NOAA FORM 76-35

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Shoreline Job No. PH-6013 Map No. T-12025 Classification No. Final Map Edition No. 1						
LOCALITY						
State						
Cook Inlet General Locality Kalgin Island to Anchorage						
Locality McArthur River, South of						
2006						
1966 TO 1975 .						
REGISTRY IN ARCHIVES						
DATE						

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1974-762-901

NOAA FORM 76-36A U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			7 1000¢
NOAA FORM 76-36A U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (3-72) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN	TYPE OF SURVEY	SURVEY]	tr-T-12025
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DESCRIPTIVE REPORT - DATA RECORD	☐ RESURVEY	MAP CLASS	Final Map
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OFFICER-IN-CHARGE	RESURVEY	SURVEY D	ATES:
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Jeffrey G. Carlen, Cdr.	<u> </u>		
1. INSTRUCTIONS DATED 1. OFFICE	T	FIELD	
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Aerotriangulation 9/15/6 Compilation, Supplement 5 3/20/73	Field Supplement 1		8/8/8
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Compilation, Amend. 2 to Supp. 5 1/31/74			
II. DATUMS			
I. HORIZONTAL: X 1927 NORTH AMERICAN	OTHER (Specify)		
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2. VERTICAL: MEAN LOW-WATER MEAN LOWER LOW-WATER			
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3. MAP PROJECTION	4.	GRID(S)	
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5. SCALE	STATE	ZONE	
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	NAME		DATE .
OPERATIONS 1. AEROTRIANGULATION BY	P. Hawkins		4/67
METHOD: Stereoplanigraph Landmarks and alds by	1 • 11dWK1115		4/6/
2. CONTROL AND BRIDGE POINTS PLOTTED BY	L. O. Neterer,	Jr.	11/73
METHOD: CHECKED BY	C. Blood	<u> </u>	11/73
3. STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENT PLANIMETRY BY	L. O. Neterer,	Jr.	11/73
COMPILATION CHECKED BY	R. R. White		11/73
INSTRUMENT: CONTOURS BY	NA		
SCALE: 1:20,000 CHECKED BY	NA NA		
4. MANUSCRIPT DELINEATION PLANIMETRY BY	F. R. Gustafson		11/73
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scale: 1:20,000 HYDRO SUPPORT DATA BY	F. R. Gustafson		11/73
CHECKED BY	L. O. Neterer,		12/73
5. OFFICE INSPECTION PRIOR TO FIELD EDIT BY	L. O. Neterer,	Jr.	12/73
6. APPLICATION OF FIELD EDIT DATA CHECKED BY	D. Butler A. C. Rauck. Jr		1/77
7. COMPILATION SECTION REVIEW BY	A. C. Rauck, Jr		1/77
8. FINAL REVIEW BY	J. Byrd/C. Bloo		7/86
9. DATA FORWARDED TO PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY	J. Byrd	_ 	9/86
10. DATA EXAMINED IN PHOTOGRAMMETRIC BRANCH BY	P. Dampsey		Oct. 1986
11. MAP REGISTERED - COASTAL SURVEY SECTION BY	EL. DAUGHERTY		D . 27

