**STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT COMPILATION** (III):

**PLANIOMETRY**

J. T. Richter  
**DATE:** July 1962

**CONTOURS**

**DATE**

**MANUSCRIPT DELINEATED BY** (III):

B. Kurs  
**DATE:** Aug. 1963

**SCRIBING BY** (III):

J. L. Harris  
**DATE:** Mar. 1964

**PHOTOGRAMMETRIC OFFICE REVIEW BY** (III):

D. M. Brant  
**DATE:** Aug. 1963

C. C. Harris  
**DATE:** Mar. 1964

**REMARKS:**
**DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD**

**CAMERA (KIND OR SOURCE) (III):**

RC-8  "W"

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**WASHINGTON OFFICE REVIEW BY (IV):**

Geo F. Beugnet, Atlantic Marine Center

**DATE:** Jan. 1971

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PROJECT PH-6201

SHORELINE MAPPING

1:5,000 AND 1:10,000 SCALES

MOLOKAI ISLAND HAWAII

Official Mileage for Cost Accounts

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SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT T-11963

Shoreline survey T-11963 is one of twenty-five similar surveys in project PH-6201. The surveys of this project cover the entire coast line of Molokai. This survey covers that part of the south coast extending from Pukoo Harbor westward to Ualapue Fishpond. See page 5 for the area within the project.

Field work preceded compilation. This consisted of identification of horizontal control, shoreline and field inspection and selection of landmarks for nautical charts.

Compilation was at 1:5,000 scale by Kelsh Instrument methods using the photography of October 1960 and September 1961. Cronaflex copies of the compilation manuscript along with ozalids and specially prepared photographs were furnished for transfer of the shoreline to the boat sheet, field edit use and photo-hydro support.

There is no field edit report or field edit sheet for this survey. It is believed to have been field edited in conjunction with hydrography in the area and no discrepancies noted.

The manuscript was a vinylite sheet 2 minutes 30 seconds in latitude by 2 minutes in longitude which was scribed and reproduced on cronaflex. Final review was in the Atlantic Marine Center in January 1971. One cronaflex positive and a negative of the final reviewed survey are forwarded for record and registry.
FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

190 Manuscripts
T-1192 thru 11925
T-11928 thru 11928

Project No-6201

January - October 1962

2. ANNUAL FIELD INSPECTION

The area covered by this report encompasses the whole of the island of Molokai. This is the fifth largest of the group of islands that form the State of Hawaii. The island was originally formed by the eruption of two volcanoes. One was located somewhere near the east end of the island and the other somewhere near the west end. Following these eruptions the numerous deep drainages were created by stream erosion and the ocean created the great cliffs along the north coast. A later eruption formed the Kalanalu Peninsula on the north central coast. The Maunaloa Crater remains as evidence of this eruption. The highest peak is Kauholo which is 4558 feet above sea level.

The climate of the island varies considerably depending on the elevation and location in relation to the prevailing trade winds. The mean annual temperature at sea level is about 74 degrees. The temperature seldom varies more than 10 degrees except at the higher elevations. The yearly rainfall varies from about 7 inches around Kamalahi to over 120 inches in the high mountain sections of the northeast.

The only port in use on the island is located at Kamalahi. A small wharf connected to the shore by a long mole is used to load and unload barges, and serve small commercial and private boats. At one time a railroad connected the wharf to the area now known as Hoolehua Homesteads. It was abandoned soon after completion as the sugar plantation it was constructed to serve was a failure. The economy of the island is almost wholly dependent on the growing of pineapple and cattle ranching.

