DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Topographic

Sheet No. 6149

State: Georgia

Locality: Bastrop, Catherines Sound, Catherines Sound, Bear River

1934

Chief of Party: Herman Odessa
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

TOPOGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Topographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field Letter: B

REGISTER NO. 6149

State: Georgia

General locality: Inlet, St. Catherine's Sound

Locality: Buckhead Creek, St. Patrick's Sound

Scale: 1:10000 Date of survey: January 1934

Vessel: Gilbert

Chief of Party: C. A. Egner and Herman Odessey

Surveyed by: Robert W. Byrns and Edwin Shufle Jr.

Inked by: .................................................................

Heights in feet above ground to tops of trees none shown

Contour Approximate contour Form line interval feet

Instructions dated: December 5, 1933

Remarks: Uninked sheet transferred to party of C. A. Egner on April 7, 1934.
DATE OF INSTRUCTIONS December 5th, 1933.

CHIEF OF PARTY Herman Odessa, R. & C. Engineer, Commanding Ship GILBERT.

TOPOGRAPHER E. Shuffle, Jr. Observer.

INSTRUMENTS The standard alidade, telemeter rods, and plane table equipment were used with aluminum sheet and a special board.

PURPOSE OF SURVEY The purpose of this survey was to locate signals for hydrography on the Inland Waterway of Georgia from the Ogeechee River to Doboy Sound, and to obtain data needed to reduce aerial photographs of this area to an accurate scale.

PROCEDURE Most of the set-ups were made at triangulation stations, and the hydrographic signals cut in. At least one magnetic meridian was obtained on every sheet. No local disturbances were noticed. The bearing of all the ranges was accurately determined by obtaining three-point fixes on the range. All of the landmarks not located by triangulation were cut in, and a list is attached. Permanent topographic marks were put in at intervals of about one mile and the descriptions of the stations are attached. As your circular letter was not received until the middle of March, after the first seven sheets had been completed, the sheets were taken to the field again, to rod in sections of shore line. In addition to the topography, the triangulation stations, falling on the sheets, were recovered, and in a few cases, the descriptions were revised according to the changes that had taken place.

SHEETS As the circular letter supplemented the written instructions of December 5th, 1933, your instructions in regard to leaving the cuts on the sheets could not be complied with in full, as most of the sheets had been cleaned up, although wherever it was possible, the cuts were freshened up. The range lines were inked and their bearings were taken off the sheets by a three-arm steel protractor. Alongside of each hydrographic signal, its description was printed and sketched, so as to enable any party to locate these signals quickly. There was no field sketching done on the sheets.
All recoverable hydrographic, topographic, and the triangulation stations were indicated by red dots. The hydrographic and topographic stations were indicated by red circles, while the triangulation stations were indicated by red equilateral triangles.

On the magnetic meridians, there was printed the time of day, the date, and the station at which the meridian was obtained.

U. S. Coast & Geodetic Survey topographic stations were labeled "Stand" with the names of the station alongside of it. U. S. Engineer Stations were labeled "Engineer Stand".

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**Vertical Control:**

As these sheets are intended primarily for aerial photo control and for locating hydrographic signals, no attempt was made at vertical control.

**Geographic Names:**

The geographic names are correct as charted.

**Changes in Prominent Objects:**

Johnson Creek Beacons Nos. 1, 2, and 4 were relocated by plane table method and described.

Mud River Front Ranges Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 6, and Mud River Rear Ranges Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6, were relocated by plane table methods and described.

The descriptions of Mud River Ranges differ considerably from the descriptions given in our latest Inside Route Pilot (1931).

The descriptions of these ranges were written underneath their positions on sheets "G" and "H" as stipulated in your circular letter of the middle of March in regard to all landmarks.

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Approved: Herman Odess
Chief of Party

Respectfully submitted, Erwin Shufle, Jr.
Observer.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
<th>Description of Object</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tall</td>
<td>31 46 1574.9</td>
<td>81 09 803.3</td>
<td>See Form 524, Description of Topographic Station.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Try</td>
<td>31 47 1021.8</td>
<td>81 10 1176.8</td>
<td>See Form 524, Description of Topographic Station.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following determined objects are prominent, can be readily distinguished from seaward from the description given below, and should be charted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>POSITION</th>
<th>DATUM</th>
<th>METHOD OF DETERMINATION</th>
<th>CHARTS AFFECTED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beacon No. 3</td>
<td>31 47</td>
<td>742.0</td>
<td>81 10</td>
<td>724.0 NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bear River</td>
<td>31 46</td>
<td>296.0</td>
<td>81 10</td>
<td>356.8 NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A list of objects which are of sufficient prominence for use on the charts, together with a description of the same, must be furnished in a special report on this form, and a copy of such report must be attached by the Chief of Party to his descriptive report. The selection, determination, and description of these points are of primary importance.

The description of each object should be short, but such as will identify it: for example, standpipe, water tower, church spire, tank, tall stack, red chimney, radio mast, etc. Generally, flagstaffs and like objects are not sufficiently permanent to chart.