SUPERSEDES FORM C&GS 181 SERIES

NOAA FORM 76-36 A

^{*} U.S. G.P.O. 1972-769382/582 REG.#6

NOAA FORM 76-36B						ATIONAL OCE				OF COMMERCE
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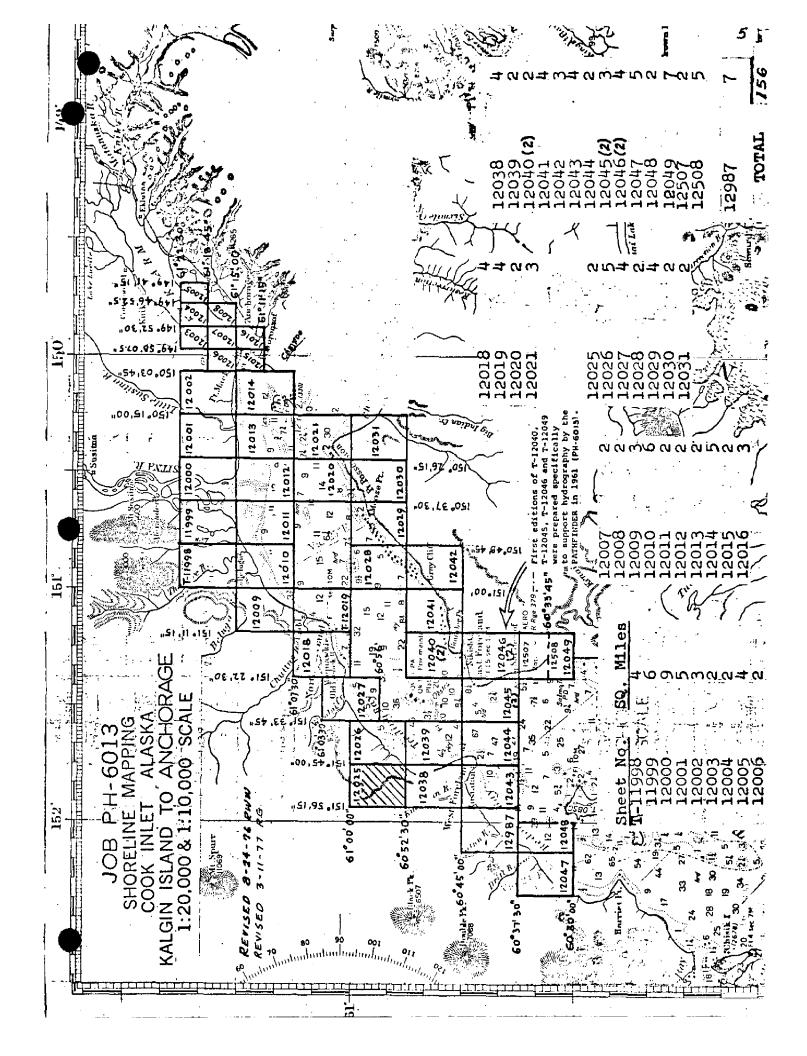
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	RECOVERED (Triangulation Stations) BY	None		
LANDMARKS AND	LOCATED (Field Methods) BY	None		
AIDS TO NAVIGATION	IDENTIFIED BY	None		
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NOAA FORM 76-36D U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION (3-72)T-12025 RECORD OF SURVEY USE I. MANUSCRIPT COPIES COMPILATION STAGES DATE MANUSCRIPT FORWARDED DATA COMPILED DATE REMARKS MARINE CHARTS HYDRO SUPPORT 11/73 Compilation complete, Class III manuscript None 4/74 Carlotte ... pending field edit. 1/77 Class I manuscript 2/11/77 Verification of shore-2/11/77 line not possible by editor. No additional edit required. Compilation complete. Final Review 7/86 Final Map II. LANDMARKS AND AIDS TO NAVIGATION 1. REPORTS TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, NAUTICAL DATA BRANCH CHART LETTER DATE NUMBER REMARKS NUMBER ASSIGNED FORWARDED 2. REPORT TO MARINE CHART DIVISION, COAST PILOT BRANCH. DATE FORWARDED: 3. TREPORT TO AERONAUTICAL CHART DIVISION, AERONAUTICAL DATA SECTION. DATE FORWARDED: III. FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER DATA 1. [X] BRIDGING PHOTOGRAPHS; [X] DUPLICATE BRIDGING REPORT; [X] COMPUTER READOUTS. 2. CONTROL STATION IDENTIFICATION CARDS; FORM NOS 567 SUBMITTED BY FIELD PARTIES. 3. [X] SOURCE DATA (except for Geographic Names Report) AS LISTED IN SECTION II, NOAA FORM 76-36C. ACCOUNT FOR EXCEPTIONS:

4. DA	4. DATA TO FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER. DATE FORWARDED:							
IV. SURVEY	EDITIONS (This section shall b	e completed each time a new m	spedition is a	registered)				
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SUMMARY TO ACCOMPANY DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

T-12025

This 1:20,000 scale Final shoreline map is one of 44 maps designated as project PH-6013 Cook Inlet, Kalgin Island to Anchorage, Alaska.

The purpose of this map was to provide contemporary shoreline in support of hydrographic operations and to aid in chart revision.

Field work prior to compilation in the 1961 field season consisted of recovery of horizontal control and limited field inspection. Field work in 1966 consisted of premarking of horizontal control for future aerotriangulation.

This area was photographed in August 1966 with the RC-8 "L" camera using panchromatic film at 1:40,000 scale.

Aerotriangulation was performed in the Washington office in April 1967.

This map was compiled at the Norfolk office in December 1973.

Field edit was performed for T-12025 during the 1975 field season. Field edit data was applied at AMC in January 1977.

Final review was performed at the Atlantic Marine Center in July 1986.

This Descriptive Report contains all pertinent information used to compile this Final Map. The original base manuscript and all related data were forwarded to the Washington Science Center for final registration.

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

COOK INLET, ALASKA

PROJECT SP-1-61 1961

USC&GS Ship PATHFINDER

Arthur L. Wardwell, CAPT., Comdg.