The wharf located at Kolo was used for a time to load pineapple from the Kamalahi area. It was later abandoned and since that time has been partially destroyed by fire. The wharf located at Kauhi is now in poor condition and seldom used except by an occasional small fishing or pleasure boat. The wharf located at Pukoo is no longer in evidence. Located at Haleolau is a small harbor protected by a breakwater. This is a private harbor and is used to load sand and cinder barges for shipment to Oahu. A small private airstrip is located along the easterly breakwater.
Located on the Kahanalua Peninsula in the small settlement of Kalaupea. The settlement is maintained by the State of Hawaii, Department of Health for the treatment of Hansen's Disease (Leper). Special permission must be obtained from the state before visiting this area. No facilities for serving the public are permitted on the peninsula. The U.S. Coast Guard maintains an isolated light station at the northern tip of the peninsula. The area is served by limited airplane service and supplies are brought in by barge at infrequent intervals. A small craft protected by a short breakwater is located at the settlement. This area is isolated from the remainder of the island except for a foot trail that leads down the steep rocky cliffs from the top of the pali southwest of the settlement.

Shoreline around the island vary from the almost vertical rock cliffs along most of the north and east coast, to the narrow and relatively flat coastal areas along the south coast. Most of the south coast is protected by an offshore reef. A few sandy beaches are located along the south and west coasts. Most of the north coast is accessible only by boat and any landings there should be attempted with extreme caution.

Photography was adequate for the identification of horizontal control and shoreline inspection for most of the island. A few sections of the shoreline along the northeast coast of the island were in complete shadow from the most vertical cliffs.

The shoreline for the entire island was visually inspected on the mean high water noted on the field photographs. The shoreline along the north coast except for the Kahanalua Peninsula was inspected by cruising offshore in a small boat. The work was difficult due to the small size of the boat, the rough seas, and strong winds. A few landings were made on the more prominent points along the northeast coast. The remainder of the island was inspected by walking the shoreline in the more accessible areas, and by observations from vantage points along bluffs and cliffs where the shoreline could not be otherwise visited. Scattered sections of the shoreline along the south coast were obscured by overhanging Kauai trees and dense growths of mangrove trees.

3. HORIZONTAL CONTROL

(a) The following described intersection stations were located by traverse or triangulation as nautical aids, aeronautical aids, and landmarks.

Kolokai Lighthouse
Kolokai Airport Beacon
Waikuna, Aero Beacon Red Light
Kualapuu, Aero Beacon Red Light
(b) No datum adjustments were made by the field party.

(c) WAILII 2, 1945 was the only control station identified that was not established by the Coast and Geodetic Survey. This station was established by the Territory of Hawaii and can be considered as third order accuracy. The station was destroyed before it could be tied to the 1962 work. KALAKA, 1962 which is located about a half mile west of this station was later identified. All other control stations identified were established by the Coast and Geodetic Survey or tied to by the geodetic party during the 1962 season. Many of the old stations could not be recovered and new stations had to be established to meet the control requirements.

(d) Control stations were positively identified in all areas indicated on the control diagram.

(e) All control stations within the limits of the project except for a few along the inaccessible northeast coast of the island were searched for. Part of this recovery was performed by the geodetic party located on the island. All station searched for were listed on Form 526 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Office. A complete list of all stations reported lost on Form 526 would have to be obtained from the Honolulu District Officer or the Division of Geodesy. No stations that were listed as lost were identified for use in the plot.

(g) The quality of identification of each station or substitute station has been indicated on the control station identification card. None of the identification was considered to be sub-standard.

4. VERTICAL CONTROL

The only vertical control requirement was the recovery of all tidal bench marks in the project area and identification of one mark in each of the groups.

All tidal bench marks listed at Pukoo, Kamalo, Maunakakai, and Kolo were searched for. A total of 18 bench marks were searched for. All marks were listed on Form 695 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer.
A total of 13 U. S. Geological Survey bench marks were searched for. These marks were used in conjunction with the tellurometer traverse work on the island for use in determining the elevation of landmarks. All marks were listed on Form 625 which was submitted to the Honolulu District Officer.

5. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE

Contours not applicable

Drainage is self evident on the photographs. All streams except for a few in the larger valleys of the northeast coast and near the east end of the south coast are intermittent. During the wet season there are dozens of waterfalls cascading from the tops of the cliffs and rims of the valleys of the northeast coast. Marsh areas have been indicated on the field photographs.

