Department of Commerce and Labor
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

O. H. Littmann
Superintendent.

State: California

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT.

Locality:
Between Monterey and Salinas River.

Supplementary Survey

1910

Chief of Party:
F. Westdall
No. 554. This sheet extends from \( \Delta \) Jack to Monterey Bay 3 and from the sea only an irregular series of sand dunes ranging from 100 to 150 feet high are visible. The country behind the dunes is simply a big cattle range owned by the Jacks corporation. It is covered with a little grass and short spreading bushes, which gives it a very arid look. The Monterey Branch of the S. P. follows the whole length of the sheet.

The high water line is rather indefinite owing to the movements of the sand in storms. Near the \( \Delta \) Jack a skeleton of a whale was found buried back in a sand dune, several feet above H. W. and just back of the present foot of the dunes.

The eroded dunes near the south end of the sheet have a bright yellow color and stand out very plainly.

Submitted by

C. C. Lukens, Aid
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Superintendent.

State: Mass.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT.

LOCALITY: Revere to Newbury

CHIEF OF PARTY: E.B. Latham
The revision of these sheets are shown on tracings. The new features are indicated in red, features to be omitted are indicated in blue, and the black lines are compiled from the original topographic sheets. Objects for the use of the navigator were determined from the triangulation, such as a seven-inch theodolite. Three objects and the triangulation, together with the original topographic sheets, are the control of the revision. The topography was compiled from the original sheets. Modern town maps, surveys by local engineers, and sketches and constant angles.

The contents were in the main accepted. Elevations of the more prominent hills, visible from the shore line were checked in elevation and position.

Roads and other features in the interior were taken from the old sheets, being checked only, by drawing through them and noting their correctness. When the delineation was correct from inspection they were taken from the old sheets. New features were noted and placed on the sheet by measuring, pacing, etc.
New roads were obtained either from surveys by local men or located by angles and distances from points identified on the original topographic sheets. But little time was given to these lines, and other topographic features, the disappearance of fences was noted in driving or walking over the roads. The location of houses in towns was in general omitted, and such houses as were shown to identify a locality or be of use to navigators were determined and indicated. The original topographic sheets are much distorted from shrinkage. A projection was made and the angles observed plotted on this projection and the topography from the old sheets adjusted to their objects. The placing of all the information necessary for the draughtsman to use in reduction on one sheet, and in the field, is believed to be available and these sheets are believed to satisfy the Commission. The actual Short Line has changed but little, at exposed points where the current impinges, there has been considerable change. So the entrance to Plum Island Sound and the Eastern and Western shore of Plum Island opposite (looking Romley Point) are north of Goose Island.

There is no great change in the area shown, no new main roads, have been opened. A few connecting roads and new streets have been opened as enricialy. The roads are well kept and have been graded to earn Stamps.
All railroad crossings are either bridges or protected by flumes. There are also culverts. There is a large summer colony at Pinkham Notch and smaller summer colonies on Plum Island. There are numerous hotels and summer homes throughout the area. The Boston and Maine Railroad and Electric Line offer excellent communication. The raising of apples, and dairy farming are the only major agricultural pursuits.

E. Nathan

April 18, 1912