MANUSCRIPTS:-

12049, 12046, 12045, 12040, 12031, 12032, 12026, 12027, 12028, 12020, 12021, 12022, 12017, 12015, 12016, 12014, 12013, 12008, 12007, 12006, 12003, 12004, 12005, 12002, 12001, 12000, 12012, 11999, 12011, 11998, 12010, 12009, 12019, 12018, 12023, 12025, 12024, 12029, 12030, 12035, 12034, 12033, 12037, 12036

AERIAL FIELD INSPECTION:-

Areas inspected were as follows: Manuscripts No. 12049, 12046, 12045, 12040, Kenai to Boulder Point, all shoreline and alongshore features Balance of above listed manuscripts were used only for horizontal control identification.

The area is primarily moderately timbered with spruce, fir, alder and bear claw above the mean high water line. Shoreline varies from fine black silt at the mouth of the Kenai River mouth to large fragmented boulders at Boulder Point. Most of the beachline is sand and shingle inter spersed with boulders of varying sizes. Numerous underground springs and some small creeks discharge small quantities of silt and water and are subject to constant change.

The area was inspected by cruising alongshore by launch and by walking the beach and bluff line. Foul areas now indicated on Chart No. 8553 are adequate. Two primary foul areas were noted as follows:

Kenai River Mouth

East Foreland to Moose Point

Quality of photographs was excellent. Areas of shadow were limited to the shoreline east of East Foreland and upper Knik Arm. No attempt was made to sketch in the mean high water line. Enough open areas in shadowed areas are available to adequately delineate mean high water line.

HORIZONTAL CONTROL:-

Four additional second-order triangulation stations were established between Kenai and East Foreland to supplement existing control in the area of hydrography. They were identified as follows:

AUDRY 1961 Manuscript No. 12049 Photo No. 1397
LOUISE 1961 " " 12049 " " 1402
BOO 1961 " " 12045 " " 1420
HELEN 1961 Traverse from East Foreland Light 1960.

Additional horizontal control recovery was made in upper Cook Inlet in accordance with project instructions. All stations were searched for and approximately 75 percent were recovered. Most of the stations not recovered are considered lost. It is recommended that the next vessel assigned to this project be given a Tellurometer. Simple traverse between recovered triangulation stations would adequately control presently un-controlled flight lines.

In many cases the listed triangulation station was not recovered and a U.S. Engineers' triangulation station was used as a substitute. It appears that the U.S. Engineers could not recover listed C&GS control and substituted their own stations.

Great assistance was rendered by the 5040 Air Transport Squadron at Elmendorf AFB in furnishing heliocopter service. Three days of flying enabled personnel to cover shoreline control stations over the greater part of upper Cook Inlet.

If additional control is required in the vicinity of Elmendorf AFB, use can be made of triangulation now being observed by a C&GS geodetic party. Triangulation station DORF 1961 (in the vicinity of LOOP 2) is to be set in the roof of a building on the base. By use of the description written by the observing party, an accurate office identification can be made.

Triangulation not plotted on the Photo Index was identified where it was on photographs. This control was established by G.W.M. in 1959 and H.G.C. in 1960.

VERTICAL CONTROL: -

None recovered or established.

CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE:-

No contouring was attempted.

Primary drainage features are the Kenai, Matanuska, Little Susitna, Susitna, Beluga, Kustitan, and Drift Rivers. Tidal sweep keeps some of the rivers from building up deltaic features. An extremely flat foreshore on the Matanuska, Little Susitna, Susitna and Beluga rivers give rise to wide deltas that change seasonally. Many small streams discharge around Cook Inlet but have no apparent seasonal change.

WOODLAND COVER:-

The major portion of the area is wooded and interspersed with muskeg and open grassy areas. These are easily identifiable on the photographs. In areas of increasing cultural activity, the woodland oover is being removed. No attempt was made to indicate these areas.

SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE FEATURES:-

The mean high water line is adequately delineated on manuscripts 12049, 12046, 12045, 12040. In the area of photo hydro signals IVY and EGG, east of East Foreland, the mean high water line is as follows:

IVY 30 meters inside MAW EGG on piles at MAW

Most of the shoreline signals are located at MHW along the beach. Many of the fishing huts set on piles at the base of the bluff were used as signals.

No attempt was made to delineate the low water line. Hydrography in the area should be satisfactory.

The foreshore area is primarily sand, small stones and boulders. The normal gradiation from stones at NHW to sand at MIW exists in all areas, except south of the Kenai River. In this area a heavy layer of silt is found in the tide zone.

OFFSHORE FEATURES:-

All offshore features are located by the hydrographer.

LANDMARKS AND AIDS:-

There are two fixed aids to navigation within the limits of the hydrographic project:

EAST FORELAND LIGHT

KENAI RIVER ENTRANCE RANGE

Both are located on Chart No. 8553.

One floating aid is also located on Chart No. 8553. Another can buoy is maintained by the oil company and is located just north of the pier.