6. VEGETATION COVER

The mountainous areas of the northeast part of the island is covered with a dense growth of native ferns and hardwoods. A large stand of planted softwoods is located along the top of the pali in the north central part of the island. Koaue trees which were introduced to the island about 100 years ago cover most of the remainder of the island except for the cultivated areas. Along the mud flats of the south coast there are scattered stands of introduced Mangrove trees.

7. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE FEATURES

(a) The mean high water line was indicated on the photographs. Along some sections of the northeast coast the shoreline was obscured due to the shadows created on the photographs from the almost vertical cliffs. In some areas of the south coast the shoreline was partially obscured by low overhanging Koaue trees. In most cases this overhang was less than 10 meters and the approximate correct location was indicated on the photographs. Also along the south coast there are scattered stands of Mangrove trees. In these areas the mean high water line was indicated as apparent shoreline.

The shoreline along the north, east, and small areas of the west and southwest coast contain many areas of alongshore rocks, projecting reefs and ledges, and almost vertical cliffs. These features combined with a normally heavy surf breaking along the shore tend to confuse the location of the mean high water line on the photographs.

Where possible especially along the beach areas and the more accessible sections of the coast the location of the mean high water line was determined by measurements to near by objects.
(b) The low water line was not indicated on the photographs.

(c) Where possible the character of the foreshore was indicated on the photographs.

(d) The north, east, and sections of the west and southwest coast is bordered by rocky cliffs. In some cases these cliffs are over 2000 feet high. Along most of the south coast, sections of the west coast, and the Hoomolani area the land has a more gradual slope with a small relatively flat area adjacent to the coast.

(e) The only unnatural features to be found in the project area were located at Kaluapapa, Kanalo, Kaunakakai, Kolo, and Halealono. All information regarding these features was indicated on the field photographs.

(f) Not applicable

(g) Along the south shore there are the remains of many fishponds. The stone walls for some of these have been completely leveled and for most of the others large sections of the walls have been leveled. The location of these fishponds is apparent on the photographs.

8. OFFSHORE FEATURES

Offshore rocks are located along many areas of the north, east, and sections of the west and southwest coast. Most of these rocks that are visible on the photographs are adjacent to the shore. In these areas it is probable that there are many rocks that are not visible on the photographs but are close enough to the surface of the water to consider the foreshore as being foul with submerged rocks. The height of many of the rocks along the shore were estimated at the time the shoreline was inspected.

A reef about 0.5 to 1.0 mile offshore is located along most of the south coast. Between the reef and the shore there are scattered areas of sand and many coral heads that project at low water.

9. LANDMARKS AND AIDS

(a) All charted landmarks were investigated by the field party. A total of 13 old landmarks were deleted from the charts and four old landmarks were retained. A total of 11 new landmarks were selected for charting. The old landmarks which were to be deleted were indicated on the sections of the charts on which they appeared. These sections of the charts will be submitted with the field records. All old landmarks that were retained and the new landmarks selected for charting were listed on Form 567, and the elevation for each landmark was determined by the field party.

(b) No interior landmarks were selected for charting.
(c) The geographic positions for the following charted aeronautical aids was determined by traverse or triangulation during the 1962 field season.

Holokai, Airport Beacon
Waikamoi, Aero Beacon Red Light
Waikura, Aero Beacon, Red Light
Kualapuu, Aero Beacon, Red Light

The geographic position of one new aeronautical aid selected for charting was determined during the 1962 field season.

Holokai VOR (ZKK)

All aeronautical aids to be charted were listed on Form 567 and the elevation for each aid was determined by the field party.

(d) The geographic positions of the following list of aids to navigation was determined by the field party during the 1962 season.
Holokai Lighthouse
Lanai Pt. Light
Ilio Pt., Coast Guard Loren Mast
Kunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Front Light
Kunakakai Harbor, Entrance Range, Rear Light

All nautical aids to be charted were listed on Form 567 and the elevation for each aid was determined by the field party.