One landmark for charts is recommended in the Descriptive Report for SP-1-61. This landmark is identified as follows:

KENAI TANK 1959, located by G.W.M. and identified on Photo No. 60/1400.

BOUNDARIES, MONUMENTS AND LINES:-

None shown.

OTHER CONTROL:-

Photo hydro signals were located in accordance with standard instructions. Signal IVY was found in error and relocated photogrammentrically, then verified by hydrographic cuts. Final location is shown on manuscript 12045.

Final location of photo hydro signals will remain in their relative position with the shoreline. Final compilation will cause a datum shift which will move both hydrography and signals the same relative amount.

DATUM DIFFERENCES:-

Radial plotting of photo identified control stations was made in the field. The following discrepancies were noted between plot positions and geographic positions.

EAST FORELAND LIGHT 1960	Lat.	-13.8 meters
	Long.	-75.4 meters
BOULDER (USE)	Lat.	-37.0 meters
	Long.	-45.2 meters
KENAI CHURCH STEEPLE 1909	Lat.	-15.3 meters
	Long.	-23.6 meters

CULTURAL FEATURES:-

Numerous fishing shacks are located along high water line in the area of hydrography. These huts are subject to damage by winter storms and are in a constant state of transition. No attempt was made to locate current huts.

The Nikiski Oil Pier was under construction at the time of photography. The completed dimensions are available from a blueprint of the structure submitted with descriptive report for Project SP-1-61.

· Respectfully submitted,

Robert E. Williams, Lieut. Comdr., C&GS

Gerald C. Saladin LTJG, C&GS

Arthu J. Wardwell

Arthur L, Wardwell, Captain, C&GS

Comdg., Ship PATHFINDER

April 13, 1967

21. Area Covered

The area covered by this report extends from the Redoubt Bay-East Foreland area to Anchorage, Alaska. Included in this area are T-sheets 11998 thru 12001, 12009 thru 12012, 12018, 12019, 12021, 12025 thru 12030, 12038, 12039, 12042 thru 12044, 12047, 12048 and 12987.

22. Method

Five strips were bridged on the C-8 and C-5 stereoplanigraph. Strip #1 (66-L-6602 thru 6623) was adjusted on four triangulation stations with tie points used as checks. Strip #2 (66-L-6629 thru 6634) was adjusted on two triangulation stations plus tie points from Strip #1. Strip #3 (66-L-6641 thru 6653) was adjusted on three triangulation stations plus ties. Strip #4 (66-L-6667 thru 6677) was adjusted on three triangulation stations plus 6725) was adjusted on three triangulation stations.

23. Adequacy of Control

The control, being premarked, was very good insofar as being able to see it clearly; however, in several cases, the 1:40,000 scale photography completely missed the stations. It should be noted that all strips were adjusted with minimum control, and as such, no positive proof can be provided that the adjustments are correct other than by means of tie points and residuals of adjustment. The tie points and residuals do indicate a good adjustment on all strips. Strip #4 had to be terminated at station SIT 1966 due to lack of control beyond this point. (Port McKenzie could not be seen on the 1:40,000 scale photography.) Attempts were made to provide a tie point for the terminal station on the east end of this strip by bridging three models south of Anchorage, dropping points onto Strip #4. This met with complete failure. Strip #6 had to be terminated on the southern end at station GRAY CLIFF 1909 since the station at East Foreland was not covered by the 1:40,000 scale photography.

24. Supplemental Data

Local USGS quads were used to provide vertical control used in the bridging adjustment.

The coverage of 1966 photography falls short of being sufficient to show the shallow mud areas which are near lower-low water level in the area of the Susitna River Delta. To provide for the delineation of the limiting line of this feature, scale points have been selected which are common to 61% photography which does show the limiting line. Ratios of these photographs will be provided for the graphic delineation of the limiting line only. The compiler should select whatever additional points are necessary for correct delineation. A holiday exists on some of the shoreline along Strip #9. A flight of 60% photography provides coverage and three ratio photos were provided for compilation of this area.

All points on the bridged plates were drilled by PUG methods. Plate 66-L-6719 was broken after bridging. A new plate was provided but it does not contain any drilled points. It is suggested that the models on either side be compiled and pass points be dropped on this plate for compilation.

25. Photography

Photography was adequate as to definition and overlap but was not adequate as to coverage. The 1:40,000 scale photos did not cover either the shoreline or the marked control on the east end of Strip #4 or the southwest end of Strip #9. A portion of the shoreline along the part of Strip #9 which was bridged also lacks coverage.

Submitted by: Rest Kesseking

Paul Hawkins

Approved by:

John D. Perrow, Jr.

COMPILATION REPORT

T-12025

31. DELINATION:

Delineation was by the Wild B-8 stereoplotter, using 1:40,000 scale panchromatic photographs. Photography was adequate.

32. CONTROL:

See Photogrammetric Plot Report dated April 13, 1967.

33. SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:

None.

34. CONTOURS AND DRAINAGE:

Contours are inapplicable.

Drainage was delineated by the Wild B-8 stereoplotter and by office interpretation of the photographs.

35. SHORELINE AND ALONGSHORE DETAILS:

Alongshore details were delineated by the Wild B-8 stereoplotter and by office interpretation of the photographs.

The Mean High Water Line was delineated from the photographs.

36. OFFSHORE DETAILS:

There are no offshore details.

37. LANDMARKS AND AIDS:

No charted landmarks or aids were located during compilation.

38. CONTROL FOR FUTURE SURVEYS:

None.

39. JUNCTIONS:

See the attached Form 76-36B, Item #5 of the Descriptive Report, concerning junctions.

40. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ACCURACY:

No statement.

46. COMPARISON WITH EXISTING MAPS:

A comparison has been made with the following USGS Quadrangle: KENAI (D-5), ALASKA, scale 1:63,360, dated 1958.

47. COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS:

A comparison has been made with the following USC&GS Chart: No. 8553, scale 1:194,154, 7th Edition, May 17, 1965.

ITEMS TO BE APPLIED TO NAUTICAL CHARTS IMMEDIATELY:

None.

ITEMS TO BE CARRIED FORWARD:

None.

Submitted by:

F. R. Gustafson Cartographic Aid November 27, 1973

albert C. Rauck. Ju FOR

Approved:

Albert C. Rauck, Jr.

Chief, Coastal Mapping Section

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GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FINAL NAME SHEET

PH-6013 (Cook Inlet)

T-12025

Bunitlana Lake

Chakachatna River

Cook Inlet

Kustatan Ridge

Kustatan River

McArthur Flats

McArthur River

Trading Bay

Approved by:

A. J. Wraight Chief Geographer

Prepared by:

Frank W. Pickett Cartographic Technician

FIELD EDIT REPORT

OPR-469-RA-1975

UPPER COOK INLET, TRADING BAY

ALASKA

T-12018 thru T-12019 T-12025 thru T-12027 T-12038

NOAA Ship RAINLER

CDR. Charles K. Townsend

Commanding

INTRODUCTION

The field edit of the Alaskan project, OPR-469-RA-75, Trading Bay, Upper Cook Inlet, was started on June 10, 1975 (J.D. 161) and completed on July 24, 1975 (J.D. 205). The manuscripts had been compiled without field inspection prior to compilation, therefore a complete and thorough field edit was done in the areas that were investigated. Work was carried out on shore and water.

Field edit began at North Foreland and continued southwest to the western edge of Trading Bay. All deletions, additions and corrections to be applied to the manuscripts appear on the T-sheets. All questions on the field edit ozalids were answered on the T-sheets. The T-sheet is an index of all field edit work performed. All field edit notes on the T-sheets which are in violet ink, are verified. Those in red ink are changes. The smooth boatsheets are also master indexes of field work accomplished. All notes on the boatsheets that are in black ink are verified, those in red ink are changes, blue ink signifies features that were not verified. Most of the field edit for this survey was accomplished by hydrographic methods due to the poor quality of the photographs for this area.

Height data on all rocks were estimated; plus or minus one foot. Times were referenced to 0° Longitude.

ADEQUACY OF COMPILATION

The compilation of the manuscripts was adequate and complete.

Compilation of the MMML was excellent where it was possible to verify.

The MLLW line agreed extremely well with hydrography. There are a few minor discrepancies due to resent construction, these are noted in the Shoreline Summaries. All rocks and offshore features are labeled on the T-sheets.

POSITION CONTROL

In many areas of Cook Inlet, such as Granite Point, it is impossible to verify rocks which are on the manuscripts or newly descovered ones, due to the abundance of rocks, without D.P.'s on each rock. Therefore the field edit in this survey received permission (refer to Correspondence in the Separates following the text) and made use of the super-high frequency (SNF) Motorola Mini-Ranger III (range-range system) for position control on detached positions.

The system worked satisfactorily during the survey. Mini-Ranger stations were established on existing (BOULDER, 1909) or newly established triangulation stations of third order precision, (BRUCE, GRANITE, KING.) Stations BRUCE, GRANITE, and KING were traversed (closed) with T-2 Theodolites and with a CA-1000 Tellurometer. Refer to the Morizontal Control Report, OPR-469-RA-75, for specific procedures used in establishing these stations.