(e) Not applicable

10. BOUNDARIES, MONUMENTS, AND LINES

Not applicable

11. OTHER CONTROL

No recoverable topographic stations were established.

In all areas where identifiable objects could be found photo hydro sites were selected. In some cases it will be necessary to locate a more suitable location for the hydrographic signals from the selected photo hydro sites.

12. OTHER INTERIOR FEATURES

All roads in the project area were classified on the field photographs in compliance with the project instructions.
All public buildings with their function was indicated on the field photographs.

The main airport serving the island is located south of the Hoolehua Homestead area in the central section of the island. A small airport for use by small aircraft is located on the Makalua Peninsula. A small private airstrip is located at Kaelolon near the southwest end of the island.

No bridges or overhead cable crossings over navigable water are located in the project area. There are no submerged cables connecting the island with other areas.

13. GEOGRAPHIC NOTES

Not Applicable

Approved:  
OCT 30 1962  
H.L. Seaborg  
Capt., C & G S  
Honolulu District Officer

Respectfully submitted:  
Leonard F. Van Scy  
Supervisory Survey Technician  
Unit Chief, C & G S
Aerotriangulation Report  
MOLOKAI Island, Hawaii  
Project PH-5201  
July 1952

Aera Covered

This report discusses the results of aerotriangulation of three strips of photographs on the southeast portion of Molokai Island. It covers shoreline surveys T-11828 (in part) at 1:10,000 scale, T-11953 (in part) at 1:10,000 scale, T-11959 at 1:5000 scale, T-11960 at 1:10,000 scale, T-11961 thru T-11964 at 1:5000 scale and T-11965 at 1:10,000 scale. Other parts of this project will be covered by subsequent reports.

Method

The three strips were done by stereoplanigraph and furnish sufficient pass points for compilation of shoreline details by Kelsh instruments. Strip #3 coordinates were computed by a linear transformation using the Clary Computer. Strip #1 and #2 were computed by the IBM-650 Computer. Although two stations did not hold in the adjustment for Strip #2 (See Item 25 below), the adjustment for all strips is believed to be satisfactory for the required accuracy of these surveys. This is based on the closures to other stations and the ties between strips. (See appended sketch)

23. Adequacy of Control

With exceptions below, control was adequate and complied with project instructions.

Advance field positions for Stations HALEAHI, 1962 and RAYKAMI, 1962 were used. Both indicated a similar error in X-coordinates. Inconsistencies were detected in directions furnished by the field party which could account for these discrepancies. Positions affected in Strip #2 should be verified after the receipt of final positions.

24. Supplemental Data

None.

25. Photography

Adequate for aerotriangulation.

Submitted by:

Everett H. Ramey  
Chief, Aerotriangulation Section
Island of Molokai, Hawaii

Photographs 61-W-715 thru 61-W-733 taken 23 Sep 61

Haleali, 1962 Sub B (X:5.1, Y:0.9)
Sub A (X:7.5, Y:5.0)

Oniu, 1915 (X:2.0, Y:0)

Puu Papai Sub A (X:4.2, Y:0)

Raykama, 1991 Sub B (X:8.6, Y:6.0)
Sub A (X:11.2, Y:4.0)

Sub 9 (X:-2.0, Y:2.7)
Sub A (X:0.0, Y:0.0)

Horizontal control used in adjustment

6 July 1982
Island of Molokai, Hawaii

Strip 3

Photographs 61-W-776 thru 61-W-980 taken 24 Sep 61

LUPEHU LIL

Sub Pt. B (0, 0)
Sub Pt. A (+3.1, -0.7)

Tie Pt. to Strip 1 - 87330
(+1.2, -1.5)

76000

77000

78000

79000

86310 - Tie Pt. to Strip 1
(-3.5, -0.2)

Sub Pt. A (+3.1, +4.2)

79000

Sub Pt. B (+1.0, +5.8)

19 July 1962

Sub Pt. C (+0.2, -0.5)

Sub Pt. B (0, 0)

19 JUly 1962

KAPUN RUI A.