Daily calibration of the Mini-Ranger system was accomplished by using three-point sextant fixes or by static calibrations which were taken next to pilings 3, 4, and 5 (stations 123, 124, 125) at the North Foreland pier. Use of a signal strength indicator along with the daily calibrations, reaffirmed baseline calibration correctors, which were used as the correctors for the electronic hydro positioning tapes throughout the survey. Refer to the Electronic Control Report, OPR-469-RA-75, for specifics on the Mini-Ranger III system.

The Mini-Ranger console, serial number 720, and Receiver/
Transmitter unit, s/n 727, connected to a 24 volt system were arranged
in a tin skiff (RAINIER skiff 2128), making it possible to take
D.P.'s next to the rocks.

Each D.P. contains a fix and a check fix by using Mini-Ranger rates, Mini-Ranger and sextant, or three point sextant fixes. Each D.P. was processed by using the PDP 8/e computor and complot system on board the RAINIER, (s/n 1015, DP-3 5445-7 respectfully.) Program AM 602 was used to produce master tapes and corrector tapes from information in the sounding volume, while RK 211, 212, 214 & 215 were used to plot the data on the boatsheets. Each D.P. was plotted twice, once using the fix information, and the check fix was used to confirm the position. A few descrepancies were found due to Mini-Ranger busts or misidentified signals. These were resolved by evaluating the intersection of the M/R rates, comparison of the positions to other rocks and conservative positioning. For printouts of all D.P.'s refer to the Separates following the text.

All final positions were plotted on a field edit boatsheet and then transferred to the master index T-sheet and smooth boatsheets.

The final positions on the RA-20-3B-75 boatsheet (field edit sheet), range from #28 thru #164. These correspond to positions #8028 to #8164 in the sounding volume. Only those D.P.'s which were not

duplicates of themselves nor duplicates of manuscript rocks, were kept and are listed in the Separates following the text.

SHORELINE SUMMARIES

T-12019

Field edit for OPR-469-RA-75 began at North Foreland, 61° 02' 58"N, 151° 09' 33"W. The area southwest of there was field edited and verified, everything northeast of this point was not.

The bluff at North Foreland has been cut away (61° 02' 54"N, 151° 09' 55"W to 61° 02' 43"N, 151° 10' 43"W) and this is now the site of the Tyonek Timber Company. A large company pier is being constructed as shown on the T-sheet. The shape and length of the pier was determined by positions obtained for the supporting pilings present at the time of the survey (#8007-9, 8016-18,8023-25, 8158-160.) This is the field editor's interpretation of how the pier will appear when finished. It is recommended that construction plans be obtained from the company office in Anchorage, Alaska. Six mooring bouys used with the construction, has also been plotted and it is recommended that these are not to be charted since they will probably be removed with the completion of the pier.

Due to the construction, North Foreland Light has been moved several times and it is still not permanently secured. A temporary position (61° 02' 51.616"N, 151° 09' 50.604"W) has been obtained by traverse methods, refer to the <u>Horizontal Control Report</u>, OPR-469-RA-75, for further information. However, it is recommended that the light be relocated when the construction is completed.

T-12018

The dirt road located at 61° 01' 13"N, 151° 19' 53"W, is used as an airstrip and should be charted as such. The other road at approximately 61° 02' 38"N, 151° 14' 20"W, is not an airstrip.

The possible submerged rock (#144 - boatsheet, #8144 - sounding volume), at 61° 00′ 24″N, 151° 21′ 13″W, should be charted as "sunken". Neither the depth data nor it's exact position was possible to ascertain, however there were many indications that such a hazardous rock did exist, i.e., turbulence (swirls, boils and standing waves.)

Rocks which do not contain any height and time data, were not found nor confirmed. It is possible that the rocks in the middle of Beshta Bay mud flat do exist. They were not apparent at high water, or near mid-tide, and the area was inaccessable at low water. These are only dangerous to small boats with only a foot or two of draft, but it is still recommended that they be charted to indicate that this area is foul with boulders.

T-12027

It should be noted that the settlement located at 61° 00° 50"N, 151° 24° 25"W, is known locally as Shirleyville.

The charted airstrip near the Nikolai Creek has been moved to the gravel road along the MHWL between 61° 00' 51"N, 151° 25' 54"W to 61° 00' 48"N, 151° 27' 27"W.

An oil tank farm of landmark value has been built at approximately 61° 01° 06° N, 151° 25° 11° W. The exact location was not obtained.

The MHWL has been verified northeast of 61° 00' 20"N, 151° 29' 33"W. Due to the inaccessability of the MHWL southwest of this point, caused by the extensive mud and sand flats, this area was not field edited nor were any measurements from a photo identifiable object to the MHWL taken. Field Edit Ozalid Note 2 was unable to be fullfilled. This area extends onto T-12026, T-12025 and ends on T-12038.

The foreshore area was field edited and no rocks or dangers to navigation were found.

T-12026

The shoreline on this ozalid was also not verified as that mentioned under T-12027. The foreshore area was investigated at low water, no rocks were found which could be a hazard.

There were no cabins nor buildings of any landmark value found.

T-12025

The MHWL on this T-sheet has not been field edited (note summary for T-12027.) The foreshore area is void of any hazardous rocks, investigation was completed at low water.

T-12038

The unverified MHWL continues until 60° 50' 14"N, 151° 47'
50"W. There were no rocks considered a hazard to navigation, in the foreshore area. Measurements to the MHWL were not taken.

The shoreline between 61° 50' 14"N, 151° 47' 50"W to 61° 48' 50"N, 151° 46' 45"W, was field edited. In the approximate vicinity of 61° 48' 50"N, 151° 46' 45"W, there have been new additions including an airfield, an oil tank farm, a stack and a microwave tower which are of landmark value. The exact positions of these were not obtained.

61° 48' 50"N, 151° 46' 45"W is the limit of the field edit for OPR-469-RA-75; anything south of here is unverified.

RECOMMENDATIONS

In the vicinity of East, West and North Foreland, there are thirteen oil platforms. It is recommended as an aid navigation that each individual platform's name be added to the chart, as an assistance to any vessels in the area and as an aid to navigation. (Refer to 0il Platforms in the Seperates following the text.)

It is also recommended that the stack and microwave tower on T-12038 be located as a nonfloating aid to navigation.

Throughout this survey, electronic control was used most of the time for field edit. It is recommended that this control be used in future projects for field edit needs. The electronic control made it easier to accurately plot all D.P.'s on hazards to navigation on all the rough-field boatsheets along with the smooth sheet. This method made it possible to process the acquisition of data with greater efficiency and speed, both in the field and office verification. In maintaining the guidelines set down (see Correspondence in the Separates following the text)

electronic controlled field edit has proven valuable by increasing the speed and proficiency of data acquisition and processing. This will help to decrease the amount of time that its takes to produce a new chart after the survey has been completed.

Respectfully submitted,

Kathrigh Andriese

Kathryn Andreen, Ltjg. NOAA

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

TO

FIELD EDIT REPORT

OPR-469-RA-75

UPPER COOK INLET, TRADING BAY

ALASKA

Introduction

After the submission of the Field Edit Report, OPR-469-RA-75, with the accompaning data, several questions rose concerning procedures and actual field work accomplished. With the help of this supplemental information, it is hoped that these questions will be answered.

T-12018

Field edit procedures for locating features throughout the project relied almost entirely on hydrographic methods, i.e. electronic control and visual signals. Many features, such as rocks, could not be located on the photographs. The rocks could not be distinquished from the water, since on the photos they are the same color.

The area from North Foreland to Granite Point was combed by the field editor in a small 16' tin skiff. A Mini-Ranger console was mounted to the skiff, and connected to a 24 volt battery system with the Receiver/Transmitter unit attached to a ten-foot mast.

The area was investigated for three days by the field editor.

The shoreline and foreshore area were continuously for any hazard to navigation during all phases of the tidal range. Since Cook Inlet has several days of extreme high tides (over 30 feet) and low tides (about minus five feet), it was on these days that field edit was accomplished. A detached position, i.e. the location, for each hazard was obtained during this time. (Refer to Field Edit Report, OPR-469-RA-75)

At the end of each day, two master tapes were produced to plot by computer all information received that day. One tape contained the information for the fix while the second tape was the check fix postioning. Each of the tapes was then plotted using the complot system to compare the fix and the check fix positioning of each hazard.

Any disagreement was resolved by evaluating the intersection of the M/R rates, comparison of the postion to other D.P.'s and notes kept by the field editor on the approximate location of the tin skiff at the time of each D.P.

The position for each plotted D.P. was then compared to the class III manuscript. Any D.P. position which coincided with a rock on the manuscript was considered a verified position for that rock. The height and time data for these rocks were recorded on the Field Edit Ozalid (the cronoflex master index) in violet ink. To avoid duplication between verified manuscript features and the hydrographic detached positions, these rocks and height-time data were deleted from the master electronic tapes. However, all data was still contained in the raw data, field edit, sounding volume now at PMC.

All these deleted detached positions were referred to as "Reject-Manuscript Duplicate" in the D.P. Index. (Refer to the separates following the text in the Field Edit Report, OPR-469-RA-75).

After three days, the area between North Foreland and Branite

Point had been thoroughly investigated for hazards to navigation and

positions were obtained for all of these. The rocks on the manuscript

in green ink, which do do not contain height and time data, were thoroughly

search for but not found.