1972
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PROJECT 21644 (FH-6291)

Preliminary Compilation Report
Surveys T-11855 thru T-11865

31. DELINEATION
   Stereoscopic instrument (Kelsh Plotter) methods were used for
   compilation with photography taken in 1961.
   Interior details are incomplete.

32. CONTROL
   The identification, density and placement of horizontal control
   was adequate.

33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA
   None

34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE
   Contours - Inapplicable
   Drainage was delineated by stereoscopic methods.

35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS
   Shoreline inspection was adequate. The highwater line was
   delineated using the reference distances from prominent objects where
   they were recorded on the field inspection photographs.
   The low water line (where shown) was delineated from office
   interpretation of the photographs.

36. OFFSHORE DETAILS
   Offshore details (reef lines, etc.) were delineated from office
   interpretation of the photographs. The color photography was used
   as an aid for compiling the offshore details.

37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS
   Landmarks and aids for surveys T-11959 thru T-11965 are reported
   on Forms 587. Copies of these forms are a part of this report.

38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS
   There are no recoverable topographic stations on this group of
   surveys.
   An incomplete copy of these surveys showing the shoreline and
   offshore details along with a set of ratio photographs with pass points
   and field identified photo-hydro signals was prepared and submitted
   for the use of the hydrographic party.
39. JUNCTIONS
Junctions for surveys T-11355 thru T-11365 are in agreement.

40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY
See Item 23 of the Aerotriangulation Report bound with this report.

46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS
Comparison was made with the following U.S.G.S. Quadrangles:

Kama'olo, Hawaii 1:24,000 Scale 1952

Halawa, Hawaii     " " "

Keunakai, Hawaii   " " "

47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS
Chart No. 4130 1:60,000 3rd Ed. 1936 Revised 6/2/58
Chart No. 4120 1:60,000 1st Ed. 1942 Revised 8/1/60
Chart No. 4121 1:5,000 1st Ed. 1928 Revised 9/17/57

Items to be applied to Nautical Charts immediately: None
Items to be carried forward: None

Respectfully submitted,
22 January 1964

Donald W. Brant
Carto. (Photo.)

Approved and Forwarded

Miller J. Tenkel
CDR. C. & G.-S.
Baltimore District Office
September 11, 1970

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-6201 (Molokai Island, Hawaii)

T-11963

Kalohi Channel
Kaluaaha (village)
Kaopeahina Fishpond
Niaupala Fishpond
Pipio Fishpond
Pukoo Fishpond
Pukoo Harbor
Ualapue Fishpond
Molokai

Approved by: 

A. Joseph Wraight
Chief Geographer

Prepared by:

Frank W. Pickett
Cartographic Technician
<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1. PROJECTION AND GRIDS</th>
<th>2. TITLE</th>
<th>3. MANUSCRIPT NUMBERS</th>
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**CONTROL STATIONS**

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<tr>
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<th>5. HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS OF THIRD-ORDER OR HIGHER ACCURACY</th>
<th>6. RECOVERABLE HORIZONTAL STATIONS OF LESS THAN THIRD-ORDER ACCURACY (Topographic stations)</th>
<th>7. PHOTO HYDRO STATIONS</th>
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**ALONGSHORE AREAS (Nautical Chart Data)**

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<th></th>
<th>12. SHORELINE</th>
<th>13. LOW-WATER LINE</th>
<th>14. ROCKS, SHOALS, ETC.</th>
<th>15. BRIDGES</th>
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**PHYSICAL FEATURES**

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<th>16. AIDS TO NAVIGATION</th>
<th>17. LANDMARKS</th>
<th>18. OTHER ALONGSHORE PHYSICAL FEATURES</th>
<th>19. OTHER ALONGSHORE CULTURAL FEATURES</th>
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**WATER FEATURES**

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<th>20. WATER FEATURES</th>
<th>21. NATURAL GROUND COVER</th>
<th>22. PLANETABLE CONTOURS</th>
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**CATEGORICAL FEATURES**