New rocks (i.e. rocks not shown on the class III manuscript before field edit) were transferred by the field editor to the Field Edit

Ozalid (the cronoflex master index) because this ozalid was a complete index of all field edit work accomplished. The cronoflex ozalid (T-sheet) is used for the Field Edit Ozalid to avoid undue duplication. It is necessary to locate a hazard on the cronoflex ozalid before it can be transferred to a boatsheet or to the paper "discrepancy Print,"

To cut down the duplication from the cronoflex ozalid, to the boatsheet to the "Discrepancy Print," this film ozalid contains all field work accomplished. All questions on the "Discrepancy Print" are answered on the cronoflex ozalid. It is the field editors recommendation that a film (cronoflex) ozalid be used instead of a paper ozalid for the "Discrepancy Print" to avoid any more confusion on this matter.

All data for rocks located by hydrographic methods (electronic master tapes, daily calibrations, and raw data sounding volume) was sent to the Pacific Marine Center for verification.

T-12025, 12026, 12027, & 12038

Due to the inaccessability of the MHWL caused by extensive mud and sand flats throughout these T-sheets, it was not verified. It is the field editor's recommendation that the apparent shoreline taken from the photographs be accepted as the MHWL.

Invareas of new construction since the 1966 photographs, it is understood from CDR Simmons that revisional photography will be flown to locate features of landmark value.

T-12019, 12038

Field edit was only partial accomplished on these two T-sheets.

They represent the northern and southern boundaries for hydrography completed during the summer project. OPR-469-RA-75. Field edit on these sheets should be completed during the 1976 field season.

Respectfully submitted,

Kathum Andrain

Kathryn Andreen, Ltjg. NOAA

Forwarded

Charles K. Townsend, CDR., NOAA
Commanding

T-12018

- 1. Verification of those rocks which were not verified by the field editor, or by the hydrographer subsequent to edit is required, i.e., all rocks which have not been inked in black on the boat sheet. Included are rocks located in the middle of Beshta Bay mud flats since the range of tide is approximately 14 feet.
- 2. Copies of photogrammetric manuscripts which include field edit information should be referred to as "Field Edit Sheets" rather than "T-sheets". On future jobs, photogrammetric compilation activities have been instructed to use the designation "Discrepancy Print" rather than "Field Edit Ozalid".
- 3. New rocks (i.e. rocks which were not shown on the Class III manuscript copies furnished for field use) located by the field editor should not have been transferred to the "T-sheet" (Field Edit Sheet) from the "smooth" boat sheet", because the field records are included as a part of the hydrographic survey records. If these rocks are to be shown on the final photogrammetric map, they should be transferred from the verified hydrographic survey sheet to ensure that the two surveys reflect the same positions.
- 4. Data for computing the elevations of verified rocks (i.e., rocks shown on the Class III manuscript copies) should have been included in the hydrographic survey records so that the elevations could be computed along with the elevations of "new" rocks (the data for which was included in the hydrographic survey records). The computed elevations for "verified" rocks must be furnished to the photogrammetric compilation activity along with the field edit data changes in rock symbolization may be required.
- 5. Field edit report INTRODUCTION, heading. Red ink was used to show additions as well as corrections.

The statement "All field edit notes on the T-sheets (field edit sheets) which are in violet ink, are verified," is not clear.

Violet ink was used (1) to answer questions included on the field edit ozalids (discrepancy prints); and (2) to indicate verification of rock positions - where the information furnished by the field editor for computing rock elevations is shown in violet ink.

REVIEW REPORT T-12025

SHORELINE

61. GENERAL STATEMENT

See Summary included with this Descriptive Report.

62. COMPARISON WITH REGISTERED TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS Not applicable.

63. COMPARISON WITH MAPS OF OTHER AGENCIES

Not applicable.

64. COMPARISON WITH CONTEMPORARY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS

A comparison was made with Hydrographic Survey H-9541, 1:20,000 scale, dated August 1975.

There were no major conflicts.

COMPARISON WITH NAUTICAL CHARTS 65.

A comparison was made with the following NOS chart: 16660, scale 1:194,154, 22nd edition, May 8, 1982 16662, scale 1:100,000, 1st edition, April 9, 1983.

The listed charts compared well with this manuscript.

66. ADEQUACY OF RESULTS AND FUTURE SURVEYS

This map complies with the Project Instructions, and meets the requirements for National Standards of Map Accuracy.

Submitted by

Final Reviewer

Approved for forwarding

Billy H. Barnes

Chief, Photogrammetric Section

Approve

Chief, Photogrammetry Production Sec. Chief, Photogrammetry Branch

FORM	-	-	***
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HAUTICAL CHART DIVISION

RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY HO.

INSTRUCTIONS

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart

1. Letter all information.

2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Re-

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