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<th>23. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT CONTOURS</th>
<th>24. CONTOURS IN GENERAL</th>
<th>25. SPOT ELEVATIONS</th>
<th>26. OTHER PHYSICAL FEATURES</th>
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**BOUNDARIES**

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<th>27. ROADS</th>
<th>28. BUILDINGS</th>
<th>29. RAILROADS</th>
<th>30. OTHER CULTURAL FEATURES</th>
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**MISCELLANEOUS**

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<th>31. BOUNDARY LINES</th>
<th>32. PUBLIC LAND LINES</th>
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**DISCREPANCY OVERLAY**

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<th>36. DISCREPANCY OVERLAY</th>
<th>37. DESCRIPTIVE REPORT</th>
<th>38. FIELD INSPECTION PHOTOGRAPHS</th>
<th>39. FORMS</th>
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**REVIEWER**

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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D.M. Brant</td>
<td>Joseph Steinberg</td>
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**REMARKS (See attached sheet)**

**FIELD COMPLETION ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPT**

42. Additions and corrections furnished by the field completion survey have been applied to the manuscript. The manuscript is now complete except as noted under item 43.

**COMPLIER**

**SUPERVISOR**

**REMARKS**

43. REMARKS
61. **GENERAL STATEMENT:**

See Summary, which is page 6 of the Descriptive Report.

62. **COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS:**

Comparison was made with copies of registered surveys No. 4112, 1:5,000 scale, dated April 1925 and No. 3531, 1:20,000 scale, dated 1915. The passage of time has made those surveys obsolete. They are superseded by T-11963 for nautical chart construction purposes.

63. **COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES:**

Comparison was made with U.S.G.S. KAMALO and HALAWA, HAWAII, quadrangles. These are 1:24,000 scale surveys, 1952 editions. The surveys are in good general agreement, no major conflicts were noted during final review.

64. **COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS:**

Comparison was made with a copy of boat sheet H-8829, PF-5-2-65. It was noted that sounding lines penetrate the coral reef area to the west of Pukoo Harbor. As the coral area as delineated on T-11963 appears to be depictive of the entire area it was not changed during final review.

65. **COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:**

Comparison was made with charts 4121, 6th edition, September 30, 1968 and 4130, 6th edition, February 10, 1969. The charts and survey T-11963 are in good general agreement except for the limits of the reef area on the west side of Pukoo Harbor. This has been noted on the comparison print in red.
66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS:

This survey complies with instructions and meets the National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Reviewed by:
Leo F. Beugnet
Leo F. Beugnet
Cartographer

Approved by:
Allen L. Powell, RADM, NOAA
Director, Atlantic Marine Center

Approved by:
Chief, Photogrammetric Branch  Chief, Photogrammetry Division
I recommend that the following objects which have been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks be charted on the charts indicated.

The positions given have been checked after listing by Donald M. Brant

Molokai Island, Hawaii 25 Jan. 1963

Miller J. Tonkel, Chief of Party

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STATE</th>
<th>CHARTING NAME</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>CHARTING NAME</th>
<th>SIGNAL NAME</th>
<th>LATITUDE</th>
<th>LONGITUDE</th>
<th>DATUM</th>
<th>METHOD OF LOCATION AND SURVEY NO.</th>
<th>DATE OF LOCATION</th>
<th>HARBOUR CHART</th>
<th>HARBOR CHART</th>
<th>FISHERY CHART</th>
<th>CHARTS AFFECTED</th>
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<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>CH SPIRE (KALUAHA CHURCH) HT 76 (103)</td>
<td>21 04 156 19 6740</td>
<td>Hawaiian triangle</td>
<td>May</td>
<td>May 1925</td>
<td>416</td>
<td>403</td>
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This form shall be prepared in accordance with Hydrographic Manual, pages 800 to 804. Positions of charted landmarks and nonfloating aids to navigation, if redetermined, shall be reported on this form. The data should be considered for the charts of the area and not by individual field survey sheets. Information under each column heading should be given.